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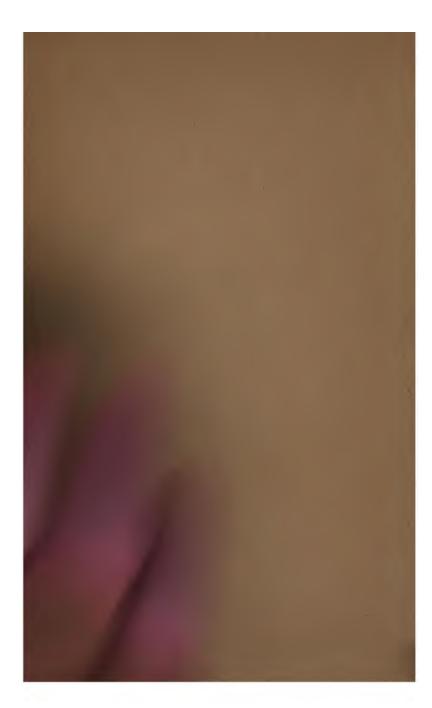




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FROM

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WILEY AND PUTNAM'S

LIBRARY OF

CHOICE READING.

DIARY OF LADY WILLOUGHBY.

This they tirk and Taluen

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SO MUCH OF THE

DIARY OF LADY WILLOUGHBY,

AS RELATES TO HER

DOMESTIC HISTORY,

AND TO THE EVENTFUL PERIOD OF THE REIGN OF

CHARLES THE FIRST.

NEW YORK: WILEY AND PUTNAM, 161 BROADWAY.

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PUBLISHERS' ADVERTISEMENT

TO THE

DIARY OF LADY WILLOUGHBY.

THE following intimation "To the Reader," appears in the second London edition of this work, of which the following is the first American reprint.

"The style of Printing and general appearance of this Volume have been adopted by the Publishers merely to be in accordance with the design of the Author, who in this Work personates a lady of the seventeenth Century."

This is an unmasking of the character assumed at the first publication, when the reader was left to solve his own doubts as to the authenticity of the work as an ancient The peculiarity and quaintness of the original edition, in the quarto form, with ribbed paper and antique type, drew attention to the work as a literary curiosity. Part of these characteristics, the Capitals, Italics, and the Old Spelling, have been retained in the present copy. After gratifying the Antiquarians, as a literary curiosity, it was found that the book had too much in it of taste, character. feeling, and genuine popular interest, to be shut up in the cabinets of the virtuosos. A second edition was soon called for, and appeared in a less costly style. Here the work takes its appropriate place in the "Library of Choice" Reading," as a Popular Classic. Where natural simple feeling, pure piety, the unaffected womanly thoughts of a daughter, wife, mother, are valued, and the more for being elevated from the sphere of common life by association with one of the most spirit-stirring scenes of the past, the great English Revolution, this Diary of Lady Willoughby cannot fail to be appreciated.

"This book," says the London Examiner, "has been taken for a truth by not uninstructed readers, and for something much better than a pretence it well deserves to stand. Perhaps it has more of the vrai than the vraisemblable. It is curious in what a number of small points the writer (evidently a woman) has left herself open to detection. But she had got to the heart of her subject. The real Lady Willoughby could not have left a more beautiful, a more affecting, or a more instructive record.

"It is of the simplest possible design; being a picture of the domestic life of a young married woman in the first fourteen years of her marriage. And its pleasures and pains; that blending of welcome and cheerful responsibilities with trembling and tearful enjoyments, which marks the transition from maidenhood to wifehood and motherhood; were never drawn with a hand of more exquisite delicacy.

"When we open the book, we more than suspect the modern authorship; but we close it with the feeling that, be it fact or fiction, we have undergone the discipline of a real experience. A commonplace imitation of a Diary in the days of the Civil Wars, would have smelt of blood, and smoked with the fury of contending factions. It was, on the other hand, better known to this writer—that in the thick of the most frightful convulsions, the current of domestic life flows peacefully; and that, sway the tide of battle which way it will, human existence is held together by its old and only tenure of earnest thoughts and quiet affections."

SOME PASSAGES

FROM THE

DIARY OF LADY WILLOUGHBY.

1635.

Arose at my usual houre, six of the clock, for the first time since the birth of my little Sonne; opened the Casement, and look'd forth upon the Park; a herd of Deer May 12, pass'd bye, leaving the traces of their Footsteps in Tuesday. the dewy Grasse. The Birds sang, and the Air was sweet with the Scent of the Wood-binde and the fresh Birch Took down my Bible; found the Mark at the 103d Psalm; read the same, and return'd Thanks to Almighty God that he had brought me safely through my late Peril and Extremity, and in his great Bountie had given me a deare little One. Pray'd him to assist me by his Divine Grace in the right Performance of my new and sacred Duties: truly I am a young Mother, and need Help. Sent a Message to my Lord, that if it so pleased him, I would take Breakfast with him in the Blue Parlour. At noon walked out on the South Terrace; the two Greyhounds came leaping towards me: divers household Affaires in the course of the Day; enough wearied when Night came.

Had a disturbed Night, and rose late, not down till after seven; Thoughts wandering at Prayers. The May 19, Chaplain detained us after Service to know our Tuesday. Pleasure concerning the Christening; my Lord

doth wish nothing omitted that should seem proper to signify his Respect for that religious Ordinance which admits his Child into the outward and visible Church of Christ, and give honour to his firste born Sonne. During Breakfast we gave the Subject much Consideration. My Husband doth not desire him to be named after himself, but rather after his Father; his brother William therefore bearing his name will stand Godfather. All being at last brought to a satisfactory conclusion: he went forth with the Chaplain and gave his orders according therewith, I doing the same in my smaller capacity: he for whom was all this care lying unconsciously in his Nurse's arms.

Messenger from Wimbledon. My deare and honoured Mother writes that she doth at present intend setting forth on Monday: gave orders for the East Chamber to be prepared. The day being fine walked down to the Dairy; told Cicely to make Cheese as often as will suit, the whey being much approved by my Mother. The brindled Cow calved yesterday: Calf to be reared, as Cicely tells me the mother is the best milker we have. Daisy grows and promises to be a fine Cow: praised Cicely for the cleane and orderly state of all under her care; she is a good clever Lasse. As I returned to the house mett my Lord, who had come to seeke me; two Strangers with him: thought as he drew near how comely was his countenance: he advanced a pace or two before the others, took my hand, and pressed it to his Lips as he turned and introduced me to Sir Arthur Hazelrigge and the Lord Brooke: methought the latter very pleasing, of gracefull carriage, and free from any courtly foppery and extravagance in his apparel. They presently renew'd their conversation respecting New England. Lord Brooke and Lord Say and Sels' have sent over Mr. George Fenwicke to purchase land and commence building: there is talk of Mr. John Hampden joining them. Lord Brooke discoursed at length on the admirable qualities and excellent attainements of the late Lord, his cousin,

who did come by a cruell death, being murdered by his servant through a jealousy he entertained that his past services were neglected. Some Members of my Lords Family knew him well, and did see much of him when Sir Fulke Greville; he was really esteemed by many, but known chiefly as the Friend and Lover of Sir Philip Sydney, whose early Death was mourned by all England; and whose like may not againe be look'd upon. He left directions their friendship should be recorded on his Tomb, as may be seene in Warwick Church: Fulke Greville Servant to Queen Elizabeth Counsellor to King James and Friend to Sir Philip Sydney.

Most unhappy in mind this day; temper sorely tried, and feelings of resentment at what did appeare unkind

May 25, conduct in another, were too visibly expressed in

Monday. manner and countenance, though I did refraine
from words.

Slept last night in very Wearinesse of Weeping; and awaken'd this morning with a feeling of Hopelessnesse; and ill at ease myselfe, methought every May 26, Thing around seemed melancholy; Truth and Tuesday. Affection doubted, Shortcomings hardly judged of ; this is an unlook'd for triall. The Sun shone brightly through the open Window, but it seem'd not to shine for me: I took my Bible to read therein my usuall Portion; and kneel'd down to pray, but could only weep: thoughts of my Mother's tender love arose, and the Trust on either side that had been unbroken between us. Remembering an outward Composure must be attain'd unto before I could go down to breakfast, washed my eyes, and let the fresh aire blow upon my face: felt I was a poor dissembler, having had heretofore but little trouble of heart to conceal: mett my Husband in the Corridor with Lord Brooke, and well nigh lost my Selfe-command when he gave a kindly pressure of my Hand as he led me down stairs. This Evening how different does all appeare; and though this and some other late Experiences occasion me to perceave that Life is not so calm a Sea as it once did seeme in my ignorance of humane Nature; slight Breezes may ruffle it, and unseene Rocks may give a Shock to the little Shipp: haply the Mariner will learn to steer his course, and not feare Shipwreck from every accident.

My deare Mother arrived at Noon: she was fatigued, and retired to her Chamber, first coming with me to the Nursery to see her Grandson; he was awake, and June 4. smiling; she took him in her arms and look'd Thursday. fendly on him. It is a sweet Child, my Daughter: may the Lord have you both in his safe Keeping now and evermore. My Mother's Blessing from her own Lips, how precious. much commends my nursing him; and would not for my own sake I should lose so greate satisfaction. I attended her to her Room, where Mabel was in waiting: deare kind old Mabel, I was well pleased to see her, and kiss'd her as I was wont when a Girl; and so did spoile a most respectfull curtesie to my Ladyship. Deare Mother look'd round the room pleased therewith; and with such small Comforts as I had been enabled to provide, which she hath at home. This Day hath been one of much Happinesse: Returned heart-felt Thanks to God for his loving Kindnesse and tender Mercy; read the 23rd Psalm; my Cup doth indeed run over.

The House full of Company since the Christening; and I have felt too weary at Night to do more than collect my Thoughts for Devotion. To-day many have left; and my *Husband* doth purpose to begin his Journey to-morrow. My *Mother* with me, he leaveth Home with more ease of Mind.

My deare Lord set forth at a little past six, with only one Serving-man, who had a led Horse and one to carry the baggage. After they had rode some way, June 19, they stopp'd, and my Lord dismounted, and taking a Friday. short cut through the Park, came up to the Window where I had remain'd to watch his Departure: he bade me call the Steward, gave him some directions; then telling me to keep up a good heart, took another tender Leave. and followed by Armstrong, returned to the spot where were the Horses; and he mounting the led Horse, they were soon out of Old Britton seemed to understand he was not to follow his Master, and came and reared himselfe up to the Window, resting his Fore-paws on the stone: I patted his broad Head, and questioned not that he felt as I did, that his best Friend was gone: tooke a few turns with him on the Terrace; the Mist cleared off the distant Woods and Fields, and I plainly discern'd the Towers of Framlingham Castle, and could heare the pleasant sound of the Scythe cutting through the thick Grasse in the fields nearest, and the Cuckoo, as she fled slowly from hedge to hedge.

Have been greatly fatigued the past Day or two: it is a serious Charge to be left head over so large a Household, but it availeth not to be over carefull. John Arm-June 27, strong knoweth his Lord's Pleasure in most things. Saturday. and is honest and faithfull: and the Chaplain will keep some oversight; and his Counsel in Difficulties, should such arise, may be depended on, though he hath not John's Experience in the Family and its Requirements. My Room last night look'd lonely; and Baby sleeping somewhat uneasily, I sent for Nurse, who stay'd till we were comfortably asleep. I think to have a Truckle Bed made up for her; the Room is spa-Read to-night in St. John, chapter 5, and the 93d Psalm. cious.

Feare at times that my Mind is too much busied with the cares of this World; find I shorten the time which I had appointed for Retirement and Self-examination, July 5, vet is this latter Exercise much needed: outwardly I Sunday. may appear striving to perform my daily Duties well and circumspectly, but others know not the secret Faults of the Heart; the indolence, the imperfect Soul-lesse performances of Religious Duties: the obtruding of Selfish motives into what may seeme acts of Kindnesse or Charity. Often doth the verse of the 51st Psalm come to my remembrance, Against Thee, Thee only have I sinned, and done this evil in Thy sight. And now that I am a Mother it behoveth me still more to maintaine the Worke of inward Self-discipline. Even at my little Child's tender age, he is sensibly affected by the Feelings apparent in the Faces of those around him: yesterday it happened as I nursed him, that I being vexed by some trifling matters that were not done as I had desired, the disturbed Expression of my Countenance so distressed him that he uttered a complaining Cry; made happy by a smile and the more serene aspect that affection called forth, he nestled his little Face again in my Bosom, and did soon fall asleep. It doth seeme a trifling thing to note, but it teacheth the Necessity of Watchfulnesse; and if this Duty is especially called for in our Conduct towards the Young, or indeed towards all, is it not more so when we consider there is One who seeth the Heart, and whose eye will not behold iniquity?

Quiet Day, sitting the greater part thereof at my Embroidery,
my Mother beside me knitting. We had much
July 7, pleasant Converse: she encouraged me to perseTuesday. vere in the diligent performance of daily Duties
whatsoever they may be; a good Wife, she sayd,
should make it her chief desire to keep a well-order'd Family. My want of Experience, she kindly added, make some things

irksome and perplexing, which will cease to be the case after a while, when lesse time will suffice for their performance, and more opportunity afforded for rest of Body and Mind. She bade me not be cast down, or be discouraged by some mischances; and so comforted me. In the evening we paced for some time up and down the Terrace. The Moon arose above the old Oak Tree: my Mother seemed greatly to enjoy the Scene. I repeated aloud the 19th and part of the 92d Psalmes; and we entered the house: she looked chill, and I hastened to warm her with some spiced Wine, which I took with a manchet of Bread for her Supper. As I gave Baby his last Meal for the night, my Heart was lifted up in Gratitude for the Mercy extended to me: he looked beautifull, and put his soft Hand to my Face caressingly, his eyes full of Contentment and Affection looking into mine: May it ever be present with me, that this small delicate Frame is the earthly Tabernacle of a Soul to be trained for Immortality.

Busy in the Still-room this forenoon; put the dried Rose-leaves in paper bags. Alice was picking the Rosemary, July 15, and I sat down to help her. She says the under Wednesday. House-maid complains of ill treatment, particulars not worth writing of; her pretty Face gains too much of the good-will of the Men and the ill-will of the Women: mentioned the Matter to the Chaplain, who saith he will add a few words of suitable exhortation at the conclusion of the Evening Service. Bade Alice take heed there should be a good store of Chamomile-flowers and Poppy-heads, and of Mint water; our poore Neighbours look to us for such: gave her my Mother's recipe for Hungary Water and the Conserve of Hips.

John took the Yarn to the Weaver's, and brought back Flax, Spices, and Sugar. The Stage Waggon had not arrived when he left *Ipswich*, and there was no package from *London*.

My Lord was to send Hangings for the large Drawing Room; but it matters not.

A Day of many small Vexations, no sooner one mended than another appeareth: wearied Body and Mind, and July 18, yet I would humbly trust my Spirit was more quiet Saturday. under the same than sometimes hath beene the case: no Letter or Message from my Husband.

Tried to collect my thoughts for Reading and Devotion, once strongly tempted to omit both, under the plea of Wearinesse and Unfitnesse, but resisted: read the 10th chapter of St. Luke, Martha, Martha, &c.: acknowledged and bewailed my Weaknesse. The sight of the young Face in the Cradle sent me to bed gratefull and happy.

The last day of my Mother's Sojourn: to-morrow she setts forth into Rutlandshire; and there will remaine some Weeks before she returns to Wimbledon. My August 3, Lord Noel hath engaged to meet her at Huntingdon. Monday. May I be sensible of the greate Comfort and Happinesse in that I have been favoured to have my deare Mother so long with me: many sweet seasons of quiet Meditation, and affectionate Intercourse have been vouchsafed: Words expressive of her owne humble and steadfast Faith, of Thankesgiving and Praise, fell from her Lippes; and precious Counsell and kind Incouragement to me: to-night as I knelt before her, my Infant in my Arms, she laid her Hand upon my Head, and stroking it fondly said: Deare Child, may that little one be a Crown of rejoycing to thee as thou art to me; lead him early to God, my Daughter; to the God who has given him unto thee. Deare Mother!

Early in the fore-noon my honoured and deare Mother took

her Departure: Let me think more of meeting
August 4, againe than of the present payne of Parting.

Tuesday. Some lines of Ben Jonson I do remember are sweetely written to this effecte, they were given me by a young Friend at parting, who I believe was lesse indifferent towardes me, than I to him:

That Love's a bitter sweet I ne'er conceive
Till the sower Minute comes of taking leave,
And then I taste it: But as Men drinke up
In hast the bottom of a medicin'd Cup,
And take some sirrup after, soe do I
To put all relish from my Memorie
Of parting, drowne it in the hope to meet
Shortly againe; and make our Absence sweet.

Beloved Mother, the losse of her presence maketh my home lonely: but I have Work to doe, and ill should I show my Love for her if it remains neglected.

Rose before six: sought the Blessing of the Lord upon my daily Path; read the 51 chap. Isaiah, and 2d St August 17, Luke. Baby well: John Armstrong requested to Monday. see me concerning the Harvest-supper. My Lord still absent putteth me to much Trouble: the Harvest is nearly got in, only the Home-field remaines to be carted: Armstrong will take care enough as to the Supper; but the People will be disappointed unlesse I can prevail on William Willoughby to take his Brother's Place; hee stands high in favour with our Neighbours, and the same with our owne People; and if he could bring with him his young Kinsfolk, wee should not faile of Merriment.

Walked down to the Keeper's Lodge: Old Bridget suffers from the rhewmatickes; bid her send to the Hall for a Plaister

and some Flannel: did my endeavours to persuade her that the same would bee of greater service than the Charm given her by Dame Stitchley; though as she would not consent to leave it off, doubtlesse it will gaine all the credit, should Bridget's aches and paynes seem to amend. As I returned saw Horsemen coming up the Avenue, made such haste as I could: Tydings of my deare Lord; but hee knows not when he can sett his face Home-wards; desireth mee to write by these Messengers: they did stay only to rest their Horses. He speaks much in his Letter of a Painter named Vandyck, who stands in great Favour at Court. The King, the Princes, and the Princesse Mary have sat to him: The Ladies crowd to his Painting-room desirous to see themselves perpetuated by his gracefull Pencil.

The Steward from Stixwood-manor hath arrived: my Lord is much wanted to visit his Estates in Lincolnshire; August 27, and Mr. Legh has businesse of various sorts to settle Thursday. before Michaelmass-day; but by none is he so greatly desired as by his faithfull and loving Wife.

My Inexperience makes the present Charge burthensome, and I ever fear doing wrong, or omitting that which should bee attended to.

Baby grows finely, and sheweth already a masterfull Spirit; he provides Work for my Needle, now the time is come that he should bee short-coated.

Arose this Morning rejoycing in the hope that before the day closed my dearest Lord would be safely returned:

August 29, the Day seemed long, but I had at last the comSaturday. fort of seeing him who is possessor of my Heart's truest Affection arrive in health. He thought little Billy much improved: how happy were we in our quiet Home.

Surely the Lines have fallen to me in pleasant Places.

The heavy Raine of late hath made much sicknesse to abound. Through mercy our Family are preNov. 24, served in Health; and Baby has cut a tooth,

Tuesday. discovered this morning by the spoon knocking against it.

One *Thomas Parr* is dead at a wonderfull greate age, being, it is said 150 yeares old. The Earle of *Arundell* had him brought to *Whitehall*, and the change did shortly affect his Health: no marvel, poore old Man, he would have beene better pleased, methinks, to have beene lett alone.

1635-6.

THE Hollanders have sent an Embassy and a noble Present on the occasion of the Queene having another Daugh-January. ter: there are rare pieces of China and Paintings, one by Tytian.

There is talk of a By-poste from Wickham, to join the North Poste, which is expected to run night and day betweene Edinburgh and London, to go thither and come back againe in six days: Men and Horses will scarce be found to doe this.

Young Mr. Gage is put into the Bastille. The Earle of
Leycester hath kindly written to his Mother;
Feb. 23, he being Ambassador at this time she did apply to
Tuesday. him for help in this troublous Affaire.

June 6, Baby walked a few steppes alone, and did seem Monday. greatly pleased thereat, as were his Parents.

These Lines repeated by one at supper-time, who hath met with divers Mischances in his life:

The Fortunate have whole Yeares,

And those they chose:
But the Unfortunate have only Dayes,
And those they lose.

At Dinner near twenty People; some remain till next week:

Sept. 2. young Harry Vane, the Lord Brooke and others,

Priday My Husband brought me a Muff, and a Fan of

Ostrich-feathers, and Sir *Philip Sydneys Arcadia*; the latter most suited to my taste: it is said the *King* doth hold this Worke in high esteeme.

In looking back upon the last few dayes, I have to confesse in deep Humiliation of Spirit, that I have beene led away by a foolish vanitie, to take too much Plea-Sept. 6, sure in the Admiration of others, unworthy the Dig-Tuesday. nity of a Wife or a Mother: truly it is sayd, the Heart is deceitfull above all things, and desperately wicked. For such share of Comeliness as the Creator's Hand hath bestowed upon me. I would not that I should find therein food for Pride, or Selfe-satisfaction, beyond that it had found Favour in my Lord's Eyes, he who hath taken me to his Heart's true and pure Affection. I am his in all true Loyalty of Affection, and he doubteth not my Heart's Purity; but methought a shade of Regret pass'd over his noble Countenance, as he beheld the Wife whom hee delighted to love and to honour, so carried away by trifling and vanitie. And lett me not, in this Selfexamination and searching of my inmost Heart, seek to hide from myselfe that when he bade me good night at the Doore of my Closet, instead of lingering at my side, as is his wont, a feeling of Resentment arose, and as I enter'd and closed the Doore, thoughts of Self-justification presented themselves: but Conscience prevailed, and placed my Conduct in its true light: Selfe-reproach is hard to beare; not long since, and I did think no Trial as regards others soe great as to meet with Injustice, but to be the cause of grieving another's Affection, and to feel lower'd in the Esteeme of one who hath beene ever readye to think more highly of me than I deserve; this is grievous to mee, and maketh me seeme hateful in my owne eyes. I humbled myselfe before the Lord, and pray'd that I might become more watchfull, and strive daily to follow the Example of Him who was meeke and lowly of Hearte.

Beloved *Husband*, thy generous Love will forgive thy poore humbled Wife, who does in truth love thee, and reverence thy goodnesse.

Let me not permit the Circumstances of the last few days to passe from my Remembrance untill the Fault committed, and the Sorrow arising therefrom, have duly impress'd my mind: 1st, In the clearer insight Thursday. into this weake point of my Character, may I henceforth take more heede to my Ways: and 2ndly, with the Perception of how slight are the beginnings of Evill, as my deare Mother saith, if the Desire of Praise take possession of the Hearte, it becometh insatiable, and doth eat away the root of all noble and generous Feeling; and even in lesse degree gives a feverish restlessnesse, that leaves not the Mind and affections free to spring up in strength and beauty, seeking onely the Happinesse of others. My deare Husband's Gentlenesse hath greatly endeared him to mee; may it be my constant Endeavour, by all dutifull Affection, to render myselfe more worthy his Esteeme and Love.

After having pass'd a week in Lincolnshire wee are return'd Home. When at Lincoln my Lord tooke me Sept. 17, to the Cathedral, and show'd mee the Tomb of Saturday. his late Father, who died in that Citie in the yeare 1617. After him our little Sonne is named William: Nurse says Baby has not been well for some days past, she thinks he is about his teeth.

Baby ill, restlesse and feverish, sent off a Messenger to Ipswich for the Phisitian there.

My poore Child worse; he takes scarce any nourishment, and suffers greate paine; he looks up so piteously as if for

help from those around him. The *Chaplaine* mentioned him by name at Prayers: this startled me: seeing others believe him so ill, my fears encrease.

No better to-day: I dare not think: Strength and Spirit needed to the utmost; for he likes no one so well Sept. 21, to nurse him, and hath ever a sweet Smile when Wednesday. I come againe after a short absence. Oh God, spare him to me; give mee not this bitter cup.

Weeks have pass'd and I am childlesse: yett doe I seeme as one not awaken'd from a frightfull dream. My Child, my Child.

The Fever hath left me weak: I dare not looke back, and there is nothing now left me to looke forward to.

Oct. 23. O Mother, my Heart is well nigh broken; how Sunday. is it that I live? shall I ever be able to say, It is the Lord, lett him doe what seemeth unto him good. I thought to write downe some particulars of the Patience and Sweetnesse, the Smile of Recognition when the parch'd Lipps could not speake, but I cannot: he is out of payne, and I thank God for that.

Sat this morning for long with the Bible before me, thoughts too distracted to read; at last turn'd to the History of Oct. 25. the Shunamite woman; Alas! no Prophet was here Tuesday. to give me back my Sonne, and, alas! neither could I say unto the Lord, It is well, when he tooke from me his precious Gift. Bear with me, O mercifull Father; thou knowest the anguish of my Heart, and thou alone canst enable me to say Thy will, not mine, be done.

My deare Mother writes to comfort me, but a sorrow is now

mine, in which even she cannot give Comfort: She urgeth me to take care of my health for the sake of others: but what is Life to me now? Yet will I try to beare in minde her Injunctions, though with a heavy Heart, and with more than indifference to the Prospect before me. I turn away from the thought of looking upon another Infant's face; all love for a Child is in the Grave; yet not in the Grave; it liveth in Heaven, my precious Child, with thy blessed Spirit: let me not speak in bitternesse of a triall sent me by the Almighty Hand.

Oft times I seeme to have no power of giving my Mind to Prayer or Meditation, but walke about the house, or sitt down Oct. 26, with a Booke or Needlework before me allmost with-Wednesday. out consciousnesse and well-nigh without life. What doe all past Trialls and Vexations appeare, now a burthen of Sorrow is layd upon me, I am unable to beare? I had known Grief and Disappointment, and already in my short experience of life had learnt that this State of Existence is onely a Preparation for happinesse hereafter, not happinesse itselfe: But a precious Gift came from Heaven, my beautifull Child smil'd on me; I held it to my Heart, and did think it was my ewne: What greate evil have I done in thy sight, O God, that thou hast thus stricken me?

At Prayers my Lord was sensibly affected by hearing the words Suffer little Children to come unto me, and Oct. 27, forbid them not: for of such is the Kingdome of Thursday. Heaven: the beholding him thus overcome by strong emotion, led me to consider my owne Conduct, and I do feare me, I have been very selfish in the indulgence of my own Sorrow, too regardlesse of him who equally with me hath lost the deare Sonne of his Love, and who doth ever strive to strengthen and support me, and would fain lead me to take an Interest in our family Concerns, and in the Well-

fare of our Neighbours, albeit Grief lieth heavy on his Heart. I felt another Reproof in his Looke of tendernesse and commiseration, as at our mid-day meal I sent away the plate the food untasted: I roused myselfe to exertion, and was repay'd the effort when his Eye rested on me approvingly. The Servants left the room, he took my Arm within his, and we walked to and fro in sweet and solemn Silence: my Heart, which had been strangely shut up, melted within me, when he utter'd a few gentle Words; and I felt there was yet something left to live for: Surely to him was due the poore remaining Powers of my Mind and Affections.

Arose this morning with mind more composed than for some time past. Cicely's Mother ill, and I went down to Oct. 29, see her: She is a bright Example of Patience, her Saturday. Trialls and Sufferings have beene manifold, bodily pain the least, has lost three Children in infancy and one daughter grown up: and yet, can it be, has known still deeper sorrow.

Return'd through the Park: never saw the Chestnuts and Beeches more beautiful in their autumn tints, the fallen leaves crushed pleasantly beneath my Feet, the Sun was setting before I was aware, and the Aire grew suddenly chill. Taking the nearest way, I entered the house by a side door, and there beneath the old Mulberry saw the little Cart and Whip as they had beene left by my poore Child the last day he was out, when he look'd so tired, and I carried him in. I stooped and took up the Whip, and hiding it beneath my cloke, went straight up stairs: no Hand had touched it since his: the teares I wept over it did me good: it seemed my innocent right to weep over this Token of my lost one.

Health and strength mend: make a point of walking in the Long Gallery whensoever the weather ad.

Nov. 14, mits not of my going out; while so employed repeat Monday. Psalms and other Portions of Holy Writ, therein finding profitable Subjects of Meditation and peaceful Thoughts: Often has been brought to my Mind the Text I was brought low, and he helped me: now is my deare Mother's Care repaid, in the Help I find it to have by me such recollection of the Lessons she taught.

My early habits in the morning have been sadly interrupted: frequent restlesse nights, often sleeplesse for hours together, and awakening languid and ill at ease; Nov. 15. often in the long nights, my Fancy is disquieted in Tuesday. looking forward to again becoming a Mother, and that ere long, least haply the Infant nourished beneath a heart so saddened by Grief, should, if permitted to enter on existence, be deprived of that Joyfullnesse of nature which is the Birthright of the young Spirit; but whatever may be the Ordering of my Heavenly Father, let me submit; too often have I rebelled against his just Appointments. In the words of the Psalmist, let me pray, Enter not into judgement with thy Servant, O Lord, my Spirit is overwhelmed within me: my Heart within me is desolate: hide not thy Face from me: in thee do I trust.

1636-7.

ONCE more with a gratefull Heart doe I record the Mercy of our Heavenly Father, in that he hath permitted his January 12, unworthy Servant to live to behold the face of Thursday, another Little One. Yet now must I rejoyce with trembling over a Being so fraile: the fulnesse and brightnesse of a young Mother can never againe be my Experience, since that joy has bene the Source of a Suffering and Agony never to be forgotten. Death follow'd into the Habitation wherein Life had just took up its abode. short space of time can the Heart recover such Dispensations, and in the Excellency of no after joys can it ever forget the stroke that first destroyed its sweetest Hopes: Death once seene at our hearth leaveth a Shaddow which abideth there for ever. During the long period of Sicknesse that has beene my portion, I have endeavour'd through the Divine Grace, profitably to employ the solitary Houres, and doe now see much Mercy in the return to Health being graduall. needfull Quiett led me to seek a Spirituall Communion, whereby I humbly hope I am the better fitted for the Performance of the several Duties of Life, trusting not in my owne Strength, that truly would be a broken reed. Lord! thy rod and thy staff they comfort me: yea, even the rod, though it hath smitten me to the earth.

The Christening is to be next weeke: the name, after some difficulty in deciding thereon, fixed to be Diana.

January 13, But few of our Relations are asked this time to Friday. be present; to both of us the ceremony will give

rise to melancholly thought. Overheard Nurse telling one of the Women that at the former Christening the Infant cried not: there is a Country Saying, that a Child which crieth not when sprinkled in Baptism will not live.

We walked down to the Village at an early houre, just in time to see the Procession of the May-pole, which was adorned with Ribbons and Garlands: Lads 1637. and Lasses were at their merry Games, the Queene, May Day. in her holie-day Finery and Crowne of floures, looking happier than the Wearer of the real Crown, I ween: groups of Old People looking on: for a while there was a lack of Young Men and Maidens: but a number shortly appeared as Robin Hood, Maid Marien, &c. Methought some of the Elder Folks look'd grave, and at one side of the Green a stern looking man, dressed in a loose Coat, and a high crown'd hat, with the hair cut close, had collected a good many round him, and was holding forth in a loud harsh tone. Husband left me, and went towards them: after listening a few minutes to the Discourse, he made as though he would speak; but mett with discourteous reception, and return'd with a smile on his face, saying, The Speaker look'd on his long curl'd Locks, and lace Ruffs with too great Abhorrence to think him worthy his Notice, and onely went on with the more Bitternesse to set forth the diabolical Wickednesse of the Dance and the Vanity of all such Amusements. I sate mee down by old Bridget, who had hobbled down in spite of her reumaticke paynes: poore Smythe too had crept out, wan and feeble from ague. After a while, the sport seeming to flag, my Lord offer'd to head a party at Prison-bars, and was cordially greeted, and William Willoughby coming up with a Sonne of Sir Robert Crane and one or two more young Men, the game was sett on with great spiritt. Ale and Victual's came down from the Hall and other Quarters, and I left the Greene. There was no want of

Merriment the rest of the day: and the Preacher and his Party remained not long to interfere with the usuall Proceedings.

The dear Child thrives apace: againe and againe I looke at
her in the Cradle and say, Lord, spare this one unto
June 1, me. I have thought myselfe resigned to my Losse;
Thursday. howbeit, a Weight is on my Spiritt that no Effort or
Time has yet shaken off: will it ever be thus?
Young as I am, is Hope so blighted that it will never more unfold its faire Blossom? Let me not indulge these Meditations:
but be willing to take up my Crosse dayly, and follow after
Christ. He hath promised to make the Burthen light to such
as come to him.

Hope that I have latterly made some Progresse in the subduing Selfe, so far as attaining unto a greater desire to give up my own will to that of others, and conform June 27, to their pleasure; more especially his who hath Tuesday. rightfull Claim to my dutifull Obedience and Companionship in those matters that interest him; herein onely can true Satisfaction be found in wedded Life: may I every day more and more seeke to find Satisfaction and Pleasure in those Things wherein he is concerned. At noon to-day we walk'd down to the Sheep-Shearing: the poor Sheep struggle at the first against their fate, but how quietly do they submit in the end: the Lambs did keep up a continued Bleating; it is a marvell how they find out their owne Mothers, who come back to them so changed. One large Ram butted with such force against one of the younger Lads that he push'd him into the Water: much laughter thereat, and many a passing Joke we heard on his overthrow. On our way home two curley-headed Children presented us with Posies of Gilliflowers and Cowslip tufts, of which they had their aprons full: bade them go up to the Hall with them: we gave them a Silver Groat, which they look'd at with some perplexity, but curtsied and thank'd us with trustfull Countenances: the youngest one, strong made and active, look'd not much older than our sweet Child might have now bene, had he lived.

Late in the day Mr. Gage rode up: he tells us Mr. John

Hampden hath refused the late demand for ShipJuly 19, money: Discontent increasing everywhere. The

Wednesday. proceedings of the Starre Chamber against Pryme
and others have roused the whole country, even
many who before tooke not part with the Malcontents doe now
expresse their Abhorrence of this Tyranny. My Husband will
go to London straightway.

With a heavy heart saw my deare Lord depart this forenoon:

Armstrong accompanying him as farr as Ipswich:

July 24, Struggled against desponding Thoughts, and passed

Monday. some time in the Nursery, to give myselfe Occupation of Mind as well as Hands. After a Walk on the

Terrace, went to Alice's Room: she hath long beene ailing: sate
some while with her, to cheer her, as I knew she would take to
hearte this voyage to London, which Place, in her eyes, doth
abound with all manner of Wickednesse and Danger.

To-night John Armstrong returned, bearing me a kind Farewell from his Master. He sayth that Mr. John July 25, Hampden's Refusal is greatly talked about: like-Monday. wise it is rumour'd the Lord Say hath refused the Demand for Ship-money with equal pertinatiousnesse. Armstrong stopp'd as he pass'd through Wickham at the Blacksmith's, the Head-quarters of News and Country Gossip: he there met with a Packman, who says there be terrible Tumults in the North: at Edenburgh the Bishop well nigh killed, Stones and other Missiles thrown at him in the Pulpit, so soon as he commenced reading the Prayer Booke, as ordered

in Council: on leaving the Church he was cast down and nearly trod to death. Some say the King is like to go to Edenburgh to settle these matters in person with the Presbytery.

Tidings of my Lord: he keeps well in health: he saith
Judgement in Mr. Hampden's cause is deferAugust 3, red till next Term: two of the Judges are on his
Thursday.

Baby well: have some Thoughts of weaning her, my own strength failing: but put it off day after day, it is hard to dismisse her from the food and warmth which have been hers by right so long, and break this first Bond of Companionship and mutual Dependence.

1638-9.

Since Judgement hath beene given against Mr. Hampden, my deare Husband hath had divers Conferences with Date the Lords Say and Brooke, respecting their leaving wanting. the Country. One Mr. Oliver Cromwell they speak of, as much stirr'd by the unhappy state of Affaires, and they have found him to be a man of shrewd Judgement, and possessing greate Energy and Determination.

The King at Yorke: and has required the Nobility and Officers to take an Oath that they do abhorr all Rebellions, and especially such as do arise out of Religion. The Lords Say and Brooke refusing to take the same, have been dismiss'd to their homes. The King proceedeth to Berwick, there to meet the Scotch Deputies.

Much Discontent that the King calleth no Parliament.

1639-40.

My first thoughts are due to thee, O Heavenly Father, who hast mercifully permitted the past Yeare to close and the January 1, present to open upon us, a thankfull and happy Fa-Wednesday. mily: Graciously accept my imperfect Thanksgiving, and the Adoration of a Heart which I with unfeigned humility anew dedicate to thee. By the Aide of thy Holy Spirit lead me every day I live to love thee more worthily and serve thee more acceptably. May I truly repent of my manifold Transgressions, my Pride, my rebellious Spirit which hath too often struggled against the just Appointments of thy Providence: do thou, O God, renew a right Spiritt within me. Lord, thou hast made mee to be a Mother, O yet spare the sweet Children thou hast given unto me: and may I never lose sight of the Duty which is entrusted to me; but so train them that they may be all gathered into thy Fold, at the greate Day of Account. May thy Blessing rest upon them, upon my Husband, and on all deare unto us. And to thy fatherly Care, thy Wisdom, and thy Love, may we trust all that concerns us, in unshaken Faith, and in the blessed Hope of eternal Life. through Jesus Christ our Lord and Saviour.

Went to the *Nurserie*: little *Fanny* yet asleep. Took *Di* by the hand and went down to Prayers: she was very quiet and well-behaved, and as she knelt down betweene her Father and me, my Mind was brought into a state of much Sweetnesse and Repose as the gracious Invitation of the blessed *Saviour* to bring our little Children unto him, was brought to my remembrance.

Methought the Chaplain's discourse savoured somewhat of pharisaical gloom and austerity, and we were therefore in no little perplexity when Armstrong came into the Hall after breakfast, to say the Domestics petition'd for a Dance and Christmasse Games to-night according to old Usage. We gave our consent. The Chaplain expressed his Dissatisfaction, neverthelesse the Evening passed merrily: a goodly Assembly were gather'd together of our Neighbours, and to show our Good-will we look'd on for a while, and my Lord led off the firste Dance with the Bailiff's Daughter: the young Men of our Party followed his Example, and chose out the prettiest looking Damsels, my favourite Cicely being one of them; and they went down a long Country Dance, well pleased therewith. Old blind John and his Son play'd the viol and pipe: Games followed, bob-apple and the like: and Alice had taken good care for the Supper. Sounds of Laughing and Singing reach'd us long after we left them.

Newes hath reached us that the King has dissolved the Parliament though so lately mett, he being offended by the May 7, Commons passing a resolution that the Discussion and Thursday. Redresse of Grievances should precede the Vote of Supply. They complained that the interference of the Lords was a Violation of their Priviledges. An eloquent Speech by Mr. Waller: such a House suited not the King.

My Husband writes me word that Mr. Belasis and Sir John
Hotham are sent to the Tower, onely Offence alleged,
May 9, their Speeches. The House of the Lord Brooke
Saturday. searched for papers, his Study and Cabinets broken
open. A Convocation of Clergy hath bene held, the
Canons issued by them, such as to throw the whole Nation into a
ferment. Writs of Ship-money in greater number than ever, and

Bullion seized, the property of Merchants, and kept by them in the *Tower* for Safety.

No News for some days. The Chapter of the Morning greatly impress'd my Mind with the Goodnesse of God toMay 25, wards his feeble and ignorant Children: the Holy
Monday. Scriptures do abound with Words of Consolation and
Encouragement to the poore and lowly, the hewers of
wood and drawers of water; the meek will he guide in judgement.
Learning and great Ability, blessed be God, are not needed to
the right Understanding of the Good Tydings of the Gospel.

The poore blind Widow pondering in her Heart the Words of Jesus, her Memory stored with the Readings of her younger days, her Spirit rich in Love and Faith, findeth the true Bread of Life, and is perhaps more capable of receiving the Enlightening of the Holy Spirit in the Study of Divine Truth, than the Learned who trust in their own reason and scholastic attainements. Also in looking for what is God's Will concerning them, I oft think the poor simple minded People have a wise Judgement given to them in the Businesse of Life. A Visit to old Betty's Cottage seldom faileth to give me such Sense of her truely virtuous and pious Life, as to make me looke upon this paterne of Goodnesse with sincere desire to follow the same. She hath lost Husband and Children, save one Son onely who left her years agoe: she knoweth not if he be yet living: and she hath been totally blind more than fifteen yeares. Truely hath Patience here her perfect work.

The Mayor and Sheriffe of London have beene brought be-May 27, fore the Starre Chamber for Slacknesse in Levying Wednesday. the Ship-mony. Both Children ill the past week: through Mercy recovering.

Little Fanny but just saved: my onely ExpeJune 17, rience in a child's illnesse having been so unhappy,

Wednesday. I found it hard to keep my feares in subjection;

yet was it very needfull. What shall I render
unto the Lord for all his benefit?

Have much comfort in the serious and feeling way in which little Di says her Prayers: she is too young to understand much, but the Habit is important, and wee know not at how earlye an age the *Holy Spirit* communeth with the tender Heart of the young. And a Child's Mind stops not at Difficulties as ours does: when told that God heareth Prayer from his Throne in Heaven, the belief is entire, and she questioneth not. I verily believe, the doctrine that we should walk by Faith and not by Sight, is easier to a young Child than to us, whose Affections have become engrafted upon earthly Objects, and the first Simplicity of Faith obscured. And surely we should consider it a sacred Trust given to us, to direct this inborn Trust and ready Belief of the little Child to Him who implanted it.

June 27, Nursery prospers: Di vastly stronger, and Saturday. hungry as Nurse can desire. Fanny's cheeks too are somewhat more plump and rosy.

July 24, The young Prince hath beene christen'd Henry,

Friday. the ceremonie perform'd at Oatlands by the

Archbishop of Canterbury.

The Birth of this my third Baby now living, occasion of renewed Thanksgiving and Praise: though I doubt Sept. 1, not duly thankful, yet my deare *Husband* had Tuesday. hoped another Sonne would have beene given him; and this proving otherwise, hath brought some Dis-

appointment. He would have counted it a greate Happinesse to have seene an Heir to his Title and Estates: but he sayeth not much on the subject, and methought kissed his new-borne Daughter with a gladsome Smile upon his Countenance. I had the wish she should be named Theodosia, after my deare and honor'd Mother: but my Lord did so greatly desire that she should be called Elizabeth, after mee, I consented thereto, wishing to consult his Pleasure in this, as in all things else in which it can be consulted by any giving up on my parte: though I the more regret that it must be so, seeing that my Uncle Noel has not given the Name of Theodosia to either of his Daughters.

Sept. 26, Find myselfe unable to attend much to house-Saturday. hold Affaires, and leave them to Alice's faithfull oversight.

Lord Say writes that a Petition has beene presented to the King by twelve Peers, praying him to call a Parliament; so likewise have the citizens of London.

Messenger arrived from the Mayor of Ipswich: Writts are issued for the 3rd of November. It is hoped Mr. Oct. 20, Oliver Cromwell will be return'd for Cambridge.

Tuesday. My deare Husband hath again departed: he doth hope to return for a few Days at Christmasse.

The King hath opened Parliament in person: they say he look'd pale and dejected. The Commons did make Nov. 9, Choice in haste of Lenthall a Barrister for Speaker, Monday. instead of one Gardiner, he being the King's Choice.

They have pass'd a Resolution that Prynne, Burton and Dr. Bastwick should be sent for forthwith by Warrant of the House. The Table is loaded with Petitions, presented by hundreds crying out, No Bishops: No Starre Chamber.

On the 28th the three *Puritans*, as they are call-Dec. 2, ed, liberated from their distant Dungeons, came *Wednesday*. up to *London*, and were mett by 5000 Persons.

Heard to-day that the Earle of Strafford was committed to the Tower. It is sayd he urgently declined appearing Dec. 15, in the House, but the King insisted, making him Tuesday. solemn Assurances of Safety: but he no sooner enter'd the House than he was put under Arrest.

The determined Measures of the Commons fill all People with Amazement. The Archbishop of Canterbury is accused of High Treason, and committed to the Dec. 24, Usher: it is sayd he hath beene forced to sell his Thursday. plate to raise money wherewith to pay the fine of 500 pounds. And a Resolution has been pass'd, that for Bishops or other Clergymen to be in the Commission of the Peace, or to have any Judicial Powers in the Starre Chamber, or in any Civil Courts, is a hindrance to their Spiritual Functions, &c. This seemeth true enough: greate need have all Parties to pray to be preserved from Excesse, or being carried away by the heate of Party Spirit and personal Resentment. The Cruelty and Severity exercised by Archbishop Laud in Scotland, and the Earl's Tyranny and Wickednesse in Ireland, have raised them enemies who wish nothing so much as their Death.

1640-1.

AFTER Prayers this morning my Lord beckoned to the Servants to remaine: He commended them for the faithfull performance of their Duties, and expressed his Confidence in their steady Attachment and Services, especially in his absence, which was like to be protracted: They bowed and curtsied; and Armstrong, as spokesman for the rest, sayd, You may depend upon us all, my Lord: our Hearts and our Hands are my Lady's, God blesse her.

I knew not till to-day that my *Husband's* Return would be more uncertaine than hath often beene the case: it dependeth much upon the Termination of Lord *Strafford's* Tryal: most are of the minde he will be found guilty; and that nothing can then save him, unlesse the *King* prove that he can be true to his promise, when the Life of one whom he hath ever profess'd to hold in great Esteeme and Affection, is at stake: but no man trusts the *King*. The better ground of hope for *Strafford*, is the lenient Temper of the good Earl of *Bedford*, and his Influence with the *House*.

In the forenoon accompanied my *Husband* at the Settlement of Accounts with *Armstrong*: and assisted in copying the different Items into the Booke wherein my *Lord* hath entered for some yeares past the Items of Personal and Family Charges; keeping another for the Accounts of Income, Rents, &c., chiefly from his *Lincolnshire* Property: this Manor bringing in but little.

This was new Worke to mee; but I did my best, it seeming desirable I should, so farre as my poore Ability serveth, render myselfe competent to settle Accompts with Armstrong every Weeke, as is the Practice of my Lord when he is at Home: and likewise he wisheth mee to be acquainted with our Resources. He had wonderfull Patience with my ignorance, and did kindly commend my unskillfull Performance, not suffering me to be discouraged, though I proved more Hindrance than Help. I had had so many Feares both of doing wrong and incurring his Displeasure, that in my Satisfaction I kissed the deare Hand that did with so much ease correct my Errors, gratefull to the kind Heart by which it was guided.

Sir John Hotham arrived from Hull on his way to London: and purposing to proceed to-morrow, my deare Lord will January 11, accompany him. Sir John seemeth well disposed.

Monday. Thought my Husband gave much Heed to his Conversation, as he remarked that with twelve Men, Arms, and Provision, he could hold out this House against a considerable Force, and went into the detail of the Arrangements he would make, if it so chanced it was attacked by an Enemy.

These are fearfull times, let mee be encreasingly vigilant; and whatsoever happeneth, be faithfull to the Duties of my present Station, Wife and Mother; and a large Household, the Charge whereof is much left to mee: sufficient Care for one of but little Experience, and with Health not so good as might be wished.

Read in Isaiah chapter 26, these Words of Comfort: Thou keepest him in perfect Peace whose Mind is stayed January 12, upon Thee, because he trusteth in Thee: May I at-

Tuesday. taine unto this trust, need have I of better Strength than my own at this time when my dearest Life may be in circumstances of Danger; at a Time like this who is safe? the King ever playing false with the Commons, and disregarding their Privileges, and the House now sitting in Judgement on his favoured Servant; yet whatsoever Danger may threaten, I would not that my Husband should desert his Poste; rather let mee rejoyce that he standeth up in his place to defend the People's Rights. My two Cousins from Rutlandshire will beare me company during some Portion of his Absence. What Mercy that our little Ones are well, and that I am not left in a childlesse Home.

On Monday the Archbishop was removed to the Tower from Master Maxwell's house where he hath beene allowed to March 6, remaine since his commitment: from Cheapside to Saturday. the Tower he was followed and railed at by the people, the which he took quietly.

Turning back the leaves of this Diary, I see many Interruptions, in some Places for Months together, no No-March 8, tice or Note of any sort. The Period of my deare Monday. Mother's last Sicknesse is unrecorded: but so deeply engraven on my Memory are the Events of that mournfull Time, that I believe I may without danger of Error therein, commit to Paper some few Particulars. It may be a Satisfaction hereafter, that these should not be trusted wholly to Recollection, which may then fail me.

I remember as clearly as if 'twas no longer ago than yesterday, the Day whereon my *Mother* arrived, which did afterwards prove to be the last time it was ever my Happinesse to welcome her under our Roof. The Afternoon was calm and beautifull, and the Sunne low in the West caused the Shadows to fall at length acrosse the Grasse, the Honey-suckle over the Doorway was covered with its pale luscious Flowers, which hung down until some of the trailing Branches lost themselves in the old Sweet-briar Bush, and the White Rose, my Mother's favourite Tree, was arrayed in its faire Blossoms. As we stood looking at at these, she did presently arrive. Methought she stepped feebly from her Coach; and when I gave her such aid as I could, she sayd with a mournfull yet sweet smile, I need a stronger Arme now than thine, my Daughter: one equally kind, I do fully believe, she added as she leaned on my Husband's. Saddest thoughts took hold of me, yet did I use my best endeavour to conceal the Feare that struck suddenly on my Heart, that her Tarryance here would not be for long. She looked better when seated in her accustomed Chaire: and her pale Cheek had a delicate colour, which gave me a Hope that her Weaknesse was not so great as at first did appeare, and that the Difficulty of Walking might be from her having sate so long in the Coach, causing a degree of Stiffenesse. Before retiring to her Chamber, she had conversed with much of her usuall Chearfulnesse: wee accompanied her up the staires one on each side of her: when taking leave for the night, she said to my Husband, I feare me I shall be a Burthen to you, Lord Willoughby, but not for long: but I meant not your kind Heart should so consider me. I thank you; thank you both: may God blesse you.

For the space of two or three weekes my Mother's State did so alternate day by day, the one day seeming to regaine the Strength lost the previous one, that I perceived not any great Change in her Appearance, save that her Breathing was somewhat hurried by an exertion more than common. I read to her daily, morning and evening, Portions of the Scriptures, her favourite Passages often repeated: of such I might make particular Mention, of the Psalmes and the Gospells. She did fre-

quently remark thereon with much earnestnesse and sweetnesse. She was able most days to walk out a little: and sometimes, she, being unwilling to disappoint my Desires, would consent to be borne on a Chaire by two of the Men, never failing to thank them with much Kindnesse of manner, and expressing her concerne at giving this Trouble. One fore-noon I did prevail with her to let them carry her a considerable distance from the House, to a sheltered sunny Spot, whereunto we did oft resort formerly to hear the Wood-pigeons which frequented the Firre Trees hereabout. We seated ourselves, and did passe an houre or two very pleasantly: she remarked how mercifully it was ordered, that these Pleasures should remaine to the last Days of Life; that when the Infirmities of Age make the Company of others burthensome to us, and ourselves a burthen to them, the quiet Contemplation of the Workes of God affords a simple Pleasure which needeth not aught else than a contented Minde to enjoy: the Singing of Birds, even a single Flower, or a pretty Spot like this, with its bank of Primroses and the Brooke running in there below, and this warm Sunshine, how pleasant are they. They take back the Thoughts to our Youth, which Age doth love to look back upon. She then related to me many Passages of her early Life, wherein was observable the same Love of natural Beauty that doth now minister in so large a measure to her Enjoyment.

The sweete Season of Spring was delightfull to her beyond any other Time of the Yeare: yet in all did she recognize the bountifull Hand of the Creator: and most aptly drew from all his Workes those Divine Teachings made manifest to the pious and lowly Minde unto whom Day unto Day uttereth Speech, and Night unto Night sheweth Knowledge. In the Quietnesse of Contemplation, the still small Voice of God findeth a Place in the Heart: she had listened thereunto in the days of her Youth, and in Age she

reapeth her Reward: the Yeares draw not nigh unto her when she will say I have no pleasure in them. Such were my thoughts, as I beheld her placid Enjoyment, and heard her commend the delicate ·Beauty of a Flower she held in her Hand, remarking that she look'd upon this Portion of Creation as in a particular manner worthy of our sacred regard, the Flowers of the Field being sanctified by our Lord teaching from them Lessons of Faithfulnesse in the Wisdom and Love of our Heavenly Father. asked me if I would repeate the 90th and 91st Psalmes, which I did for the most part; she repeated after me the words, Yet is their Strength Labour and Sorrow. Three score and ten Yeares I have not seene: and this lengthened Span of Life may not be ordained for me, yet in the latter Days of my Pilgrimage thus farre toward the Grave, the Lord hath layd upon me no Burthen which his Love hath not made light and easy to be borne: Sight and Hearing remaine, and the use of my Limbs so farre as an old woman needeth. Surely Goodnesse and Mercy have followed me all the Days of my Life, and will, I doubt not, to the close, and my evening Sun will, I humbly hope, be permitted to set in brightnesse. She took a Rose-bud which I had gathered, and sayd, This Bud will never open; but some there are which will unfold in Heaven. She look'd earnestly in my Face: I perceived her meaning, My precious Child, mine that is in Heaven, I sayd, and could not refraine from Teares. Calm thyselfe, my Daughter: I shall soone meet him, if I am found worthy to be where his pure Spirit is: let me feel as a Link between thy Soul and his. O that I may one day meet there all my deare Children: many have been my Bereavements, but Mercy, tender Mercy was in all my Afflictions. We arose, and she was able to walk a good part of the Way towards the House, untill the Servants mett us. Henceforth my Mother left the House but seldom, and soone showed herself incapable of this much exertion: her strength diminished daily, and she became scarce able to quit her chamber.

She desired one day to speak with my *Husband*, and communicated to him her conviction that there remained to her but a short Time to live, and requested him to prepare me for her immediate departure to *Wimbledon*, talking of setting forth the next Day: but it was too late, she was too weake to bear moving: she tooke to her bed, and I thenceforth left her not, save when wanted in the *Nurserie*.

One Night, it was the Sabbath, she called us both to her Bedside, expressed her Happinesse in beholding us so united in the bonds of Affection and Friendship: in a most touching manner addressed my Husband, commended me as her chief earthly Treasure to his continued tender Care and Love, and then, the Teares running down her Face, thanked him for the Kindnesse and Gentlenesse he had alwayes shewn to her beloved Daughter: she pressed our two Hands together, rays'd herself up, and in a low tremulous Tone, slowly utter'd as nearly as I can remember them, these Words:

Allmighty Father, behold these my Children: blesse them in each other and in their Children: keepe them in the Path of Righteousnesse: protect them in Danger, comfort them in Affliction, and when they come to passe through the Valley of the Shadow of Death, let their spirit faint not, neither be afraid: but let them lay hold on the Promises of Eternal Life, through Faith in Christ Jesus our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

She sunk back exhausted, and revived not againe to hold much Intercourse with us. Her Countenance, though at times marked by Suffering, was Calm and Peacefull: her Eyes mostly closed as in Sleep: the Silvery Hair parted on her Forehead: she lay throughout the remainder of the day without taking notice of any thing: twice or thrice she ask'd for Water to drink, and smil'd affectionately upon all around.

Late in the evening she sayd, Is Mabel here: her faithfull Servant approach'd near the Bed. She had taken leave the day before of such of our Domestics as she knew personally, and now gave Messages of Remembrance to those at Wimbledon, not forgetting one or two poore aged Woemen to whom she had beene a good Friend in their old Age of Poverty. Againe she became much exhausted, and we thought the faint Breathing must soon cease: but she so remained some houres. About five of the clock in the morning she opened her eyes: the early Sunne shon in at the Casement, which was at the farthest side from the Bed: she appeared conscious of the Daylight, and we could partly distinguish the Words, Heaven, no Sun, the Glory of God, the light thereof. She look'd on all that were neare unto her, and we thought she sayd, Deare Children. I stoop'd to kisse her: with a last Effort she returned my Embrace; and as I gently layd her Head on the Pillow, her pure Spirit left its earthly Mansion.

In the stillnesse of this awful Moment, my Mind was impress'd with the Belief that her passing Spirit look'd on her weeping Family with a Love set free from all earthly Feare in the perfect Fruition of Faith, which was become her blessed Experience, knowing that our Sorrow would be but for a Moment compared to the eternal Weight of Glory. Dearest Mother, may thy precious Example be ever present with me. I felt it a sore Triall, the House being at this time full of Company, yet believe it might be good for me that there were so many to be cared for. My Sister Dorothy was truly kind: Albinia was prevented coming: My Lord Noel was a true Mourner, a more than common Affection united him in Bonds of Intimacy with his late Sister, and he sought every Opportunity of Converse with me, and pass'd much Time of every Day alone in her favourite Walks: his Daughter Eleanor had accompanied him

out of Leicestershire: before he left us, my deare Uncle had gained the Love and Esteeme of all.

I may here write an Inscription to the Memory of the late Mistresse Hampden, which my Lord did copy from her Tomb in the Church at Great Hampden, when he was last at that Place, the same appearing to me particularly suited to the Subject of the last pages of this Diary, wherein my Pen would faile, were I to attempt to describe her Excellence, or my own great Losse.

To the eternal Memory of the truely Vertuous and Pius Elizabeth Hampden, Wife of John Hampden, the tender Mother of an happy Offspring in 9 hopefull Children: In her Pilgrimage the Staie and Comfort of her Neighbours, the Love and Glory of a well-ordered Family, the Delight and Happinesse of tender Parents, but a Crowne of Blessings to a Husband: In a Wife, to all an eternal Paterne of Goodnesse, and Cause of Joye whilst she was: In her dissolution a Losse unvaluable to each, yet herselfe blest, and they recompensed, in her Translation from a Tabernacle of Claye and fellowshipp with Mortalls to a celestiall Mansion and Communion with Deity, The 20th Day of August 1634. John Hampden, her sorrowfull Husband, in perpetuall Testimony of his conjugal Love, hath dedicated this Monument.

My Mother in a special manner did walke by Faith. In all Trouble she could say, It is good for me to be afflicted, it is the Lord, let him do what seemeth to him good: and in time of Prosperity and Gladnesse she forgot not the Giver of all Mercies, the Song of Thanksgiving and Prayse was in her Heart and on her Lippes: Scrupulous in the exact Performance of all her Duties, she regarded none as too insignificant to be done well: to the Poore she was a kind and bountifull Friend; and as Hampden sayth of his Wife, she was a Paterna

of Goodnesse, and Cause of Joy to all who knew her: and the Lord permitted his aged Servant to depart in Peace. Blessed be his name!

This Morning arose somewhat earlier than usuall, and felt the
Benefit of so doing throughout the day: Mind comMarch 11, posed and strengthened. At five of the Clock my
Thursday. Cousins Anne and Margaret arrived: seem warmhearted young Women, Anne grown into more
Comelinesse than she appeared likely to do, two yeares since;
Margaret lovely as a bright Morning in May, the calme
Truthfulnesse of her Countenance brings to mind Spenser's
Verses to the Memorie of his beloved Friend,

A storet attractive kind of Grace, A full Assurance given by Lookes, Continuall Comfort in a Face The Lineaments of Gospell Bookes:

the two last Lines escape my Memory. We sate round the Fire for the most part of the Evening: family News and country Gossip: and Anne eager to relate sundry Tales of Robin Hood, and marvellous Stories of Witch-craft and Fairielore, drawing down upon herselfe the grave Rebuke of the Chaplaine, to which she gave little heed. When retired to my Closet, could not forbeare contrasting my present State with that of these light-hearted Maidens: I have not seene many more Yeares than these have, and yet such Gaiety of Spirit is mine no more, the Hand of Care presseth heavily on the young Heart, which enters upon the troubled and carefull Path of domestic Life, and upon the Duties which appertaine unto the Mistresse of a Household, before it hath had time to enure itselfe to Hardships and Disappointments, or hath had Experience of its owne Weaknesse or its owne Powere: yet

I would not repine; a deeper Well-spring of Joy hath beene open'd to me, though its Waters are mingled with Drops of Bitternesse. Some one sayth, our best Blessings are bought with Paine, as our highest Virtue through Sin and Sorrow: this may seeme a Mystery; but my Thoughts are not your Thoughts, nor my Ways your Ways, saith the Lord. Raise up and strengthen within me, O mercifull Father, that Faith in thy perfect Wisdom and Love as shall enable me to trust in thee to direct my Ways and lead me to obey thy Will as a little Child: blesse and protect my deare Husband, and keep him in the Way of Truth and Liberty: keep in Health and safety, O Lord, my precious little Ones, and uphold me in the Fulfillment of the several Duties committed to my Charge.

The Nurserie a Scene of much Merriment this Morning.

Anne at high Play with Di and Fanny, and MarMarch 24, garet with the Baby, who clapp'd her Hands and
Wednesday. screamed with Delight. My Cousins are both
good-tempered, lively Creatures, and I am vastly
fond of them already, and they no lesse so of me and the
Children. I tooke them over the House, and left them in the
Long Gallery. They followed me after a while, bringing their
Needlework, and I tooke my Embroidery, which has got on but
slowly of late: their lively talk made the Day passe pleasantly.
After Dinner we walked down to the Village, calling at blind
Betty's as we return'd.

Lady Day. In the Steward's Room two or three Houres, paying out Wages and so forth, and looking over March 25, Armstrong's Bookes. The last yeare's Wool was Thursday. sold, the greater part thereof, to the Baize-maker at Colchester, at 24 Shillings the Tod, a better price than hath been payed of late.

The Great Hall with its blazing Fire and the Women busy at their Spinning, ever and anon singing to the hum of the Wheels, was a Sight pleasant to look upon. Nancy did desire she might have a Wheel taken to the Parlour, much preferring making of Thread to using the same. Margaret is a notable Needle-woman: her Sister brought a bright blush to her Cheeke by some Query respecting a particular Piece of Needle-work in hand; and added, on perceiving the Effect she had produced, she had heard Sr. Erasmus de la Fountain much commend the delicate Paterne: whereat poore Margaret attempted to look up unconcern'd, but was obliged to smile at her Sister's Pleasantry. I was discreet, and led the conversation back to the Spinning.

The Days passe smoothly, yet Time seemeth very long since my deare Lord departed on his Journey. We heare no News. Armstrong will perchance gain some Tydings at Colchester: and I must await his Return with such Patience I can

Since my little Fanny's long Sicknesse I have continued the Habit of remaining by her at night, sometime after she is in Bed: these are seasons peculiarly sweet and soothing; there seemeth something holy in the Aire of the dimly lighted Chamber, wherein is no sound heard but the soft breathing of the sleeping Infant. I feel at such time as if brought nearer to the Divine Presence, and with every Care and busy Thought gathered into Silence, almost seeme as though admitted to the Company of the Angels who keepe their appointed Watch around the little Child: one desire only filling my Soul that my Children may grow up to walk in the Way of the Righteous: at such Moments too how clearly is perceiv'd and acknowledg'd the Claim of the Creator over the young Creature he hath formed: He hath breathed into it the Breath of Life, and made it a living Soule, and hath given it to a Mother's Keeping: she boweth herselfe before him, and receiveth from his hand this Pearle of great price, when the

Lord maketh up his Jewels to be required of her againe. Sanctifie, O Lord, I beseech thee, these Houres of Stillnesse and Meditation to my Soule's eternal Good, and to the Fulfillment of thy holy Purpose towards us.

Sitting with my two little Maidens in the Nurserie to-day, Baby asleep in the Cradle, and the Time drawing March 30, nigh for them to go to Bed, the way opened of saying a few words to them on the subject of Prayer, Tuesday. and methought it strengthened my owne Faith as I brought to their Remembrance that Jesus Christ himselfe pray'd, and had told us to do so, and had taught us in what manner we should pray, also giving us Assurance that God would alwayes heare our Supplications, if offered in Humility and Faith: Herein should we find abiding Comfort and occasion of Thankfullnesse: Diana I thought, from the Expression of her Countenance, understood what was sayd. Fanny look'd and smiled and made some childish Remark, but possibly tooke some notion of what was meant. It is a teaching Lesson, the loving Sorte of Trust with which our Children listen: how carefull should we be that Nothing destroy this Confidence.

When I came downe staires, met John in the Hall: he brought me a Letter, and had heard divers Reports. He had the good hap to fall in with Messengers on their road to the North, and accompanied them a mile or two on their Way to gaine what Intelligence he could. When the Earle of Strafford was brought from the Tower, he was guarded by 200 of the Trainband on his way to Westminster Hall. Every day of the past weeke he was brought thus to and fro to the Triall. The King and Queene and the Prince proceeded to Westminster about 9 of the clock: they sat in their private Closet, one being enclosed on each side of the Throne with Boards and hung with Arras, in order that the King might be present without taking Parte, untill such time as he should choose: neverthelesse he shortly brake downe with his own Hand the Trellis, and so sate in the eyes.

of all. When the Earle enter'd, the Axe was not carried before him, the King having so commanded. The Reading of the Impeachment with the Lord Strafford's Reply occupied the first Day.

There was much Eating and Drinking during the Day, unseemely Conduct in the King's presence, and ill becoming the Solemnity of the Occasion: the Sittings did oft last till 2 or 3 of the clock at night. Mr. Pym made a long speech on the 2nd day. What seemeth strange, in the Galleries were all the chief Ladies of the Court, with Pen and Ink and Papers, taking note of what pass'd. It is sayd, though he was proved guilty of great Wickednesse and Tyrannie, yet no one Deed taken singly did come within the verge of Treason. The Earle did himselfe say aloud, there was nothing that could be Treason, and if one thousand Misdemeanours make not a Felony, how should 28 make it a Treason? So soone as the Triall is concluded, we shall surely hear thereof.

No Letter or Messenger yet arrived. It is well for me that nurserie Cares and Employments cannot be neglected, and I am thus compelled to exertion, though April 19, Monday. painefull Thoughts occupy my Mind. It is an awfull thing for Man to take the Life of Man, and difficult to reconcile to the Precepts of Mercy and Forgiveness, given by our Saviour, more especially doth it grieve me to see the Spirit of Persecution so strong in the Minister of Religion. The Chaplain and I agree not in these Matters, and he hath ever readie in his Mouth Texts from Holy Scriptures to justify Bloodshed: the Law of old Time was an Eye for an Eye, but not such is the Law of Christ. I do oft wish for my Husband's Presence in his owne Family: the discontented and fanatic Tone of Exhortation adopted of late worketh no Good: for my poore Part I see no doing of God's service in neglecting their Duty, which some both Men and Women in the Household scruple not. This wresting of the old *Bible* expressions to suit different Opinions, methinks, is like to be dangerous, and maketh a Snare to the Weake.

The Bill hath pass'd the Commons' House, by a very great majority, and is sent up to the Lords. Mobs April 24, of violent Men were gathered round the Parlia-Saturday. ment, crying for Strafford's Blood. The Lords made Complaint they were threatened: and Dr. Burgess, a popular Preacher, was put forth to address the crowde, who thereupon dispersed themselves. The King is accused of endeavouring to influence the House of Lords, and trusts much in the Earle of Bedford, who it is sayd hath secretly undertooke that the Earle of Strafford's Life should not be forfeited.

May 7, A Report hath arisen that the King hath pro-Friday. jected the Earle's Escape from the Tower.

So great is the excitement that the Noise of a Board breaking in the *House* did so greatly terrifie the Members that some ran out: others thought it was another Gun-powder Plot.

No further News from London. Thoughts so distracted that
to set downe some Particulars of public Events as
May 8, they reach us is all that I am well able. Children
Saturday. at this time well in Health, a great Mercy: let me
not be unmindfull of this and other manifold
Blessings: but, as the Apostle sayth, by Prayer and Supplication, with Thanksgiving, be my Requests made known unto God.

The Bill has pass'd: the Majority 21 to 19: my Husband

sayth many left the House. The Earle of Bedford. having sicken'd of the Smallpox last weeke, died May 13, Thursday, on the 9th: he is a great Losse to all Parties, being a just and good Man: he hath alwayes opposed the persecuting Laws against the Non-conformist Ministers, and beene the Enemy of all arbitrary Power, and had occupied himselfe till his Death in the endeavour to reconcile his Party to something lesse than capital Punishment in the Earle's case: and 'tis thought the King had confidently trusted in his Influence obtaining this End. The Royal Assent has beene given by Commission. When the Earle of Strafford was inform'd thereof, he layd his Hand on his Breast, and sayd, Put not your Trust in Princes: poore Man, he hath good Reason to say so. The Prince of Wales came to the House with a Letter from the King, a poore Effort to save the Earle, and to satisfie his Conscience.

The Execution tooke place on Wednesday the 12th: the crowds of People present were orderly, and gave May 15, way to no expression of Triumph; but at night it is Saturday. reported they testified their Satisfaction by lighting Bonfires, &c. My deare Life doth hope to get away in a few Days: how great will be the Joy to see him enter his own Doore againe. He sayth the Queene Mother hath petition'd the House of Commons for a Guard: she being fearfull of Crowds and Tumults: 'twas referred to Committee. The House moved that the Lords should join in a Petition to His Majesty that she depart this Kingdome.

Have retired to my Closet at an early Houre, that I may passe some time in the Exercise of Self-examination, especially suited to the Day, the same being that in which I was born. First, let me return Thanks to Almighty God that I was blessed with a Pious and Tender Mother: 2ndly, That I have been

favoured with goode Health: and thirdly, that in Wedded Life my Partner is one worthy of my dearest Affection and high Esteeme, and who hath ever treated with Gentlenesse and Condescention my Faults and many Deficiencies. Like unto the loving them who love us is the Thankfulnesse of the Heart for those Mercies and Orderings of Providence pleasant to our natural Feelings: how have I borne the Trialls and Disappointments which have beene given mee to beare? When the Lord tooke from me my precious First-born, it was as it were the Dividing asunder of Soul and Spirit, and of the Joints and Marrow: and I would not be comforted. Yet I doubt not that through this Tribulation I have in some measure beene brought to a more humbling Sense of my thoughtlesse and sinful State, and to the Conviction that only through Divine Grace could my disobedient and rebellious Spirit be brought into entire Submission and the patient taking up the Crosse felt to be a daily Duty. Great and oft have beene my Backslidings; yet blessed be God, I hope that Faith faileth not, but doth strengthen and become more and more an abiding Principle of Action. Much of Indolence and Selfishnesse I have daily to struggle with: yet sometimes the comforting Hope is granted, that in these respects there is Improvement. Though no longer have I a deare Mother, yet is her Memory so connected with my Children that in my own capacity as a Mother I seeme with her in many Scenes of her past Life. Perhaps she doth now behold mee stepping along through this Vale of Teares, oft stumbling, bu an unseene Arm supporting mee from utterly falling, and peace full Resting-places and refreshing waters vouchsafed: and when I draw nigh unto the End of my Pilgrimage, where lieth the Shadow of Death, may I still feare no Evill, but know that the Lord is with mee. Have read the 51st and 103d Psalmes, and the 5th, 6th, and 7th Chapters of St. Mathew, and with renewed Thanksgiving after looking on the sleeping Little Ones, I will now retire to my solitary Chamber.

There hath of late been public Events of such strong Interest, that small domestic Affaires have seemed of too little import, compared therewith, to set ought Wednesday, downe, and my Pen too is idly disposed. My time is mostly thus ordered: after that I have looked into ordinary household businesse, I teach Diana her Reading and Spelling; she is an apt Scholar, and is becoming a notable little Sempstresse: her Temper is quick, and her behaviour sometimes overbearing to her Sister: but she hath warme Affections, and soon repents of Unkindness or Anger: Fanny is more gentle and docile, but with this too readily in Teares; they are both vastly fond of Baby, and Fanny gives it ofttimes such a hug with her chubby Arm as makes it cry, and then she cries too. Fan learns some little. In the Afternoone walke out, calling on some of my poore Neighbours, and administering to the ailing such Remedies as I can bestow.

It is like to be a good Hay-harvest: the Women all called forth to give Helpe therein. I tooke Charge of the June 24, Nurserie: Di and Fan in the Field most part of Thursday. the Day. Old Bridget died last night; and Smythe now keepes to his Bed.

The Report hath reached us that the Queene Mother hath
embarked: a good Riddance to the Countrey. It
July 17, is sayd the Queene wished to accompany her; and
Saturday. under plea of Ill-health made Request to this effect
to the House of Commons, which was refused: at the
same time the House expressed a Willingnesse to further her
Satisfaction in all things so farre as may stand with the Public
Good. Methinks the King must be discomposed by this Opposition to the Queenes Wishes, which bodeth further Trouble and
Vexation to him.

Sept. 15, The King is still in Scotland, but is likely to go to Wednesday. Ireland: Rebellion and dreadfull Massacres in that unhappy Countrey.

Dec. 14, The Bishops accused of High Treason.

1641-2.

THE Commons have petitioned for a Guard. Newes that Lord Kimbolton, Mr. Hollis, Sir Arthur Hazelrigge, Mr. Pym, Mr. John Hampden, and another, have Saturday, been accused of High Treason by the Attorney Whilst the Lords were deliberating, Word was brought that Officers were sealing up the Doores, Trunks, &c., of the accused Members. The Commons ordered their Sergeant at Armes to breake them open: of a sudden there came a Message from the King to the Speaker requiring him to deliver up the 5 Members. The House replied they would take the Matter into Consideration. next day after dinner, and when they had scarcely taken their Seats, Newes was brought them that the King was coming with Hundreds of arm'd Men and Officers; they fearing Violence and Strife in the House, order'd the accused Members to leave the House: which they did just in time. My Lord sayth the King knock'd hastily on the Doore, and came in with the Prince Palatine, leaving the arm'd Men at the Doore. `The whole House stood up uncovered: the King walked straightway to the Speaker's Chaire, and seated himselfe therein. Then he cast searching lookes around, and not seeing those he sought, spoke in a severe Tone, asking where were any of those Persons there, ending with these Words, or some similar, I do expect, as soon as they come to the House, you will send them to me; otherwise I must take my owne Course to find them, and arose and went out, amidst Murmuring and cries of Privilege. This open Defiance of King and Parliament has created a vast stir: and many marvel at the bold bearing of the House. The next day the King

went into the City of London, when the Common Councill were assembled at the Guildhall; but made not much Impression: neverthelesse he got a good Dinner at the House of one of the Sheriffes.

For some days no Tidings have reached us: all that we have heard of late is of the Militia Bill, which is calling Feb. 28, forth strong Feelings on both Sides. The Queene Monday. and Princesse are at length gone into Holland. it is sayd she hath taken, beside her Plate, the Crown Jewells. The King returned not to Whitehall, but is at Theobalds, the Prince of Wales with him.

This Forenoon my little Daughter Fanny showed so wilful and froward a Spirit, refusing to do that she was March 17, told, that I was forced to correct her with some Thursday. Severity; she hath of late fallen away from the ready Obedience wherewith she did formerly attend to my Bidding, and I do much reproach myself in that I have beene neglectful of my Duty towards her, and the others; thus occasioning Trouble to them, and Grief and Disappointment to myselfe. Sorely tried by divers Anxieties I have too much look'd to my deare Little Ones for present Joy and Comfort; and haply in my forlorne State, with an encreased Tendernesse have beene led to overlooke the Beginnings of unruly and disobedient Conduct, which ought to have met with Correction.

As I stood and look'd on the little Face so lately disturbed by angry Feelings now quietly asleepe, I deeply bewailed the Effects of my Selfishnesse. Lord, I have beene an unfaithfull Steward, and neglected the Talents committed to me: call me not to account, Oh Righteous Father: take not away from mee this precious Trust: but whilest I acknowledge and deplore my Unworthinesse, strengthen, I beseech thee, my weake Minde,

and helpe mee to traine them up in Obedience, which shall prepare them for a yet higher. Thou knowest the Burthen of these fearfull and troublous Times is heavy to be borne: yet would I strive and pray for a more patient and faithfull Spirit.

Attended to family Businesse and Duties with renew'd Diligence: and I trust humbled, by the past Experi-March 18, ence of Slacknesse in performing the same. I Friday. weary for my deare Husband's presence and Support.

Intelligence that the Lieutenants of Counties are forthwith to organize Militias: The Farmers and Labouring March 19, Men will be put to great Inconvenience and Saturday. Losse.

Late in the Afternoone my Lord arrived, travaile-soiled, having ridden so farre out of his way to the North: he with some others are appointed to present to the King, now at Yorke, a Declaration from Parliament. He had but a few Houres to stay: so much to be sayd in short Time, we scarce knew where to begin: he inclined to dismisse for awhile all Public Affaires. I caused a good fire to be made in our favourite Parlour. Armstrong relieved his Master of parts of his Riding-dresse, and tooke Orders respecting fresh Horses, baggage, &c., the while I. hasten'd up to the Nurserie and brought downe the three Girls. Fan tooke her old Place on her Father's Knee, Di on a stool at his Feet, and I nursed and coaxed Baby into not being alarmed at a Stranger, so little has she seene of him, that at first she did refuse to leave my Arms for his: very great was our Satisfaction and Delight: he look'd wearied, and well he might, but sayd the sight of so many deare Faces was the onely Happinesse he had had since he last saw us, and did more to rest him than could aught else: the Dogs too shared his Notice: and the

Children prattled so that we could hardly get in a word to each other. One by one they were sent off to Bed, and we had a short space of Quiet to ourselves. Before we are like to meete againe, he doth expect, as doe all Men, that Blood will have beene shed: both Parties are now scrambling for Armes; and nothing can save this unhappy Kingdome from a Warre. Wee are much out of the way; but in disturbed Times, worthlesse and evil-disposed Persons are readie for any Violence, and under Pretext of being engaged for one Side or the other, likely to plunder the undefended: and Armstrong has orders to see that before dark, the House be shut, and all the Men within; who are to be armed: the new Militia Act will make this needfull. My Lord will have with him alwayes one or more trust-worthy Serving-men, whom he can send with Letters or Messages, and heare from us in return; and herein wee must both take such Comfort as wee can. He is now under the Orders of Parliament, and for some time is pretty certaine to be in the North, the King having established a sort of Court at Yorke. The Takeleave time came at last, And now, deare Heart, he sayd to his trembling Wife, with much adoe I kept a tolerable Composure, have no Misgivings of thyselfe: I have ever found thee of quick Wit in Difficulties, and manifesting a quiet Courage and Endurance, at which I have marvelled: and if need should be, I will find Meanes for your better Protection. Well was it now that the Horses were readie, and he look'd not around, after his parting Embrace, to see mee drown'd in Teares. He set forth well armed. Two Men the same, and another with a led Horse and Baggage.

Went to my lonely Roome at Night: the Casement shook with the Winde, and presently the Raine came downe heavily: for a time I was overpower'd with the Grief of losing him, and thinking of him riding all night in Weather so tempestuous, the while I sat by a brightly burning Fire, in a comfortable warm Roome. Yet would I gladly share his Hardshippes, and be at

nis Side through all. Roused myself at last, and prepared for Rest, praying for Strength that my selfish Love may never bee a Hinderance to my beloved *Husband* in the way of his Duty, but rather that I may give all the Aide that a poore weake Creature may, to one so farre above her in all true Noblenesse. As I beheld the little Face sleeping beside mee, thought what should betide if wee were driven from our Home: how should wee find Shelter for this tender Flower, and the other deare ones.

The Chaplaine, when we met this Morning, with much
Respect did offer his Services: he sideth with the
March 22, Parliament, and I fancy could play the part of
Tuesday. Soldier well, other ways than in Spirituall Warfare.

Had the great Comfort of a Letter dated Nottinghame; my Husband reach'd that Place soone after Sir Anthony March 31. Ereby and the Lord Dungarvon, whom he was to Thursday. meete there: and they presently departed for Yorke. My Husband telleth me that Mr. John Hutchinson boldly opposed the Taking-away the Pouder from the Castle by the Sheriffe for the Kings Use: the which was well nigh accom-It did so happen that Mr. Hutchinson chancing to call on the Mayor, was there told that Lord Newark and the Sheriffe were up stairs seeing the Pouder weighed out. A good number of People were gathered together, and told Mr. Hutchinson, if he would stand by them, they would not let it be taken away: and some were minded to go up and tosse the Sheriffe out of the Windowes. Thereupon Mr. Hutchinson went up, and made manfull Remonstrance with the sayd Sheriffe, and they did presently put up their Papers and left the Townes-hall. My Lord had some knowledge of Mr. Hutchinson, and is right glad

o find him a stedfast Friend, on the side of Liberty and Justice.

It is no easie Matter to follow my usuall Employments, and I make some excuse continually to myselfe for April 5, looking towards the Gate, though no Newes is like Tuesday. to arrive yet awhile. The afternoone was fine, and I walked with the Children to Framlingham, and went over great part of the Castle, met there Doctor Sampson, who gave me at considerable length the History thereof. He was in much Concerne for his Friend Mr. Lovekin, the Rector of Ufford, who hath beene plundered of every thing save one Silver-spoone which he did hide in his Sleeve. The Oak-trees hereabout are of great size. The Children were mightily pleased with the Castle: and were it not that their Hunger made the thought of Supper well pleasing to them, I should not easily have got them away.

This morning was mild and bright: the Woods clothed in the soft Greene of early Spring: and the whole Scene April 19, so quiet and beautifull, 'twas sad to reflect how many happy country Places were defaced by the Tuesday. Trampling of Soldiers, and Women and Children sitting in Terror of Warre at their very Doores. I walk'd down to blind Betty's Cottage: the Doore stood partly open: and as I entered she was seated by the small Fire, her Dresse cleane though homely and worne, and her poore sightlesse Face wearing its accustomed Looke of Contentment: her Lips moved, and she raised up her withered Hand at times, as if in Suppli-She knew my step, and arose to meet mee with her wonted Salutation of Respect and Wellcome: her first Enquiry was to know if I had heard Tydings of the Lord Willoughby: and then of the Children, every particular of their Health. And now shall I reade to you, Betty? I asked: with many Thankes

she express'd the Pleasure it would give. The Chaplains had not call'd to see her these three Daies: and a Chapter, as she sayd, would be more to her than Meate or Drinke. I read a portion of Isaiah, and afterwards the 15th Chapter of Corinthians: her Remarks thereon, though simple, reminded mee in their Piety and Zeale of my deare Mother. She then begged for the last of Revelations, wherein she doth alway find peculiar Edification and Delight. This poore lone Widow is a living Sermon to mee in her Faith under all her Troubles, which have beene manifold: but they have led her to the true Source of Peace and Consolation.

Before I left my Chamber this morning, was told a Messenger had arrived from Aldborough, having come there April 30, by Sea from Hull desiring Speech of mee, saying he was from Yorke: I did lose no time in seeing him. He sayd the Lord Willoughby had not Time or Meanes to write, but sent mee his Ring as a Token that he who bare it was to be trusted in his Relation of Affaires as they then were. On the 22nd the King sent the Duke of Yorke and Prince Palatine with the Earle of Newport to Hull, without any armed Force, my Lord with them, as if to see the Towne: the Day following, they were to dine with the Mayor: but a little before noon Sir John Hotham was informed the King intended to dine with him that day, and was within 3 or 4 miles of Hull, with 300 Horse and more. He hastened to consult the Aldermen and some others on the Parliament side: and they sent a Messenger beseeching his Majesty not to come, as the Governour could not admit him. But the King advanced: the Bridge was drawn up, and the Gates shut, and the Soldiers stood to their Arms. The King rode up to the Gate, and commanded Sir John to open the Gates: he answered that he was entrusted with the Securing the Towne, and would do his Duty: but if the King pleased, he might enter with 12 Men: this the King

refused. At one of the clock the Duke of Yorke and others with him were allowed to go out. The King stayed there till afternoone, when he gave Sir John Hotham an Houre to consider what he would doe, and retired: then he came backe to the Gate and received the same Answer as before. Thereat he caused the Herald to proclaime Sir John Hotham a Traitour. and in great Anger and Dissapointment the King went away, and lodged at Beverley. My Husband will remaine at Hull, being appointed with 3 other Commissioners to act with Sir John The Parliament have voted thanks to the Governour. and sent an Order for the Ordnance and moste of the Armes to be sent to London. For a short time my deare Husband is employed on a Service of seeming little Danger, but this cannot be for long. The Messenger stayed only for needfull Refreshment, proceeding to London: desired John Armstrong to reward him with liberal hand, and also request him to send us the Perfect Diurnall, or such Paper as he can procure, when he reaches London.

The King, having got possession of the Great Seale, hath issued Proclamations commanding the People in no June 28, way to aide the Parliament: the Parliament doing Tuesday. the same to forbid their aiding the King: what can the poore People do?

There is Rumour that the King hath collected a considerable Force, and is gone to besiege Hull.

The Parliament have issued an Order for the bringing in Money, Plate, Horses, &c., and have named the July 15, Earle of Essex Commander of the Army: many Friday. Gentlemen of the House of Commons have entered the Service, Lord Grey, Hollis, Sir William Waller, and our good friend the excellent Mr. Hampden.

The Paper says the Lord Willoughby is made Lord-Lieutenant of Lincolnshire; and Mr. Oliver Cromwell, the July 16, Member for Cambridge, is a Colonel: and will Saturday. raise Forces and Money in that County and Norfolk and Suffolk.

Some part of Suffolk has shown itselfe in Favour of the King. Would that my Lord were at Home: yet his Estates lying chiefly in Lincolnshire, his Presence there is doubtlesse important.

Not only have the Wealthier Sort brought in their Money, Silver Goblets, and such like, but poore Women of their small meanes, even to their Silver Bodkins and Thimbles.

The Royal Standard set up in Nottinghame: we heare that the King himself rode up to the Top of the Hill with the Standard Bearer: the evening was stormy, and the next morning the Standard was found blown downe; and some say it so happened a second time, and many of the Royalist Party much cast downe by an Event so ominous. Poore King, my Heart pitieth him, as who can help? happy they who are not set in the high places.

The King hath marched towards London: the Parliament, having notice thereof, ordered the Train-bands to September. be in readinesse, and that the City should be fortified with Posts and Chaines: and they say vast numbers of People, even Women and Children, came to the Worke, digging and carrying the Earth to make the new Fortifications.

Whilst that my Lord some while ago was raising and putting into order the Lincolnshire Militia, the King being informed

thereof wrote to him desiring him to desist: whereupon he returned Answer, that it was not in his power to do that which his Majesty required of him, without Breach of that Trust which he had undertaken to the Parliament, and to which he was encouraged by the Opinion of his Majesty's great Officers eminent in the Knowledge of the Lawes, wherein he was not learned.

The Lord Brooke is actively at work in Warwickshire.

Tidings of an Encounter betweene the two armies; the first Report that our Side were defeated: then came Others that the King's Forces were beaten with Oct. 28. great Losse. Certaine it was that a Battle had Friday. been fought: and late in the evening I saw from my Bedroom Window a Man riding up, his Horse stumbling from Fatigue, and presently was told it was Shephard. onely from great Necessitie would my Husband send from him this trusty Man, I feared some ill Newes: and when Shephard said his Lord was well, I could scarcely stand, so great was the Reliefe from that which I was afraid of hearing. A battle had beene fought at a Village called Keynton: Lord Essex with his Army in the Village, the King's halted at Edgehill. Essex advanced into the Plaine, and he ordered the Artillery to fire on that Part where the King was reported to be: and a terrible Fight began. The Royal Standard was taken: Prince Rupert entered Keynton, pillaging and committing great Cruelty: men said it would have gone hard with Essex if he had not thus lost time. My Lord joined them with his Regiment, Hampden's and another, in the height of the Conflict; they had laine on the Field all night, without Covering or Provisions. He told Shephard to tell mee he could not be in better Company, Colonel Hampden and he being much together. Some wished to pursue

the King, who is gone towards Banbury: others advised Rest for the Soldiers. I asked Shephard how my Lord looked, and he sayth passing well, not so wearie, to his thinking, as when in London: he is to remaine one or two Dayes; and take back Linen, &cc. After the first hurry of Feeling had somewhat subsided, I endeavoured to compose my Minde to a due Sense of Thankfulnesse that I am yet spared Tidings of his being wounded or even worse: how many Wives and Mothers at this time are weeping over the Dead, or watching the Wounded and Dying: and we know not whose Turne will be next.

Nov. 2. The Lord Say's House at Broughton hath beene taken by Prince Rupert.

Dr. Sampson walked over from Framkingham, and stayd Dinner: he hath heard that a sudden Attack had beene made by the King on Brentford. Lord Essex was Nov. 18, Saturday. in the House, which had just received a gracious Answer from the King, and asking if Hostilities were to be suspended. Whilst he spoke, he heard the Sound of Cannon: he hastily left the House, and gallopped acrosse the Park in the direction of the Sound; and he found that Prince Rupert, who was followed by the King and the whole Army, had taken advantage of a thick Fog, and had attacked Brentferd, where was Col. Hollis's Regiment, who fought so well, the Regiments of Colonel Hampden and my Lord Brooke had Time to come up: and when the Earle of Essex came up with a considerable Force, he found the Royalists had retired, and were stationed quietly on the western side of Brentford. The Parliament is in great Indignation, and have voted they will never treat with the King againe.

Essex at the head of more than 20,000 Men, it is sayd, was urged by Hampden, Hollis, and others to pursue the King, who

had retreated: but for what reason was not known, he remained still. Cart-loads of Provisions, Wine, and Ale, &c., were sent out of *London* to the Army.

Some say Sir Thomas Fairfax has beene defeated by the Earle of Newcastle.

1648.

NEWES from London: the Parliament have enter'd into a Negotiation with the King, to forme a Treaty of Peace, in order whereunto Commissioners have beene ap-March 29, pointed, and are now at Oxford, where it is sayd Monday. the King treats them with Civility. He refuses to have the Lord Say and Sele one of the Commissioners, because he had proclaim'd him a Traitour: and another was chosen in his place. Abroad there seemeth only Gloom and Apprehension: let mee hope that within our Home there is a brighter Prospect: Children well, and mending of their little Faults; and when I looke backe on the Yeare just past, I see Cause for Encouragement respecting them. 'And herein is any effort at Self-discipline well rewarded: the more circumspectly I endeavour to walke in the strait and narrow Way, bearing cheerfully the Crosses, and performing with diligence the Duties appointed mee, not onely is my owne Progresse in the Christian Path made evident in the Peace which at times I am favoured to experience: but in the increased Care and Watchfulnesse over the Tempers and Conduct of these deare Children, I am Witnesse of their Growth in Virtue and Happinesse. Before this Yeare cometh to a close, haply Peace may be in our borders, and the People shall dwell in a peaceable Habitation, and in quiet resting-places.

People say there was a Rising for the King at Lowestoffe, and that Colonel Cromwell, with 1000 Horse, came upon Thursday. them unawares, and gained the Towne with small difficulty: many Prisoners taken. Hitherto this side of the Country, being mostly for the Parliament, has beene

quiet: but now, I feare mee, we shall share in the general Disturbance.

It is confidently sayd Colonel Cromwell hath gone to Norwich:
Thankfull to heare the same, I had trembled to think of him within so few miles of us.

There is Newes that the Lord Brooke hath beene shot: I would faine hope this may not be the fact. The March, King has march'd forward to London with a great Monday. Army.

Armstrong heard at Woodbridge, when he went to the Faire on Wednesday, that Colonel Cromwell and my Lord have joined the Army at Loughborough, and are expected to make an Attack on Newark. They say Cromwell's Soldiers are the best ordered of any, save Hampden's Greencoates. The Lord Brooke's Death is much lamented. A party of Soldiers had taken possession of the Cathedral at Litchfield, and fired at the House where he then was, and the bullet struck his Head, and he died instantly. He hath left 5 Children; poore young Man, he hath soone fallen: it is a satisfaction to believe Lady Catherine and her Family will meet with Helpe and Protection from the Earle of Bedford.

All hope of present Peace is at an end. The Commissioners April 19. are re-called from Oxford without coming to any Wednesday, settlement of these unhappie differences.

Dr. Sampson hath seene some Letters wherein is mention of
Sir Thomas Fairfax having received a Shot in his
May 16,
Wrist, the losse of Blood was so great he lay on
the ground senselesse till his Surgeon came up.
His Wife was taken Prisoner with the Officer behind

whom she rid: and the Child after being carried on horseback for twenty houres could not hold out longer, and her Father thought would have dyed, in the frequent Swoonings she did fall into. Seeing her in so distressefull a state, he bade her Maid take her to a house he saw not farre off, where she did meet with kindly Treatment.

No Newes of my Husband, but am comforted to heare that
Sir Thomas Fairfax's little Daughter hath recover'd
May 22, and his Wife hath beene sent back by the Earle
Monday. of Newcastle in his owne Coach, and with a guard
of Soldiers. See cause to believe that I did most
consult my deare Husband's ease by remaining at home, of
which I have sometimes doubted.

Thanks be unto God, I have to-day a few Lines written by my
dearest Life in much haste. A slight hurt of his
July. left Arme being all the injury he hath sustained in
the late Fight near Grantham. Burleigh House
hath beene taken by Cromwell. Heard with feelings of sorrow
of the Decease of my honoured Uncle, the Lord Noel, at a
great age. We have not met of late, but I have never ceased
to love and respect him, and have at times received Tokens of
his Remembrance, valuable to mee for my deare Mother's sake,
who did entertaine for him a particular Affection.

The Diurnall sayth Sir John Meldrun was well nigh beaten at the Siege of Newark, the Garrison sallying. Wednesday. forth forced him to retreate, but the Lord Willough-by came gallantly up with his Regiment, and beate them backe into the Towne, taking divers Prisoners and a piece of Ordnance. Deare Husband, how conflicting are my Feelings, one moment rejoicing in his Success and proud of his Ability and Bravery; and then trembling for his Safety, and

stricken in Conscience that I could heare of Strife and Death, with ought but Horrour and Compassion.

Further Particulars of the Siege of Gainsborough have reach'd us: Colonel Crompell had retired to Lincoln Tuesday. to recruit his Forces, and my Lord was in Gainsborough, where he made a brave Defence, and repulsed sundry Assaults. The Earle's Force consisted of 6,000 Men: upon their proceeding to set fire to the Towne, my Lord, to save so terrible a Distresse and Ruine, sounded a Parley, and surrender'd upon quarter after eight days: but the Enemy broke the Articles and disarm'd his Soldiers, and others that had beene sent from Nottinghame. He hath now gone to Lincoln. considered to have done good Service, though the Towne is lost, having made some hundred Prisoners at first Taking of the Place, some of them Men of Rank, among them the Earle of Kingston, who with others being sent in a close boat to Hull: a party of Cavaliers seeing them passe by, called to them to stop the Boat, which they refusing to do, they fired, and so the Earle and his Man were slaine by their owne Friends. When I shall have private Intelligence I know not, or how I bear up under this terrible uncertainty, I know not: sorely am I perplex'd when I pray unto the God of Peace and Love to give Successe to our Armies: can his Blessing rest upon the Field of Strife and Death? Mercifull Father, looke with Pity on thy poore misguided Creatures, and over-rule all this Evill and Suffering to a wise and rightfull issue; and if it be possible, restore the Husband and Father to his helplesse Family: and helpe mee, oh God, to support whatever tryall thou mayst think fit to send mee: and in my own Distresse may I the more seeke to aide and comfort those who are yet more afflicted than has yet beene my lot in this time of Peril.

In the Paper mention is made of a Conspiracy: in which Mr.

Walter is concern'd: he is fined, and hath gain'd Permission to go abroad. Two Men have beene hang'd.

To-day my Pen must record the saddest event that next to private losse could have happen'd: Hampden, to whom all Men did looke up as a Patterne of Virtue and a most true Patriot, has fallen: he Saturday. was severely wounded in an encounter with Prince Rupert's Troops, who made a sudden Attack by night. Hampden's active and courageous Temper could not wait the slow steps of Essex, and he rode up to support his Friends. It had beene confidently sayd by many that Essex would be removed from the Command, and Hampden succeed him, and his Friends strove to keepe him back from this Skirmish. He was wounded in the shoulder by two balls, and rode off the Field in the direction of his Father-in-lawes Habitation at Pyrton, but could not go that way, by reason of the Enemy's Cavalry, and was taken into the House of one Browne: here he linger'd some days in severe Torments, notwithstanding which he writ divers Letters, and died on the 24th of June, a few houres after taking the Sacrament, offering up fervent Prayers for his Country. We are tempted to exclaim, Why might not one so excellent be delivered from the terrour by night, and the arrow that flieth by day? Allmost it seemeth as a judgement from Heaven upon our Cause. We heare of some serious Disasters to our Army: Bristol is deliver'd up to Prince Rupert, and elsewhere the King's Troops have beene successefull. Sir Harry Vane is in the North.

Heard at Framlingham that Hampden was interred in the Parish Church of Hampden, his Regiment followed July 5, him to the Grave singing the 90th Psalme: after Wednesday. seeing their Friend layd in the Grave, they returned singing the 43d, to expresse their Trust in God, and

looking to Him to deliver them and their Ceuntry from Injustice and Oppression. Thus do they truly honour the Memory of their beloved Leader in banding together to go on with his Worke: never was there such Consternation and Serrow at one Man's Death, as when the Tidings thereof did reach London, in the Parliament, and the People throughout the Land, as if their whole Army had beene defeated: his private Lesse is unspeakable.

As day succeedeth day I can only strive to wait with some degree of Composure for the next Reports: one of September 21, our Neighbours came up to the Hall to tell mee he Thursday. had met with some wounded Soldiers a few Miles beyond Wickham, who told him Sir Thomas Februar and Mr. Cromwell and my Lord have join'd Forces, and are designed for the North. Hull is besieged by the Earle of Newcastle: it is sayd he had secret Correspondence with the Hethams, which was timely discover'd; and Sir John Hotham and his Sonne are sent to the Tower, and the Charge of the Towne given to Sir Matthew Bointon, the Brother-in-law of Sir John.

The Towne of Nottinghame has beene sett on fire, but not more than two or three Houses destroy'd; and the September 25, same attempted agains at divers times, fire having Monday. beene discovered layd to barnes and other buildings; it is sayd that Women did go in companion at night, to prevent the burning, which doth seems strange. Mistresse Lucy Hutchinson hath not only dressed the Wounds of many of their owne Soldiers, but also of Prisoners brought into the Castle Dungson. I have afore-time heard her much commended as a kind Lady of great Capacity and Learning; and Colonel Hutchinson, who ever since he was Governour has had to contend with personal Jealousies and Opposition, my Lord

saith is one of the bravest and most honourable Men on our Side.

Tidings of a Battle at Newberry. The Lord Faulkland killed:

he hath soone followed his once beloved Friend
September 26, Hampden to the Grave, and doubtlesse to a world
Tuesday. where all Differences will cease. He was a Gentleman of great parts, and did love to entertaine at his House, near Oxford, Men of learning and ability: he was courteous and just to all, and did endeavour all he could to promote Peace betweene the King and his People. Also in this Battle the young Earle of Sunderland hath lost his Life.

"For a few dayes my deare Lord hath stay'd with us: and I have some hope, now that the severe Season hath set in, that he may perchance get time to see his Dec. 15, Friday. Family, and settle his Affaires: he hath now departed for London. He saith the Lord Faulkland had of late beene a changed Man: his gentle Spiritt and quick Feelings so distressed, that he could not sleepe, and would oft sit long in silence, at times uttering with deep Sighs the words Peace, Peace, and would say to his Friends, the very Agony of the Warre, and the Sight of the Calamities and Desolation the Kingdome did and must endure, would shortly breake his Heart. He was consider'd to have sought his Death, having no call to enter into the Fight, he being Secretary of State: he replied to one who did urge this on him, that he was wearie of the Times, and foresaw much Misery to his Countrey, and did believe he should be out of it ere night: and did call for a cleane Shirt, that his Friends might find his Body cleanly arrayed. more of Men's Minds was this Abhorrence of Warre and Strife. how happy would it be for mankind: but others say, yes but men must first act justly, then would they meete with Mercy. This

the King hath never done by his People, and now he must suffer: what is a Crowne if the head that wears it is dishonoured?

My deare Husband well in Body, but ill at ease in Mind.

Poore Mr. Pym is deceased after a life of Toyle and Suffering.

1643-4.

THE Season of Christmasse hath pass'd gloomily. At a time when Families are divided by Civill Differences and January 1, many gathered round a darkened and desolate Monday. Hearth, there is not much disposition to Mirthful-The newe Yeare hath arisen upon a distressed Land: the Dayes and the Weekes thereof are yet in the Hand of the Almightie: and who shall live or who shall die we know not. Apart from the publick Distractions and Unhappinesse, precious Blessings and abundant Mercies fill our House with rejoicing and thanksgiving: not onely Life but Limbs spared to him who had to go forth into Battle and danger, and Nurserie prospering. Methought as yesterday I sate by a bright Fire-side, my three little Daughters playing round mee, and the deare Father, though absent, in health and present safetie, few were so blest, suddenly their play ceased, and Di and Fanny were no where to be seene, Bess on my Knee: when hidden in the deep Bay Window, they sung to my eare very sweetly the Carols they had learned from the Neighbours Children: they staid up to Supper, and kept up a fine Prattle.

Walked downe to Wing fields: the poore Mother is in a pitiable state, her Son's lingering Death has worne her January 27, away, and she doth long to lay her head beside him Saturday. in the Grave. Strove to comfort her, but believe she took more in seeing mee share her Sorrow than in any Words I could say. Went on to see the Soldier who had his arme broken, beside other injuries; he was greatly better,

and able to walke a little: he sate cleaning his Carbine and Sword, and the Teares ran downe his Wife's pale Cheeke as he talked of againe joining the Army, so soone as he could beare the Fatigue: poore Creatures. The King hath summoned a Parliament at Oxford: it is reported many have left the one sitting at Westminster.

The King has beene forced to leave Oxford, and is gone to Worcester. The Earle of Manchester and his May 31, General Cromwell are in the North. This Oliver Priday. Cromwell riseth more and more into note.

As we sate downe to dine to-day some Horsemen were seene to approach, and Sir Harry Vane came into the Hall: he was on his way to Fairlawn: and in much kindnesse rode so farre out of his way to bring mee good Tidings of him nearest to my Heart, and of the growing Successe of the People's Friends: He is hurrying on to rejoyne the Army at Yorke, where are the Earle, General Fairfax, and Colonel Cromwell; a large body of Scotch Troopes under their old Commander Leslie have joined So soone as he was gone, retired to my Closet disturbed in Minde and Conscience: in Conscience, that I had beene ledde away by Sir Harry's vehement and powerful Minde to catch something of the same Spirit whilst listening to particulars of this terrible Warfare, wherein seemeth to mee now a want of womanly Tendernesse and Pity, and sorely distracted is my poore Minde by conflicting feelings of Wife and Mother: our Duties separate us in these fearefull Times: hitherto I have remained calmly at my post, but how can I longer abide so farre from one exposed to suffering and Death, who is dearer than my owne Life: yet have I beene supported through times of like Anxiety in a good degree of Quietnesse and Patience: let mee pray for renewed Strength and Faith.

June 18, The Queene hath given birth to a Daughter at Tuesday. Exeter, on the 16th.

The Chaplaine returned Thankes at morning Prayers for the Victory gained by our Army: he hath received July 6, Intelligence, it seemeth, by a sure hand, that a great Saturday. Battle hath beene fought at a place called Marston Moor, a few miles from Yorke.

Some further Particulars have reached us: Prince Rupert
has beene wholly defeated, a vaste number of PriJuly 11, soners taken, as also Armes of divers sorts, PouderThursday. barrels, the Colours and Standards, and more than
20 Pieces of Ordnance. The losse on our part
small: alas, alas, all are Englishmen, and Children of one common Father. Sir Thomas Fairfax his Men have received great
Hurt, and himselfe well nigh lost his Life: his Brother Charles
hath since dyed of his Wounds and lies buried there.

I have no Letter, but a Message by word of mouth, that sets my Heart at rest: Thanks be unto God.

The Earle of Newcastle hath left the Kindome, and so it is reported hath Sir Marmaduke Langdale and others. Our Army has taken possession of Yorke.

It hath beene very cold of late; sharp Frost in the Nights,
the Oak Leaves wither and fade and come flutter
Oct. 22, ing downe with every little Blast: and the Swallows
Tuesday. are gone away, after collecting in Flocks on the
Roofe of the House, during the past Weeke.

Nov. 18, The Archbishop of Canterbury hath agains Monday. beene brought before the barre of the House.

Great Feare and Amazement in the Countrey round at the sight of three Sunnes in the firmament, and a Raine-Nov. 19. bow with the Bend towards the Earth: and this Tuesday, happening on the King's Birth-day many did thinke it portended Evill to him, and it was remembered that a remarkable Starre was seene to shine at nooneday, the Day whereon the Prince of Wales was borne: some wept and trembled, and divers both men and women did kneele downe in the roads and fields. That which did most affect my Minde was beholding the Bow, that had beene set in the Clowde as a Token of the everlasting Covenant, now appearing as it were overthrown. I had withdrawne to my Closet, when Alice did send to speake with mee in the Still-room: She had beene out to looke at the wondrous Sight, and was greatly perturbed: I did remaine with her till she was somewhat comforted.

Letter from London: Mr. Cromwell hath made a strong Speech in the House, and a Mr. Zouch Tate hath moved the bringing in of an Ordinance to exclude all Members of Parliament, whether of the House of Lords or Commons, from Command and Offices in the Army; he was seconded by Sir Harry Vane, and the Motion carried. A Petition from the Citizens of London hath beene presented, thanking the House for their Care over the Commonwealth. Opposition by Whitelock and others, who spoke against the Motion as a perilous and uncalled for novelty.

The Bill which they call the Self-denying Ordinance has past: In my Ignorance I know not what is like to be the Effect of this new Act: they say the Removal of Essex is chiefly aimed at.

Dissensions arise in our owne Party: fresh Discussion on the Self-denying Ordinance Bill, which has at length Dec. 11, passed the Commons; but when sent up to the Wednesday. Lords was rejected. The Commons have named Sir Thomas Fairfax as General in chief in place of the Earle, and other Alterations in the Army have beene made, and partly agreed to by the Lords.

1644-5,

A LETTER from my deare Lord: he writes with melancholy
Heart, no Effort could save his former Friend,
James 6, poore Sir John Hotham has beene put to deathe:
Monday. his Son was executed the day before. Sir John
had few Friends, he had a cold harsh manner:
the Lords had past a Vote for his Reprieve, which being knewn,
he did fully expect one to the last moment: but the Commons
would not give way, the Execution proceeded.

The Chaplaine is return'd: another of these dreadfull Executions: the Archbishop was beheaded on the 10th, January 14, poor old Man, he hath suffered even in this world a large measure of retribution for his past Cruelties: Tuesday. at the end of his Speech, when upon the Scaffold, he said he forgave all the World, all and every of his bitter Enemies; that no man could be more willing to send him out of the World than he was to go out. Some over-zealous Presbyterian did presse him with Questions: he replied the Knowledge of Jesus Christ was alone the meanes of Salvation. Headsman he gave some Money, and said, Do thine office is Mercy. As he knelt downe, he turned pale, thereby proving it false what some were whispering about, that he had painted his face, that he might not looke afraid. It is thought that he was brought to Death chiefly by meanes of the Scots Party, in their vehement and unchristian Revenge for the Part he had taken to force upon them the Liturgy, and to remove him out of their way.

The Scots Commissioners have obtained the setting aside of the abhorred Liturgy: but Parliament refuses to give them any legislative or judiciall Authority: so the Chaplaine doth informe mee.

Sir Harry Vane is appointed one of the Parliament's Commissioners to meete those of the King at a town January 30, called Uxbridge. What Mercy would it be, if a Wednesday. peacefull Settlement could now be entered into, of the Countreye's Grievances and the King's Claims: and this would seeme not unpossible, if the King's Word could be depended upon. It is thought he might be brought to yeeld some Points but for the Influence of the Queene, which is never for good. She it was who added the Postscript to the King's Letter on Strafford's businesse, That if he must die, it were charity to reprieve him till Saturday.

This being my Diana's Birth-day, I did my endeavour to contrive for her some Amusement more than ordinary: tooke her first to my Closet, and after halfe an houre spent there in, I hope, a profitable manner, we joined the other Children. eight yeares of age, mends of her little Faults, and hath gained a greater degree of command over her Temper: she is Truthfull, and showeth a tender Conscience, active and industrious, and withall can enjoy a Game of Play right well. She bids fair to be comely in Countenance and of gracefull Carriage: a Satisfaction to mee, as doubtlesse it will be to herselfe. I professe not to be indifferent on this Point for my Daughters, as some are or pretend to be: neither do I think beauty any peculiar Snare to the possessor of it, but rather contrariwise, unlesse · the Mind be neglected, or is by nature vaine and selfish beyond the ordinary degree in which these Defects are shared by most: and even then such Passions are no worse than in the ill-favoured.

though mayhap more conspicuous by the contrast. The three Girls and some young Companions made very merry.

My deare Lord arrived most unexpectedly: he saith there is no hope of Peace. After three weekes Negotiation, the Parliament have recalled their Commis-Feb. 26. sioners. He looketh worne, and would faine Tuesday. leave all these Distractions, and doth sometimes talke of going out to Barbadoes. Jealousies and Bickerings increase; and he with some others, sickened with Warre and Intrigue, are readie to make allmost any Terms with the King. Would that our good and excellent Friend Hampden had been spared: trusted by all, and wise as brave, we should have had a head to our Party, fit to governe, and one whom all would follow. Sir Harry Vane in close Intimacy with Cromwell: he and Fairfax keep up the Energy and determined Spirit of the Parliamentary Partie. How small a matter it seemeth would set all right.

April 9, During the time my deare Husband could re-Wednesday, maine, found not time for writing.

A long time hath elapsed since I held the penne: the illnesse of my three Girls hath occupied mee night and day. Fanny began with the Measles, and had a dangerous time of it, through the Fever which ranne high, and Symptomes of Inflammation of the Lunges: and for many nights I did never undresse; Di followed, but thro' Mercy had the Complaint lightly: and deare Bess, though sadly troubled by the Irritation, had but little Cough. This Season of Care and bodily Fatigue, and at one time of Alarm, hath not beene without its Use and Comfort: Troubles that arise in the naturall Course of Providence, and are adapted to our Nature and Situation, bring with them somewhat of Peace, and oft of Thankfulnesse. We receive Paine

and Sicknesse as from the Hand of God, and looke to him to helpe us under them: and my Minde having thus beene called off from the Contemplation of the distressefull State of this poore unhappy Countrey, is renewed in Strength. Many sweet little Sayings of the Children at different times of their Sicknesse have given great Encouragement respecting them: can there be ought so precious to a Mother as a sure Hope that the Spirit of her Child hath tasted of the Fountaine of living Waters? May the Lord helpe me to cherish these faire Blossoms of Piety and Goodnesse: and grant that they may bring forth, some thirty, some sixty fold. And, oh God, thou who hast made mee, unwesthy as I am, to be the Instrument of thy good Providence towards these little ones, make mee daily more sensible of my owne Sinfullnesse, my owne Weaknesse, and assist mee in the Worke thou hast given mee to do. According unto the Multitude of thy tender Mercies blot out my Transgressions: wash mee thoroughly from mine Iniquity, and cleanse mee from my sinne. Create in mee a cleane Heart, O God, and renew a right Spirit within mee. Thou hast crowned me with Loving-kindnesse and tender mercies: blesse the Lord, O my Soul.

Cambden House, near Evesham, Sir Baptist Noel's, has beene burnt downe to prevent the Parliament making it a May.

Garrison. It was built not many yeares ago at a great Cost and was a noble Building.

The day so milde the Children went out, and did greatly
enjoy the fresh aire, and rambling about the
June 21, Fields: seated on the Bank by the Pond, they
Saturday. wove Caps and Baskets of Rushes. Fanny's
dainty Hands and slim Fingers looking barely
strong enough for the worke: whilst we were all at worke, we
saw Dr. Sampson coming acrosse the Field: whereupon I left
them, to hear what newes he might bring. At their tender age,

I like not their hearing of Fighting and Crueltie more than can be helped. I have heard little of publick Affaires since the Battle at Naseby, whereat our Army was victorious, and Colonel Cromwell's part much noised abroad. Dr. Sampson says the King's Cause hath suffered more by the Letters found in his Cabinet, the same being now made publick, than by his Defeate: many of his Friends greatly grieved thereby: his Double-dealing and Arrogance herein proved, during his Treaty with the Parliament at Uxbridge, as likewise in the Irish Affaire. He has now left Ragland Castle, it is supposed making towards the North. Prince Rupert delivering up the City of Bristol in foure Dayes, after that he had boasted he could keepe it foure Months, hath greatly incensed the King against him. Whilst at Ragland the King did give into Hunting and other Sports, and this the while his people were suffering, and many giving up their Property and Time in his Cause, his very Crowne too in peril.

Reading in the Arcadia the Prayer of Pamela: so well pleased therewith that I know not that I can spend June 25, my Time more profitably this morning than in Wednesday. copying the same, that I may have it nigh at hand.

O all-seeing Light, and eternal Life of all things: to whom nothing is either so great that it may resist, or so small that it is contemned: looke upon my Misery with thine Eye of Mercy, and let thine infinite Power vouchsafe to limit out some portion of Deliverance unto mee, as to thee shall seeme most convenient. Let not Injury, O Lord, triumph over mee, and let my Faults by thy Hand be corrected, and make not mine unjust Enemy the Minister of thy Justice. But yet, my God, if in thy Wisdom this bee the aptest Chastisement for my inexcusable Folly, if this low Bondage bee fittest for my

over-high Desires, if the Pride of my not enough humble Heart bee thus to bee broken, O Lord, I yield unto thy will and joyfully embrace what Sorrow thou wilt have mee suffer. Onely thus much let me crave of thee (let my craving, 0 Lord, bee accepted of thee, since even that proceeds from thee), let mee crave even by the noblest Title, which in my greatest Affliction I may give myselfe, that I am thy Creature, and by thy Goodnesse (which is thyselfe) that thou wilt suffer some beame of thy Majestie so to shine into my Minde that it may still depend confidently on thee. Let Calamitie bee the exercise, but not the overthrow of my Virtue: let this Power prevail, but prevail not to their destruction: let my Greatnesse be their Prey: let my pain bee the Sweetnesse of their Revenge: let them, if so it seemeth good unto thee, vex me with more and more Punishment. But, O Lord, let never their Wickednesse have such a Hand, but that I may carry a pure Minde in a pure Body.

My Lord telleth mee he met with Colonel Hammond, who was at the taking of Basing-house, and made Prisoner Oct. 20, there: he and another Officer were taken, before the House was attacked, by a Party stealing out Monday. therefrom on a foggy night. Lieutenant General Cromwell wrote a Letter acquainting the Governour that if any violence were offered these Men, the best in the House should not expect Quarter. The Countesse of Winchester's Gentlewoman and Waiting-woman were killed by a Cannon-shot. Sir Marmaduke Rawdon declared to the Marquesse who proposed to surrender, he would not, so long as a dog, or a cat or rat did remaine: yet it would seeme there was not much Danger of such Extremity, there being found in the Castle vast store of Wheat and 300 Flitches of Bacon, and forty-thousand pounds weight of Cheese, besides Beef. They took off the Lead from the Turrets, to use for Bullets: and the Marchionesse with her

Ladies did helpe to cast them. There were within the Castle 600 common Soldiers, most whereof Papists, and fought desperately. Inigo Jones, the great Builder, is one of the Prisoners. So likewise was Winceslaus Hollar who did make his escape. He is one well skilled in the Arte of engraving on Copper. My Lord Arundell did once show mee some small Figures by him, of Women of divers Condition and mode of Apparell, accurately designed from the Life, Merchants' Wives, Country Women, and the like. Hollar had Losse of his Patron when the Earle, who brought him to England, accompanied the Queene Mother and did remaine in Foreign Parts; the King having look'd coldly on him since the Affaire of Strafford he did not incline to returne. Also it is sayd his Majestie was offended by his boldnesse of Speech on some occasion, maintaining his own Right, albeit opposed to the King's Wishes. Hammond sayth, the Marquesse, on some Quarrel with Sir Marmaduke, he being of the English Church, and the Marquesse a Roman Catholick, became suspicious of him being the Governour, and had him removed; and shortly thereafter the House was taken, the Storme not lasting more than an houre. The Silver plate, Cabinets, Jewells, and other Treasure did afford rich Plunder: the House is burned down to the Ground.

Greatly surprised to read in the Perfect Diurnall, that the House has moved that the Lord Willoughby be made an Earle, and the same of other Lords, and that the Earles of Essex, Pembroke, &c., be made Dukes: in all likelihood the matter will end here. They whose Titles are of long Descent, methinks, would not consider newe ranke, given under the circumstances, as any addition to their Dignitie. We heare an English Barony is to bee conferr'd on Lieutenant General Cromwell, with an Estate of 2500 Pound yearly.

A Neighbour of the blind Widow came up at Noone to say

the poore infirme Creature did appeare neare her last Houre: went straightway to her Cottage, she was still sensible, and did expresse great Satisfaction at my coming: sate some time by her bedside, she spoke of her Sonne, whom she yet beleeves living, and strong were her Supplications that Divine Mercy might be extended to him, that he might turne from the Evill of his Wayes, even at the Eleventh Houre: My poore prodigal Sonne, thus she spake, hath he in that distant Land, away from his poore old Mother, call'd to minde her Words, her Prayers, and return'd to his Heavenly Father, saying, I have sinned in thy sight, and am no more worthy to be called thy Sonne. If the Lord in his Mercy would give mee this hope, then would his unworthy Servant depart in peace. She seemed comforted: and repeated at intervals, With God all things are possible. I left her, in her awful Passage from Life unto Death, a passage to her deprived of Terrour, for her Faithe forsooke her not, but rather burned brighter and brighter, even to the End: she did not live through the night. Her Gaine is my Losse: though poore and meane, I have failed not to find in her Company Edification and offtimes Comfort.

The King hath fled by night from Newark to Oxford: the two Houses have againe resolved to submit to certain Propositions.

My Lord hath heard that the young Earle of Carlisle hath established his Claime to the Barbadoes Property, and is inclin'd to enter into Negotiation concerning the same. Present Perill in fighting or strife, or Perill of the deepe waters and pestilence, which so ever way I turne Trouble on every side.

An order hath pass'd that the Summe of 3300 pounds be paid to Lord Willoughby, which I am sure the sayd Lord much needeth.

Having been told that Peggy Lydgate was in trouble, I sett forth early as it was farre to walke. Tooke with mee the young Greyhound. Rested awhile at the Bridge, saw many Fish, and a Water hen with her young ones paddling about at the Water's edge by the tall Reeds. The King-fishers did use to frequent hereabout, but they came not in sight to-day: feare mee they have beene killed or frighted away; the People deem it lucky to possess them, and hang them up in their Houses. Further downe where the streame narrows stayed againe to hearken to the pleasant Sound made by the Water running with little splashes amid the stones, and keeping up a cheerfull rippling noise as it went on its way through the Meadow below. The Doore of the Cottage was open, Peggy was seated on a low stool, her Face covered with her Apron, the 2 Lads standing by The poor Creature hath cause enow for trouble, both her Sons would be Souldiers, the elder in the King's Army, whilst the younger would join the Parliament Forces, some of his Kinsfolk having a yeare agone followed Mr. Oliver Cromwell; so in all likelihood would the Brothers meet in fight against each other. They did appeare moved by their Mother's griefe, the youngest methought shewed some tokens of yielding. I bade him follow mee good part of the way home and have hope that a few words I then spake would prove of some availment.

August 16, Armstrong mett Robert Lydgate, he sayd his Saturday. Mother tooke on so, hee had not the heart to leave her: his Brother was gone.

The Children greatly pleased with a tame squirrell sent them by the old Man at the Mill. Three Turkeys Oct. 23, and a Basket of Fish came up this day from Thursday. Martins'.

Latham House in Lancashire is taken: the Lady Derby hav-

ing defended it two yeares: the Earle in the Isle of Man by the King's command. For 9 Months Dec. 9. together the besieged Party held Communication Tuesday. with their Friends by meanes of a Dog, in this way: they tied a Letter round his Throat, and he went to where he did use to live, 3 miles off: here he was kept, and when any Papers were to be sent, his Mistress tyed them in like manner, and having kept him awhile a hunger'd, open'd the door and beat him out, when he set off and returned to his Master, who was in Latham House. He was at last shot by a Souldier, but got to the Mote-side near the Gate, and there died. The House is burnt: the rich silk Hangings of the Beds were torn to pieces, and made into Sashes. The history of the Dog was related to mee by one there present.

Great Disagreement in the House: the Scots take the Side of the Presbyterians. There seemeth no Master-Dec. 13, minde to give a steady Direction to the Power they Thursday. have gained. General Cromwell and Fairfax are away from London, deeming it most prudent, as they hold out, to bring the rest of the Kingdome into subjection to the Parliament, before they besiege the King at Oxford. People remark that other Generals shut themselves up in Winter-quarters, but this Cromwell sets at Defiance the Cold of Winter, Stormes and Darknesse.

1646.

LAST weeke Fairfax and Cromwell reached Newberry a place within a short distance from Oxford, and where the April. Lord Faulkland was killed, whereupon the King fled from that City in disguise: surely brought to this extremity he would yeeld to his Parliament, and keepe to his Engagements. He hath made a Treaty with the Scots, through his Agent Montreuil. I do heartly wish they may convey him in safety to Scotland, and thence beyond Seas, there to abide for a time, till the heate of Men's Spirits against him passe away, and haply then Affaires might be settled for his returne to his Kingdome. The Prince of Wales is sayd to have escaped. My deare Husband is wearie with the Confusion, and apprehendeth an Army may in the ende be more tyrannical and a worse Enemie to contend with than a King.

It is sayd the poore defeated King flits like a hunted Partridge
from one Garrison to another; the last Report was

June. of his being at Newark. The Princes Rupert and
Maurice have demanded Passeports of Parliament
to go beyond seas. The Commons readily complyed, with
Thankfulnesse to get rid of one who hath shed so much English
Blood. Prince Rupert hath latterly shewne great Disrespect and
contemptuous Manner to the King.

On the 15th Parliament sent Deputies to the King at Newcastle, with an Address containing Propositions express-July 20. ing their wish for Peace.

Sitting yesterday toward evening at the Bay-window, in great Abstraction of Minde, oppressed by a sense of my August 19, lonely Condition, I did weepe unrestrainedly, know-Wednesday, ing not that I was perceived by any, until a little Hand was put into mine, and Lizzy's face was raysed up to kisse mee. Sorrowfull Thoughts could not be at once set aside, and I did not speake to her for a time, for my Heart was heavy. She sate quietly downe at my Feet with a gentle loving looke and so remained. The Raine had ceased and the Sunne shon in through the side casement. The Light as it fell upon her golden Haire made her seeme like to the holy Children in the Italian Pictures. Of such, methought, are the Kingdom of Heaven: thus looketh, and haply is even now nigh unto me, separated only by this veil of Flesh, the Spirit of my precious Child; as the Flower of the Field so he perished, and my Heart yet yearneth after him, my First-borne. and tooke Lizzy in my armes and held Her up to the Window. A few pale flowers of the Musk Rose smelled sweetly after the Raine. Di and Fanny were running on the Terrace: wee went out to them, and they were as merrie as Birds: and I did put from me my own Griefe. Very gracious is the Lord unto me, and in him I will trust.

Had occasion to looke for some Papers wanted by the Steward, having relation to the Estates of Lincolnshire, which I thought to find in the Cabinet, presented to mee by my honoured Father on my Marriage. Found them not therein, opened a little Drawer which did containe a Box made of the wood called Sandal of a sweet Perfume, a small piece of Amber, and a Signet Ring of wrought Gold curiously graven, which if I misremember not Sir Henry Wotton did bring from Italy. In another Drawer was a sprig of Rosemarie, how much hath come to passe since the day whereon I tooke it with mee in sadnesse from the desolate room

where my deare *Mother* departed this life! she went to a timely Rest.

Newes hath arrived that Fairfax has taken Ragland Castle in Wales. The old Marquesse held out bravely more August. than ten dayes, but at length surrender'd: as many as eight hundred People and Souldiers marched forth the Castle, which I have heard say is a noble Building. The Marquesse was accompanied by his Sonne Lord Charles, the Countesse of Glamorgan, and Lady Jones. How great a change for this venerable Nobleman, who but a short time since did entertaine with princely Magnificence and Loyaltie his Sovereign: and now both King and Subject are Wanderers. Beside losing his Castle, he is like enough to lose large summes of Money which he hath lent the King: high and low, Misery is over all the Land.

Sept. 16. The Earle of Essex died on the 14th.

1646-7.

The Scots having received the Summe of 200,000 pound, have march'd out of Newcastle, leaving the King to the January 28, Commissioners of Parliament, the Earles of Pen-Wednesday. broke and Denbigh, and the Lord Montague, and the Commissioners of the House of Commons. It tooke 36 Carts to carry the bags of Money to Yorke, and some say it did take nine or ten dayes to count the same.

The poore King, a Prisoner in his owne Kingdome, is now established at Holmby House, and hath expressed Feb. 19, his Satisfaction with his Treatment there and Actriday. commodation, with one Exception, that he hath no Chaplaine, the which he petitioneth for, but it is not thought safe or expedient, and they who have taken the ordering of this Businesse have sent him Chaplaines of their owne Persuasion, but the King will not listen to them, neither will he permit them to say Grace at his Table: Men say he beareth his Misfortunes, which truly are many, with Dignity and Chearfulnesse.

My deare Husband hath much Turmoile in the House. The
Earle of Warwick doth aime to get the three
March 10, Earles, Bedford, Hollande, and Clare admitted: the
Friday. which others would if possible prevent, and they
talke of getting the Commons to bring in an impeachment of the Lord. Hollande, on some Affaire which my
Husband calleth the Forrest-businesse, of which I know not:-

beside this he went over to the other Party, notwithstanding that he had taken the Oath.

The Lord Lisle hath been removed from the Government of Ireland: and likewise his Brother Algernon Sydney

May 12, from Dublin, the latter on the Motion of old Sir

Wednesday. Henry Vane. This sudden removal of his Sonnes

will no doubt be displeasing to the Earle of Leicester,
though he keepeth himselfe in much privacy at Penshurst, and
meddleth not in publick Businesse.

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Yester night did receive a Letter from my Sister Albinia, wherein she doth expresse much tender Solicitude and Affection. Let mee be duly thankfull for the May 14, Love of so many deare Friends. Children through Friday. mercie keepe well. Have observed with satisfaction that Fanny hath of late shown more Denial of Selfe. day I did note an instance, though in a small matter. Alice had made two shapely Pincushions of watchet coloured Brocade, and as is too much her wont did give Fanny the one of most curious Device and Workmanship, who quickly perceiving some Dissappointment to be felt by her Sister, with winning manner did prevaile upon her to exchange Gifts. I did refraine from bestowing Commendation, believing it to be our Duty to leave undisturbed by humane Praise, the appointed connexion of inward Peace with the performance of Duty. By the contrarie practice we encourage the growth of that, which hereafter we strive to up-root, the seeking the Praise of Men rather than the Praise of God.

On Saturday the 5th the Commons sate long, and because of the greatnesse of their Businesses they resolved to June 10, sit even the next day (Sunday). They did desire Thursday. the Peers to do so likewise, which they, expecting

some great Matter, agreed to do. Mr. Algernon Sidney did tell my Husband that when the Commons met, Mr. Marshall their famous 'Minister did pray for and with them, and that when he ended his Prayer, the Commons desyred him to make a repetition of his Sermon which he had preach'd that day at Westminster. The same being over, the Commons rose without doing any thing, and without sending so much as a word to the Lords.

Much Discontent rising up: the *Presbyterian* Party have proclaim'd the establishment of their Form of June 24, Worship to the exclusion of every other. My *Thursday*. Lord becometh more and more dissatisfied with the Spirit of Bigotry which has of late gathered such Strength, and the Self-exaltation, as exclusive as that of Popery, which they do condemn in others. This is most contrary to my deare *Husband's* naturall disposition and former Principles. It is proposed to reduce the Army, and some Troops have been disbanded.

The Army is greatly incensed, and hath broke up its Quarters at Nottinghame, and march'd, People say, upon June 25, London. Alas, must more blood be shed? What Friday. will become of this unhappy Countrey: no King, no Rulers, and a large victorious Army set in opposition to the now feeble power of a misguided and fanatic House of Commons. And woe is me, the Husband whom I love and honour, so mixed up with them that he must abide by their acts, and share in them.

The Earle of Northumberland hath had permission to take the King's Children to see their Father: coming to Caversham, we are told a great number of People flocked thither to see them, and strewed the Way with greene branches and herbes. Poore Children, their pitifull Condition moveth many hearts, and no marvell; many will in secret rejoice that this drop of comfort is permitted to the unhappy King.

The monthly Fast: met with the Remark following, which
seemeth much to the purpose: Let thy religious
June 28, Fast be a voluntary Abstinence, not so much from
Monday. Flesh as fleshly Thoughts. He fasts truly that abstains sadly, grieves really, gives cheerefully, and
forgives charitably.

Alice becometh daily more infirme, and is but little able to take any oversight: think to place my own Waiting-woman more in charge, and she hath given some Instructions to Patience, who is apt at her needle, and will suit me well-enough.

As I came up from the Dairie met the Children full of Sorrow that a poore Partridge had been killed by a Soythe, whilst sitting on her Nest: the Egges are put under a Hen, and the Men think will be hatch'd in a few dayes.

August 3, Voted in the House that the Army should not Tuesday. come within 40 Miles of London.

The Army, they say, hath made St. Alban's their Headquarters, and have sent up to accuse Hollis, Stapleton, Maynard, and others.

Great Tumults in London. The Speakers of both Houses and great part of the Members have put themselves under the Protection of the Army. Sorely perplex'd, and know not what is the meaning of these disturbances, or what may befall my Husband: the Children, too young for care, are as happy as May-queenes.

Aug. 12, One Day cometh, and then another, and yet no Thursday, Tidings: this is hard to endure, ignorant what may betide us in these evill Times.

Late to-night my dearest Life rode hastily up: he was safe for the present moment, and my first Feeling was of unmix'd Thankfulnesse to Him who per-Aug. 14, Saturday. mitted us to meete once more. After he had rested awhile, he entered into some Relation of the late Events in the House. He and many others have believed that the Power of the Army endangered the libertie of the Countrey, and the Common Council of London united with them, and met, and sent a Letter to the Generall declaring their wish for Peace, and entreating that the Army might not advance, nor intermeddle with the Rights and Privileges of the City. The Trainbands were ordered out. Some Members met in either House. but the Speakers came not: and to my Lord's Amazement he was chosen Speaker, pro tempore, and Mr. Pelham of the Com-They proceeded to appoint a Committee of Safety: and the City issued a Proclamation to the effect that they desired a happy and speedy Peace, by the Settlement of true Religion, and the re-establishing his Majesty in his just Rights and Authority. But the Proceedings of the House were marked by uncertainty and trepidation, and the day following, Fairfax came up to Westminster attended by Cromwell and regiments of Horse and Foot. The Generall on horse-back with his Lifeguard, then the Speakers and Members of the Lords and Commons in coaches, and another regiment of Horse brought up the Mr. Whitelock writes, the Officers and Gentlemen, and every Soldier had a branch of lawrel in his hat. The Generall received the Thankes of both Houses, and was made Lieutenant of the Tower: and thus the Army asserted its Supremacy.

For a time the consideration of our private Affaires was set

aside, in the momentous concerns of this distracted Kingdome. Who will arise with a strong minde and pure Heart, to bring these struggles for Freedome, and these conflicting Opinions to a happy issue? There is one my Husband sayes who lackes not the will to become Leader, or peradventure the power: but none have penetrated his heart, or know if he may be trusted. I did once behold this Cromwell, who maketh so many quail before him, but methought his Looke was hard and cunning, and I liked him not. And the King, deare Husband, I asked, is he safe, will he depart the Countrey? No Man knoweth, he reply'd: he will not be permitted to leave the Countrey, if Guards and strong Castles can prevent- He is safe, so far as concernes his Life: he may be deprived of Power or even of his Crowne, but on no Plea can they take his Life; and yet who shall say where they will stop? I would lay down my Life to know him to be safe: we have fought and striven, and have set a Stone rolling that haply will crush all that come in its way, Laws, Parliament, or even the King himselfe. My Husband leant downe his Head on the table, and hid his Face on his arme, and so remained overwhelmed by the prospect of Misery before us. I ventured not to speake: it is an awfull thing to behold the Spirit of a strong Man shaken, and to hear Sobbes burst forth from his over burthened Heart. At length such violent Shivering seized him that I summoned Armstrong. We endeavoured to persuade him to drinke a little Wine, he tooke some, but begged for Water, his mouth was so parch'd: after some time he went to bed, and desired that Armstrong might sit up by him during the first part of the night, his owne Man having had poore rest of late: he feared to affright mee by his uneasie sleepe. I layd mee downe in the Nurserie, rising oft to see if he slept: toward 3 of the clock he was more quiet: and at 4 I sent Armstrong to bed, and tooke his place by my poore Husband. I look'd on his altered Countenance, sunk and pale, the faire Brow wrinkled, and his long black Haire

now gray and disorder'd: a slight quivering of his Lippes and unequall Breathing betoken'd still uneasy rest: my Eyes grew blinded with Teares, and I bent downe and hid my face on the Pillow beside his. And here to my surprise found I had dropt asleepe: he seeming likely to remaine quiet, I arose softly and stepp'd into my Closet, and there alone, endeavoured to compose my Thoughts: had he not been preserv'd in many Battles and dangers, and should I now give up Faith in the good Providence of God, believing heartily that we are safer in his Hands than if we could take the ordering of our Fate into our owne? I would faine have my deare Life depart hence with speed, but untill he knoweth what Course the Parliament will hold towards him, and those with whom he hath acted, he is unwilling to leave the Kingdome: he hath Enemys in the House of Commons, but likewise good Friends, and he doubteth not receiving timely Notice of any measure to his Hurt. would ill beseem his Wife to counsel flight, nor would I, how great soever my Feares, if he could doe ought for his King or Countrey by remaining: but this Subjugation of the Parliament by the Armie, will bring the Countrey under the fierce and uncertaine Rule of the Souldiers and their Commanders, and there is no Party to withstand them. I strive to put from mee the dreadfull Vision of the Scaffold and the Block, which hath often visited mee in the night-watches when such danger existed not, but now may well fill my soul with Terrour. I will beseech him to passe over to Holland, he sayeth the worst will be Imprisonment in the Tower: but how many are led therefrom onely to their Death.

Word brought by a sure Hand that it is order'd by the House of *Peeres*, that the Lords impeach'd by the Com-Sept. 11, mons be brought up to answer to the Impeachment. Saturday. Friends of my Husband advise him to keepe out of the way untill the present Heate and storme be a

little past over: this Counsell but ill receiv'd by him, and he is bent upon appearing.

The King hath escaped from Hampton Court: the Report is, that he having retired to be private, as hath been his custome a short space before evening Prayers, and Nov. 13. Saturday, staying somewhat longer than usuall, it was taken notice of, and not yet coming forth, suddenly there were Feares of the cause hereof, which were encreas'd by the crying of a Dog within, he had latterly kept constantly with him a favourite Greyhound, often saying he did prefer them to Spaniels, upon Search being made, it was found the King had departed by a back Doore which ledde to the Garden. I do heartily hope he may get away: methinks he will then stand in a more honourable position to make Termes with his Parliament than when shut up as a Prisoner: and the People finding themselves without a King, perchance may wish for him back. It is currently believ'd that some Officers of the Armie did secretly communicate with the King, and had Instructions from Generall Cromwell himselfe and others, that if he would assent to their Proposals, which were lower than those of the Parliament, the Armie would settle him againe on the Throne: and it is thought he was hereupon inclined in his own Judgement to enter into a Treaty with them, but was diswaded by the Bishops. Some are as hotly against Cromwell as against the King: nay some goe so farre as to say he was in danger of being sent to the Tower. had he not left London before they were prepared.

Made the needfull preparations for my Departure: my stay in London must of necessitie bee uncertaine: wearied by much Toyle and Care, but Duty clear, is a Help through difficulties. The Morrow is a day of Rest, and will bee a season of Comfort and renewed Strength if used aright.

This being a day whereon the Parliament sate not, the Lord Gray and Henry Willoughby, a young Kinsman of my Husband's tooke mee to see some Tapestrie Nov. 24. Wednesday. Hangings in the House of Peeres. A Portrait of Sir Ambrose Willoughby is work'd therein, who was Uncle to the late Lord, and Grandfather to Henry. They did persuade mee to be carried in a Sedan-chaire: I was well pleased to get out againe, being much discomfitted by the jolting. After some examination we discovered the Portraite, on the border under the Armes of the Lord High Admiral: it is of oval shape, a Gorget of plate armour over his Doublet, and a picked Beard and Mustachoe, like to those now worne. in Command of a Ship against the Armada. I was faine to aske whereabout my deare Husband had heretofore sate, but when the Thought arose, that the next time he would enter that House it would be as a prisoner to be tried by Men, many of whom were his bitter Enemies, I could scarce raise my Voice: the Lord Gray suspecting wherefore I look'd around so wistfully, did kindly point out the Place.

To-day my Husband occupied himself for my satisfaction in drawing up a Letter to the House of Lords, something to this effect: begging their Lordships would Nov. 30. be pleased to order his Enlargement, seeing that he Tuesday. beene committed without any particular Charge against him: that he had received counsell of his Friends that he is not fit for publick Employment, and was therefore resolv'd on Privacy: that he had allwayes beene faithfull to the Parliament: and desired their Lordships to make an honourable Construction of his Wish for Retirement. our Toyle, I much feare he will not at present send his Remonstrance: whensoever sett free he would without delay embarke for Holland. He can no longer act with the Parliament, since they will make no Termes whatsoever with the King, and he is

icalous that the Monarchy is in danger of being wholly lost, and all Rank destroyed.

Went downe in a coach to the Parliament-house, and sate therein the while Henry Willoughby did try to learne some Newes. After waiting more than an Dec. 2. Thursday. houre, the Lord Say came out and inform'd mee a Message had beene sent to them by the Commons that morning praying for further Time to be allowed for bring, ing up the Impeachment of the seven Lords, which was granted. · Hereupon I went backe to the Tower to tell my Husband of this further Delay: and it was agreed betweene us that it were well I should returne to Parham forthwith: and as Mistresse Gage did purpose to sett forth early in the forenoone to morrow, and would goe by Hengrave, and had offered to carry mee with her in her coach, it seemed too favourable an opportunitie to be miss'd, although it would make my Departure sudden. Left the Tower before 8, the Snow lying thick upon the Street, and with sorrowfull Heart made Preparation for setting forth homewards. My deare Husband maketh light of his situation, and strives to cheere mee, and persuade mee to take Hope in the Exertions now making by a few faithfull Friends of Influence in the House, who promise they will doe him what Service they can to pacifie his Adversaries, who are the more sharply bent against him. The cheerfull and composed Demeanour he did maintaine served for a time to lighten my Forebodings, and the moment of Parting came on a sudden, and I followed the Guard downe the Staires and under the Archway as in a Dreame: the Doore closed after mee: had I in truth left him, my dearest Life, in that dark Prison-house there alone to await his Sentence? I knowe not how I reach'd my Lodging, some kind Friend put mee into a coach and supported mee to my chamber.

Nature would have her way for a time, but the Lord suffered mee not to be wholly cast downe, and in spreading my Sorrows

before Him, and committing my beloved *Husband* to His Keeping, who hath the power to save even to the uttermost, I was strengthened, and did endeavour to submit with patience to the present Triall, though it is indeed heavy and grievous to be borne. The night was cold, and my condition forlorne and comfortlesse, but I laid me downe on the bed in as much quietnesse of spirit as I well could, feeling that rest was needed to encounter the morrow's Journey from this weary Citie to returne to my poore Children. Reflection on the Encouragement given by divers kind and powerfull Friends was very helpfull, and I slept. The time of our Departure the next day was appoynted at an early houre.

1647-8.

No Tydings from London. Newes of greate Disorder and Tumult in Canterbury. The Mayor endeavouring the Jan. 3, execution of the Ordinance for abolishing Holy-Monday. days, he was much abused by the People on Christmasse-day, they beat him on the head, and dragg'd him up and downe. The like Violence hath beene practised at other Places, but none hereabout. Some fewe People came into the Parke, and collected around the old Thorn, which hath many times put forth a fewe Blossoms on Christmasse-eve, and which they looke upon as a Miracle, but no person did molest them.

The Children were abroad so soone as the Sunne rose, and brought in Ivy and branches of Holly, which they put about the Hall and their Nurserie, as their pleasure is. They set up a great Shout when there was seene a fine piece of Misseltoe at the top of a Hamper containing Apples, timely sent by their Uncle from Gloucestershire. I could not beare to sadden their Pleasure by the trouble of my owne Heart, and they did spend a right merrie Christmasse. Their Uncle William and his Family staying with us.

It is well for mee the Children give mee full Occupation:
they take well to their learning, and the Chaplaine
Jan. 11. saith Fanny maketh goode progresse in the Latine;
Tuesday. but I find her somewhat averse to Needleworke,
wherein her Sister Diana is more expert, as also in
some other Matters which in my judgement are like to be of more

Service than a knowledge of Latine: though where Nature hath given a Capacitie for such studies, methinks we should err in not providing Meanes of improving the same: and I doe already see in *Fanny* an encrease of Steadinesse at her taskes, and exactnesse in the Performance of them.

Jan. 29, Hear from Sir Harry Vane the charge against saturday. my Husband pass'd the House on the 27th, and was ordered to be sent up to the Lords.

Armstrong returned yesternight from Aldborough: no Vessell, Feb. 29; it is sayd, will sail to Holland from that Place or Monday. Yarmouth for some time.

March 6, My deare Life, Thanks be unto God, is safe, his Monday. Letter is writ from the Hague: he hath seen the Prince of Wales.

Deare Heart,

After a toylsome Passage we landed at *Dort*: methought the Voyage did too nearly picture my troubled and A portion of uncertaine Life. I am well in Health: the Packet the letter apcame safe to hand, and I was right glad of the Pasparently alludtie and Wheaten-loaf, after having spent the night ed to by Lady on deck, the Victuals on board being ill to eat. Willoughby. The Doublet worked by my sweete Wife did Editor. greatly add to my Comfort, as did divers other Mat-

ters lovingly remembered by her for my use. Here-tofore, though often separated, yet was I in the same Countrie that did containe my little Ones and her who is my Soule's Joy and Consolation, the truest Friend and Counsellor that ever Man had: now each wave carry'd me onward to a strange Land, and never did Absence appear so unsupportable. Kisse our deare Children for me. Bid Armstrong be carefull to omit nought that I left in his Charge; he would doe well to see Wingfield concerning the gray Horse, which should be cared for: my Brother can ride Berwick.

SOME FURTHER PORTIONS

OF THE

DIARY OF LADY WILLOUGHBY,

WHICH DO RELATE TO

HER DOMESTIC HISTORY.

AND TO

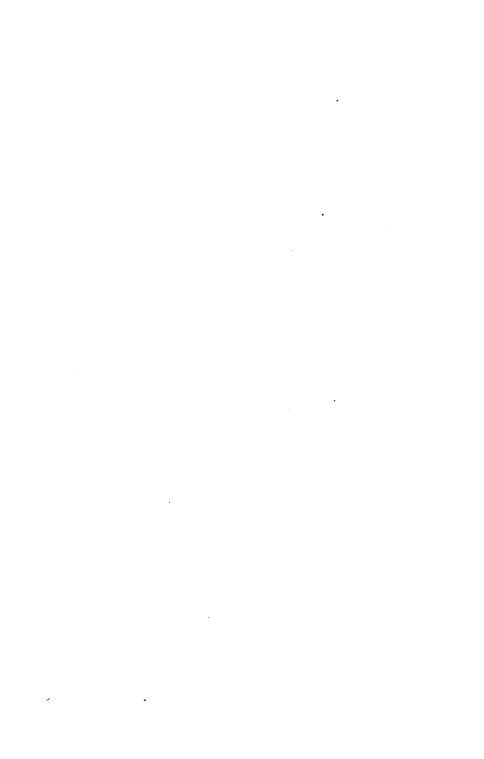
THE STIRRING EVENTS OF THE LATTER YEARS OF THE REIGN OF
KING CHARLES THE FIRST, THE PROTECTORATE,
AND THE RESTORATION.

NEW YORK:

JOHN WILEY, 161 BROADWAY.

[OLD STAND OF WILEY AND PUTNAM.]

1848.



SOME REMAINING PORTIONS

OF THE

DIARY OF LADY WILLOUGHBY.

1648.

HAVE receaved no further Newes of my Lord since I heard Aug. 15, from him that he was made Vice Admirall in the Tuesday. Duke of Yorke's Fleete. There is a report that the Duke has saild for Holland.

A friend doth write that a letter from the Prince of Wales to
the Speaker of the Lords has beene read in the
Aug. 16, House, giving assurance that he will endevour his
Wednesday. part with the King for a good Settlement: Also he
speakes of divers marchant Vessels seized, one of
these Ships it was understood was full of Gold, and was captured by the Lord Willoughby. I have this satisfaction in that
as he doth hold this publicke Station, should any great mis-chance
befall him, notice would be taken thereof.

Discouraged under many difficulties, and in an especiall manner tried by the ignorance in which I am day unto day, of my deare *Husband's* present fortune, be it ill or well; pray to be preserved in Faith: if not thus held up, how ofte should I have beene dismayed and sunke beneath the weight of care and perplexitie.

This morning, as for several past dayes, awakened contrarie

to my wont, with little sense of Refreshment or renewed Strength; usually the night bringeth Rest to Aug. 19, Saturday. my wearied frame and Sleepe to mine eyes. charming Sleepe, sayth the Poet, Sweete Father of soft Rest, as he hath it in another place; but yester night Sleepe was troubled by the Restlessnesse of waking Thoughts, like the swell of the Ocean after the Winds are stilled; and so the day, commenced under this Depression of Spirit, did seeme onely as another burden, an added day of Taske-worke to bee performed. Neither received I the sweete renewal of trust and hope from my Devotions, that is so ofte graciously permitted mee to enjoy, neverthelesse I was preserved from the Presumptuous Sinne of repining. If for a time the light of His countenance is withdrawne, who am I, the poorest of His Creatures, that I should complaine, if my path, when it seemeth to Him good, should bee through the darke valley of Humiliation; so I walked sorrowfully on my way, uncomforted from within or from without; thought on the text, In thy afflictions He is afflicted, and the Angel of his Presence saveth thee, but this comfort seemed not intended for mee.

Begin to doubt, that I have beene too readie to bee satisfied with myself, and to say to my soule Peace, peace, when Aug. 22, there is no peace, and have not beene so contrite and broken under a sense of Sinne, and so is it not unrepented Sinne which doth stand betweene mee and the light of my Father's Countenance. Read the 51st Psalm, but still felt in darknesse.

To night hath God spoken to mee by the voice of my little child. It did chaunce that late in the evening I had occasion to give some orders in the Nurserye, passing by the bed I stooped to kisse my little Girle as I asked her, had she sayd her prayers to Nurse? She answered, No, I sayd them to God. I told her God will blesse little Children who pray to Him, and He lookes downe and sees us all. Yes, she answered, keeping the whiles

fast hold on my apron, God sees Father in the Ship a long way off, and he sees me in Bed, and when I feel affraid in the darke I say, Please God I am a good little child sometimes. Except ye become as little Children ye cannot enter into the Kingdom of Heaven. Lord increase my Faith. I believe, helpe thou mine unbeleefe. Why art thou cast downe, O my soule, and why art thou disquieted within mee? hope thou in God. Chastened but not without Hope, I goe to my Bed and lay mee downe in Peace, praying to become as a little Child.

Much impressed with a sense of the Divine Goodnesse toward us, whilest so many are induring all the dreadfull Aug. 25, calamities of Warre at their very doores, than Friday. which none have beene brought to such a height of Suffering as the poore besieged people at Colchester, for more than two moneths have they held out, till it is sayd the cries of the starving Women and Children are very great; numbers are driven to the eating the flesh of Horses and Dogges; and of this now there is little left. One Woman got out of the Towne with her children to begge from the Parliament Armie, and was driven backe.

Now they say many hundreds of Women were let to come out of the Towne, and were then fired upon by Col.

Aug. 26, Rainsborough both with Cannon and Musketts, acSaturday. cording to some not loaded with shot, yet would not the Towne let them come backe: what did become of the poore Creatures? Well may ordinances be passed for days of Publicke Humiliation to bewaile the Sinnes of the Nation: yet to what purpose, when they goe on the more sinning, as if they believed they could fast and pray away their sinnes as easily as wash their hands. Keepe backe thy Servant from presumptuous Sinnes.

Heare to day that Colchester has surrendered; and that Sir George L'Isle & Sir Charles Lucas were shot, to resept. 1, taliate it is sayd the same crueltie exercised by them in like circumstances.

Good old Dr. Sampson called: he had heard it was reported Dec. 13, that the King had made his escape from the Isle of Wednesday. Wight.

1648-9.

TERROUE and amazement doe fill all men's minds, so unheard of a Crueltie did seeme impossible, even by the King's

Feb. 3, bitterest enemies; surely the Judgements of the Friday. Lord will be drawn down upon this unhappie Countrey. What further suffering shall bee, wee know not, before the nation is chastised and purged from its iniquities. Renewed cause of Thankfulnesse that my beloved Husband did betimes withdraw himself from the Councels of these Men: oft did he use to say to mee, they could on no pretence take the King's life, how little can wee foresee whereunto men's passion will lead them.

My poore Fanny can scarce sleepe at nights, so besett is shee with the Image of the Murthered King: when the Newes were told of a sudden, she nigh fainted. Die's griefe hath more of Indignation, and hardly can she refraine wishing to heare of some signal Vengeance being taken. Gave orders that the Household should put aside and desist from their several Occupations, that the remainder of the Day might be kept with due solemnitie befitting the sad occasion: at Evening Service all were sensibly affected, at the seasonable Exhortation of the Chaplaine on this awfull event.

Heare with no small concernment that Coll. Hutchinson was one of those who did put their Names to the Sen-Feb. 13, tence given against the King: one of more honour-Monday. able repute as a Christian and Gentleman I never heard speake of: wherefore it cannot be doubted but that he hath believed himself called upon by his Conscience

to this act, and I would also hope, others likewise have been constrained to join in it against their naturall feelings, but even Zeale in a good cause requireth to be kept downe by a sober judgement: so long as the flame burneth Heaven-ward it is a pure and Shining Light, but turned Earth-ward it becometh a fierce and destructive Fire.

Letter from my Sister; she sayth Proclamation hath beene made, that whoseever shall proclaime another to bee King, shall bee put to death as a Traitour.

Fanny who hath beene ailing of late, was yester night so feaverish that I gave her a composing draught, and she keeps her bed to day.

Fanny better; thinke to give her a course of Bitters: my Feb. 14, Mother did much recommend them taken fasting Tuesday. every Morning.

More Executions; the three Lords have beene beheaded: Lady Holland had ceased not importuning for the March 15, Earl's life, and buoyed herself up with hope to the Wednesday. last; and when the High Court granted a Reprieve for two Dayes, she and other Ladies & Relatives of the Prisoners had great expectations there would be a Pardon, and so was it nearly carried in the House: as the Speaker's was the casting Vote, and he gave it against him; he having just before by his voice in favour of Lord Goring saved that bad man, in regard of some Private services hee had rendered to him: yet did cause the Death of one who, though he might have done some wrong to his partie, had ever beene a friend to the poore and to those who were oppressed and persecuted for their Religion, and who was civil and courteous to all people. particulars were related to mee, by one who is well acquainted with one of my Lrd. Holland's friends who did accompanie him to the Scaffold.

Mr. Hodges had much discourse with him after his Sentence: being desirous to comfort him. He would not see his Wife and Children saying it would adde too much to his sorrow; he was for a while in great agonie of minde in that he had not assurance of Pardon for his Sins, but it pleased God in his great Mercie to raise him up, out of this afflicted condition, and after passing through a severe conflict of spirit, he remained in a cheerefull frame of Minde to the end. He slept soundly the night before his Execution, insomuch he was with some difficulty awakened; he went to the Scaffold without shewing any Feare, and showed himself to the People, who were moved with sorrow at the sight of him; he tooke an affectionate leave of his Friends and so did submit to be put to Death.

It is to mee, matter of Amazement as well as of Sorrow, that men pay so small Regard to the right every man hath to his owne Life, which God hath given to him, and which Hee alone can take away. Vengeance is not for man, weake and erring; the promise is given that Evil shall be overcome of Good, not by evil.

The time seemeth very long before I can with reason expect March 30, to heare from the *Barbadoes*. The *Dutch* Marchant Thursday. Ships, it is reported in *London*, sailed in February.

Fanny's health improves. Since she hath had charge of the Still-room, she hath taken a pleasure in the cultiva-April 17, tion of the Plants, and hath enlarged the Herbe Tuesday. garden. The Lavender slippes have strucke roote, and she hath good stocke of Clove Gilloflowers, a neighbour hath promised her an excellent Recipe for making a Conserve of these, obtained as a favour from Mr. Gerard, the Chirurgian and Botanist, who sayth of it, that it is exceeding cordiall and wonderfully above measure doth comfort the Heart, being eaten now and then.

Her liking for Reading did lead to her over much Studie, I do blame myself for not giving more heed to the effect upon her Health; it seems that her Sister was more sensible in this matter, and did often indeavour to perswade her to leave bookes. In small things as in greater, so true is it, that the right is a straight and narrow way.

Our Nephews William and Henry staying with us, good laddes in the maine; and wee do expect a visite April 18, shortly from my deare Cousin Margaret de la Fon-Wednesday. taine, wee have not mett since her marriage.

Receipe. The flowers of Lavender picked from the knaps,
I meane the blew part and not the huske, mixed
April 20, with Cinnamon, Nuttmeg, and Cloves, made into
pouder and given to drinke in the distilled Water
thereof, prevaileth against giddinesse. Conserve of
the flowers made with sugar.

This Recipe given to mee by Mr. Gerard's Aunte.

Mr. Gerard doth recommend for a cold and cough, or sore throate, a decoction of Hyssope, made with Figges added; or Figges boiled, and Honie and Rue added thereto.

y

1651.

This our Wedding day: a sweete morning; rose early: first thoughts saddened by the absence of him, who is May 24, indeed first in my Hearte, but not here to give the Friday. welcomings of Love so precious to mee; so sweet to receive and lay up with recollections of other like endearments to live upon in Absence, preserved, as some one saith, in the Memorie as in a Cabinet richly stored, garnered in Faith, and safely locked with the Key of a loving Constancie, and truly can I say, no Mistrust hath ever fallen upon our deare Affection for each other: although in looking backe through these Sixteene yeares now past, to the early part of my wedded life, I do perceave that there was on my part some Constraint and an over feare of Displeasing, and haply some perversitie of Temper, that made some things appeare as Unkindnesses that were not so intended, yet was it I truly beleeve more through Ignorance and the newnesse of my Situation. My deare Mother had exercised such a tender care over me, that like a timid bird no more sheltered by the Parent wing from the rough Winds and pitilesse Storme, I was affrighted, and oft times would faine have returned to the Arke. But the olive branch appeared above these darke Waters, and was found to be a sure Resting Place for the sole of my Foot, and its roots were firmely fixed and it hath stood firme. Wee have need of two faiths, faith in humane affection, and the higher faith, in Divine Wisdom and Love: Lord, I believe, help Thou mine unbeliefe, is the earnest supplication of my Hearte. Oh if wee were constant in this praier, how manie feeble knees would be strengthed, how many hard and rebellious thoughts be kept downe.

Sixteene yeares ago, I do well remember the morning was like this: the Sunne shone brightly, and my Sisters did thinke mee happie to be the choice of the brave Lord Willoughby; his comelinesse and youth made him to bee greatly admired by them, as hee was by manie others. Since that day how much hath come to passe: Trouble and Difficulties to overcome not a few: then my first Childe borne, bringing new hope and a joy unspeakable; but the sweete blossome was early nipped and the cup of joy dashed from my lippes: oh God thou knowest what I suffered, that my Faith was tried to the uttermost and for a while failed, but Thy Mercie and Truth failed not: other Children were given to us, lent and graciously spared: My deare and excellent Mother tooke her peacefull departure, this a Sorrow, but not a Sorrow without Hope, no bitternesse was in it, her Worke was ended and I had no wish to keepe her from her Rest: Precious Mother! I humbly hope I have not been insensible of my privileges: I think I may say that under a sense of my owne favoured Lot in this respect, I have alwayes felt much tender Solicitude for such as are early deprived of Maternal care, whether knowne or unknowne to mee.

During this long period I have had the Happinesse of seeing my beloved *Husband* zealous and active for the Publicke good, and protected through many Dangers; and though very frequent have beene our Separations, and this last the most distant and Perillous, yet have they beene mercifully permitted to his greater Safety. Thus in casting this backward looke over past yeares I am led to acknowledge with Thankfulnesse the gracious dealings of our *Heavenly Father* to us, and especially would I note my *Husband's* timely withdrawal from a party of Men who have fallen into the Snare spread by worldly Pride and Ambition, and in the end brought about the Death of the *King*.

Oft have I beene cast downe as the Sinne and Suffering, that doe so fearefully abound, were from time to time brought before mee; but strength hath beene given mee to endure, and praise be unto *Him* who hath vouchsafed a measure of Faith, whereby the discipline of Life is now viewed in a more cheereful spirit, and its burdens and imperfections borne with lesse of Impatience as Yeares do encrease, and I am able more entirely to acknowledge that the Judgements of the Lord are true and righteous altogether, and if so in mine owne experience, may I not trust that in Publicke affaires in like manner, man's doings are working out the purposes of the Lord of Lords and King of Kings: that the Nation when it shall have passed through this Fire of tribulation and anguish, shall rise up in a newe and righteous Libertie and bee at Peace.

But little to add this evening to the foregoing: after fervent Supplication for my deare absent Love, went downe stairs and was met by the deare Children, each of them with a Posie of flowers, Cowslips Primroses and Hawthorne, and Fanny had gathered some of more raritie from her garden. Die was eager to know the number of Yeares we have been maried, that she might give directions for the same number of Pies to bee made, according to the custome in these parts, that there should be set on the Table a Pie for every yeare that a couple have beene maried, and she and her Sister ranne away to order 16 Pies: They are kindly hearted and gladsome creatures, and most dutifull and comforting Children.

Received tidings that the Ship in which my *Husband* did saile, July. 4, hath reached *Barbadoes*. Thankes be unto the *Lord Thursday*, who hath brought them unto their desired Haven.

July 7, The deare Letter yesternight hath filled my Hearte Sunday. with Joy and Thankfulnesse.

Most Deare Wife,

Wee came to anchor in *Carlisle* Bay, in somewhat more than two moneths after we left *Holland*. We fell short Letter of of Water, having but halfe a Barrel when wee came

in sight of Land, and were still worse off for For-Lord rage, and were forced to take the Straw out of the Willoughby. men's cabines, and mix it with shavings of Deale March 24. boards to give the Horses to eate. We kept our-1650. selves Concealed some dayes, considering it the more prudent, till we had all in readinesse. Wee then appeared in good force and proclaimed the King. Numbers joined us, and my Commission met with due respect. I send this Letter by Sweete Life and my the Master of a Ship sailing to London. deare Children, may it fare well with you. During the wearisome Voyage, plans did suggest themselves of your joining mee here, but I knowe not how you would endure the hardship and dangers of the Passage. The Climate of this Island is not so unhealthy as in some others. I hope Parliament will not withdraw the Graunt, it would cause greate trouble with those who accepted it in Settlement of Demands against mee, and might put my deare Hearte to inconvenient Straites for money: wee are like to have unfriends in both Houses; it may not bee safe to say more. Give mee whatsoever Newes of the King can be depended on. I cannot believe the present state of affaires will last long. The heate is greate, neverthelesse my Health is good, in the which I do heartily rejoyce, knowing there is One who will be much comforted herein,

Whose I am in all faithfull Affection, Willoughby.

It is reported, and I feare mee truely, that Sir George Askew hath set saile for Barbadoes, to take that Island and July 11, others thereabout from the King's friends. How Wednesday. may I endure the thought that again my beloved Husband's life is exposed to all the dangers and sufferings of Warfare, and this at so great distance, that for Moneths I shall be in ignorance whether he yet Live. I thought

it well hee should be out of this poore Countrey, full of strife & bloodshed, but the dangers of Warre are every where.

Sept. 7, Word brought of a Fight at Worcester, and some Saturday. say the Prince is slaine.

The rumours that the Prince of Wales, or more rightly the King was slaine after the Battaile, not true, though he was wounded in the hand. He fled from Wor-Sept. 7, cester, and it is hoped he hath escaped from his Tuesday. cruell Enemies, as no one knows where he is. A Messenger kindly sent by Mr. Tobias Bridge, who setts out for London tomorrow, and hath engaged to send to my Husband a Letter thro' a safe channel by means of a friend of his, a considerable Marchant in the Citie, who hath undertaken this out of regard to the Lord Willoughby, who did shew some kindnesse to a neare Kinsman of his at the Seidge of Newark, which he hath not forgotten. Have writt to my Husband in such termes as I thought most like to have weight with him that he would yeeld up the place; telling him, that the most zealous Friends of the King do now give up all hope; that his Wife and Children wearie of his absence and are kept in continual Feare for him, and that as I never had wished to hold him backe from what he judged to bee his duty, so now hee might beleeve that I would not urge him to a course dishonourable, or that would injure others. Likewise I added that all his friends did agree with me in this opinion. Easier in mind having taken this steppe, so much more hopeful to the Spirit is action, let the thing done towards the desired end be ever so small or by ever so weake a hand, than to remaine, as my lot hath mostly beene, unable to do ought; not even to holde a cup of water to the lippes of him who while I write these wordes may be lying wounded or dying.

In a Letter from my Sister she sayth, one told her who was

present in the House when Letters were received from Paris containing divers curious particulars of the King's adventures and escape. Hee and my Thursday. Lord Wilmot were so sore pushed that on the Second day's march from Worster they betooke themselves into the Woods, and did sleepe two nights in a Tree, and whilest there some Souldiers came close by, but saw them not. Hee had other marvellous escapes; and owed his Safetie to a Gentlewoman who disguised him; she cut off his Haire, and put Serving Man's clothes on him, and a Perriwig (hereat, as this curious historie was read aloud, some of the Members refrained not from laughing), he was Mounted on a Horse, and she did ride behind him on a pillion. That which does seeme most wonderfull, the King was in London, and walked about dressed in a Gentleman's habite, and did even look into Westminster Hall. The Lord Wilmot at length did procure a Marchant Ship, and the King followed him into a House, when to their greate terrour the Master of the Vessell came to them and sayd he knew the King. They prevailed with money and promises, and sailed for Harvre This relation did seeme so full of wonder and mercy towards the poore young King, who doubtlesse would have beene slaine had he been taken, that I have thought it well to copie the same from my Sister's Letter.

Death of Colonel *Ireton* is much lamented; he did compassionate the deplorable condition and miseries of the Dec. 11. people of *Ireland*, and in this barbarous Warfare shewed more Mercie than some others.

`1651-2.

News sent mee that Letters have beene received by the House that Sir George Ascue had reduced the Barbadoes:

January 6, and likewise there was read a Copie of an Act of Monday. the Lord Willoughby, and the Assembly for sequestring Estates. This will, I feare mee, inflame people's mindes the more against him.

My Lord Say and Seale hath sent mee such particulars as have come to hand. Sir George had taken many Ships, Feb. 21, and fired at the Castell, and they in the Castell shot Friday. at him and killed one man. Then he sent a Summons to the Lord Willoughby, who made answer that hee would keepe the place for the King, who he was informed was neare London, and that all the Countrey came in to him: this it is supposed he had been told by the Dutch. Offers were made of indemnitie, and great persuasion used to bring over the people to the Parliament. It was expected that Sir George Ascue would waite some dayes, in the hope that the Island would surrender, before he attempted to land his Forces.

Alas! I know its brave Governour too well to doubt what course hee will take. May the Lord have mercie upon us, nothing is there for mee to doe but to keepe neare to the everlasting Arme that can support the weakest of his creatures, and save in the midst of the greatest Dangers.

Miss the faithfull oversight of Alice, the of late she had beene too infirme to do much. My Brother William and March 25, his familie make us a large Household: and to

Thursday. keepe a well-ordered and well provided House is no small charge. Since my Brother compounds for the Estates, I am releeved from some perplexitie. Poore old Alice, her death was timely, had she lived to heare of the Execution of the King, it would have gone farre to breake her hearte.

March 27, The Diurnal doth contains the report that Sir Saturday. George Ascue hath taken Barbadoes.

Eclipse of the Sunne: many have been infected with feare of some greate Calamitie or Disturbance to happen at March 29, this time, and would not goe out to their Worke, or Monday.

Meanday. leave their Houses: the darkness was so great one could not see to reade a booke without the light of a candle.

No tydings of my deare *Husband*, and my very Soule is sicke with waiting and listening to catch the lightest Rumour.

My friends have sent mee all the Information they could obtaine, and my hearte is bowed downe with Thankfulnesse for the mercifull and wonderfull Preservation of that precious Life, the object of daily prayer and supplication. It doth appeare that my Lord did refuse to submit to the Summons of Surrender thrice demanded by Sir George Ascue, who thereupon did land some Troopes: the Lord Willoughby made a gallant defence, but by reason of the Darknesse, they thought the Enemie were in number more than they were, and the Seamen running up with great shouts they were so amazed they gave way: the Parliament Forces pursued them to Fort Royal, which they stormed, and were joined by Colonel Muddiford and his friends, following this example they did engage to live or die with the Parliament. The Lord Willoughby finding this, marched up to them with all the Force he could make, and whilest that he held a Councell of Warre, one of the Enemies great gunnes shot in at the doore and carried away the Sentinell's head. A Treatie has beene concluded, protection being granted to the Lord Willoughby, Colonel Walrund, and divers others for the keeping their Estates in England or elsewhere. Surely I may hope to have a letter shortly. Chose out for my portion of Scripture the 103d Psalm. What shall I render to the Lord for all his benefits, this crowning mercie wherewith he hath blessed mee?

To-day I had the great happinesse of a Letter. My deare

Husband beareth bravely his ill Fortunes: he was

April 8, entreated very courteously by Sir George. My

Thursday. Lord doth purpose returning by one of his owne

Vessels, having Businesse to settle in Surinam, and in Antigua.

Wingfield tells mee he has had some newes of the Horse that
was stolen last weeke, and would goe to Ipswich toApril 9, morrow that being Market day; told him not to be
sparing of Reward on this occasion, I would ill like
him to be lost: Bade Wingfield see at the Weavers
when the Linnen would be readie, also if the Flax was arrrived.

The Packman is long in coming his rounds, and my waiting woman is alarmed that her stores of housewiferie May 5. will scarce hold out, and Fanny is like to want imwednesday. broidery Silks, and doth watch his coming with impatience, as sometimes he doth bring of Bookes a few sortes and Ballads, which she doth eagerly catch up, & he had entered into some promise of bringing for her a booke of Poems by a Mr. John Milton, one that keepes a Schoole at London, the same it is sayd, who did write the Image Breaker, a Booke that did excite the Indignation of manie, that a man of parts and learning should desire to injure the memorie of one not onely a Martyr, but who had manie rare qualities, and was our anointed King, albeit in that capacitie he did some great wrongs. The

worke was little read, the while the subject of his attack, the Eikon Basilike, did excite in people such true Sympathie, that it was read with Teares. A Friend did procure one for mee, which not only doth serve to cherish a sorrowful remembrance of the heavy trial and the griefes of his late Majesty, but by the pietie and meeknesse of the several Meditations, doth greatly tend to Edification and Improvement.

May 7, Friday.

No Tydings of the old Horse to be heard at Ips-wich: Wingfield and one of the men are gone in another direction, some miles on the Lowestoffe road.

The men returned this forenoon after two Dayes absence, bringing with them the poore Animal, jaded and May 11, half starved, hope he will looke in better condition Tuesday. before my Lord's return. A man living at Saxmundham, who had served in one of his Regiments, had seene the Horse go through the Village, and knew it againe, and by this Clue they traced him.

Lizzy hath finished her Sampler; her Sister Die

May 12, hath much credit for the same, for the Patience

Wednesday. with which she hath taught her this, and other Needle-worke.

Reading our usual portion of *Holy Scripture* this morning, after some remarks thereon, I felt encouraged to say a few wordes to my Daughter *Fanny*. Shee hath lesse of self-will and heate of temper needing restraint and watchfulnesse than her elder *Sister*, but falleth into errour of another sorte, seeming too well inclined to take her ease, and sheweth an indifferency to such Pursuits as suite not her Fancie, yet which are of good account and Service in a Familie. Especially she hath of late againe addicted berself over-much to her Bookes, which, if not to the hurt of her Health as formerly was the case, causeth her to bee so enwrapt

in them, and in the indulgence of her own Imaginations, that she neglecteth those small occasions wherein she might bee of Use or Pleasure to others, and at the same time secure Benefite to herself by being drawne into little acts of Courtesie and Kindnesse, which doe keepe alive and enlarge the kindly dispositions of our nature, and doubtlesse are soe intended by Him who hath planted mankind in Families. She did receeve with meeknesse this Reproof, acknowledging her sometime negligence, and her temptation to the unprofitable spending of her time in some particulars, and did confesse that haply her affections had beene too highly sett on Works of the Fancy and Imagination; although shee sayd, they were such as for the most part did containe manie pious and vertuous Meditations, and added with modesty, that she believed the minde was elevated and refreshed by drinking at these Foun-The while she spoke, raising timidly her eyes & blushing as she pleaded for some Poets above others, more especially Mr. Edmund Spenser, one who hath indeed tuned his Lyre to the utterance of most sweet Truths and deepe Philosophie, she seemed not unaptly described in his own wordes:

> Ne in her Speech, ne in her 'Haviour, Was lightnesse seene, or loose Vainitie, But Gracious Womanhood and Gravitie Above the reason of her youthly yeares.

I can truly say it is my desire, not through an over-strictnesse or misconstruction to narrow the benevolent designs of the *Creator* toward his creatures; hee, with bountifull Hand hath adorned the Heaven and the Earth with beautie, and if he hath in a peculiar manner fitted some Mindes to taste hereof, and to approach him by these ways of Pleasantnesse & Peace, doubtlesse it may bee to the attainment of the highest *Wisdome*. Yet, like all things else in this World, hath it not its peculiar temptations, this keene sense of the Beautifull and aptitude in the discernment thereof?

doth it not sometimes lead to a turning away from the rigid aspect of Dutie, and minister to selfe-gratification under a faire disguisement, which maketh it unsuspected of evill. The Beautiful Gate of the Temple inviteth us to enter, but if so be wee remains at the portall we prophane its sacred purpose.

Once more the Poet cometh to my aide.

The meanes therefore which unto us is lent Him to behold, is on his workes to looke, Which hee hath made in beautie excellent; And in the same, as in a Brazen Booke, To reade inregistred in every nooke His Goodness, which His Beautie doth declare, For all that's good, is beautiful and faire.

Through whatsoever ways we are led, how various soever may bee our gifts, there is but one end, that we may all be brought to see the Beautie of Holinesse, to perceave the Harmonie that doth exist in the morall government of *God*, as in the visible wonders and beauties of Creation, and so come to worship Him in Spirit and in Truth.

There is like to be a poore Hay harvest, no raine as yet; this long drought is a great concerne to Fan. Some of May 15, the seeds she hath sowne scarce to be seene; what is more serious, fodder for the cattell is difficult to be had.

Great tempests during the Weeke; raine and winde, and lightening; the Thunder ceased not for houres May 28, together. About London it is said there were Friday. Haile stones which did measure some inches round, and some of singular shape. Much Glasse hath been broken.

Went to see Cicely, shee and her children are bravely. She

had beene to Langham, neare unto Colchester, to visite her husband's Mother, whom she did find in May 31, Monday. a distressefull state, her Sonne not well of his wounds, and shee, every time she dresseth his arme, hearte-broken to thinke that hand had given his Brother his death stroke. He knew not who it was, till he got sight of his face as he dropped, and as he fell on his knees beside him, he received a Blow on his head, which Stunned him. This chanced well for him, as he thereby could remaine, he dragged the Bodie of his Brother to the side of a Hedge, and then as he did passionately bewaile his Death, and kissed the bleeding Face, he found Life not utterly departed, and ran some distance to a Ditch where was water, and pouring it into the Laddes mouth, for it was his youngest Brother, and very deare unto him, he opened his Eyes, and seemed to know him, but was past Speech, and could onely draw him closer, and so Died. All the Countrey round there was Want and Sicknesse, the Grant from the Parbiament is a seasonable help, but it mendeth not broken bones, nor bringeth backe Sonnes and Husbands to Life.

For some Weekes I have not left my Chamber, and have beene confined to my Bed the greater part of that time, having beene seised of a sudden Sicknesse; at least July 10, Saturday. so it did then appeare, though continuall harassment & suspence had brought mee into a weakeley state for some time past. It happened that some Noise, and the sound of unaccustomed Voices in the Hall, did startle mee for a moment with the notion that my deare Husband had come into the House. I hasted downe staires, and some great packages strucke my Sight, and did the more confirme my Hopes, but it proved only to bee some goods shipp'd from London, which had come there by a Marchant Ship from Barbadoes. As I turned backe, the shocke of the disappointment following quicke on the joy that had seemed so neare, overcame mee, and my Limbes

trembled under mee, and I scarce could reach my Roome, and that night a Feaver came on, with such violent Shiverings that I greatly feared it was the Ague. For many weekes tooke no nourishment but Sage Possets, my drinke Whey. Still but poorly. My deare Children have beene tender Nurses, and, when I began to recover, yet remaining weake, so that I mostly could heare but one person at a time, I had oftentimes sweet converse with Each, & ministered to the severall wants of their Characters, as I was favoured with help so to do; endeavouring to impress upon them Faithfulnesse to their Convictions, whether in Small things or Greate, as the only way to obtaine true Peace.

Also hath it beene a season of Self-examination, and deepe searching of Hearte; and my Birthday happening when I was thus layd low, I endeavoured to passe it profitably, and to question myselfe if, as I approched nearer and nearer to the Grave I was the nearer Heaven. Selfe seemed the great hinderance in the way of improvement. It is a hidden Idolatrie and often unsuspected. Is it not Selfe that prevents our eye beeing single?

July 12,

Monday.

Read some portion of the Scriptures that were not so familiar to mee as other, or as they should bee.

I would here note downe, as a cause of Thankfulnesse, one of a multitude of tender mercies and loving kindnesses of my *Heavenly Father*, his raising mee up and restoring mee to Health, and to the care of my deare Children in their Father's absence; and also that with returning Health he hath given mee a rejoycing Hearte. As I walked forth in the warme Sunne shine, the fragrancie of the aire, and every thing around mee so full of beautie, it did seeme that truly *My Youth was renewed like the Eagles*, so sweet and pleasant were my thoughts.

July 12, To-day my strength was so farre increased that I

Monday. was able to walke downe to the Brooke, and sate downe on the warme sunnie Banke.

The Winds were husht, no Leafe so small At all was seene to stirre, Whilest tuning to the Water's fall The small Birds sang to her.

Thought of my deare honoured Mother, and of the last time wee did passe together at this Spot; the little Streame of cleere water did now run gurgling on just as it did then, and the Flowers and the Mossie Banke were there, but my Mother's voice no more, yet did she seeme neare mee, and nearer in this, that some of her experience had now beene mine, Sorrow and Death had beene my teachers, Ministers of his that do his pleasure; but he leaveth not his Children comfortlesse: the words of the Lord Jesus sustained mee, His Life and His Death were my strength and consolation. How sweet is it, that the memorie of my Mother is ever linked with peaceful and holie thoughts. might I so live that my deare Children might so thinke of mee, but I am not worthie of this. Oh that the desire may bee more present with mee, and put more of Heaven into my love for them. I do confesse, with sorrow and contrition of Hearte, that my solicitude for them hath beene more Worldly as they have growen older, and the sense of their Immortall destination not so abiding, as when they were younger, Gifts newly from God's owne Hand, and Talents entrusted to my Stewardship.

Yester-noone, thankes bee unto the *Most High*, to my unspeakable joy and comfort my deare Life returned to his July 19, Familie, through Mercie well in Health, but changed *Monday*. by the long Sea-voyages and the climate of the *Indies*; this, though, onely in the outward, beeing the same loving *Husband* and *Father*. He stayed not in *London*, but so soone as he could leave the Ship, did earnestly set forth

hitherward. He expresseth some surprise to find the Nation so quiet, the joy of our Meeting was saddened by the manie relations to be given of the murther of the late *King* and of some of his former Friends, and divers other particulars of the state of Affaires and Parties, and the hopelesse condition of his present *Majestie*; of Familie Newes there was much to learne. Mr. Edmund Spencer sayth,

One loving houre

For manie yeares of sorrow can dispense,
A dram of Sweet is worth a pound of Soure;
She hath forgot how manie a wofull stoure,
For him she hath endured: She speaks no more
Of past; true is, that true Love hath no power
To looken backe; his eyes bee fixed before.

Feare that I can scarce say this, not having so great hopefulnesse.

My deare Life is well satisfied with his Daughters, and knoweth not which he doth the most admire; yet methought his eye turned to the youngest most lovingly; he is pleased to commend my care of them. I had feares that he might thinke them forward or deficient in observance of some ceremonies, and did assay some little Apologie if they were more free in his presence than did seeme altogether becomming, seeing they had beene, in consequence of my retired life, more with mee than is customarie. In my lonely state I was faine to solace myselfe with their sweet Societie, and did encourage them to feele unrestrained before mee; manie a lonesome and wearie Houre have they lightened by their simple Talke, and eased mee not seldome of troubled thoughts by their dutifull Affection.

He smiled as he replied he knew not what might be deemed too forward, they spake not to him without Blushing, yet were they free from awkward Bashfulnesse, he wished them none otherwise, or in aught different, and had onely to desire that they might grow up such as their Mother. Teares did spring to my Eyes as he uttered these kind Words; but although as a Wife the prayse was sweet and incouraging, and I believe might be so received without conceit, yet in my Hearte did arise the secret prayer, that they might be much better Women than their Mother. He added, no Father could desire better or prettyer children, and in his absence Diana had so grown, she was, tho' not so handsome as Fanny, an exceeding lovely young creature. So we are rich in our Daughters, if in nought else.

This Evening my Lord discoursed some time on his severall adventures, affording us some pleasing entertainments by his Historie of the different Islands and July 27, Tuesday, places; already is there a Towne which he has called Parham began building on the north of the Island of Antigua, and on the Southern side of the same Island a beautiful Bay, into the which he sailed, and found shelter from a Storme, which suddenly arose, and as it was through the following his Councell that they-steered in this course, it was named by the Sailers Willoughby Bay, and hence has beene so called by others, so our name, and that of oure deare Parham may abide, and may some day be familiar words to the Voyager, & amidst a strange People, when our race may be passed away, and the place thereof be knowne no more.

My Lord having fixed on our Departure for London, have beene too busie to take up the Penne. Hee could not beare Aug. 4, to leave his Familie so shortly after his Returne, Wednesday. also to mee the separation would have beene ill to beare, now that I have againe enjoyed the support and happinesse of his Presence, so it is determined that wee take Lodgings and remaine at London the while our affaires may make it needful so to doe.

Came to our Lodgings, which are conveniently situated in Russel Streete, Covent Garden.

My Sister called and tooke us in her Coach to the Parke. As wee passed Whitehall wee alighted, and did looke Aug. 10, with Awe and Sadnesse on the scene of his late Tuesday. Majestic's Death. The place through which hee was taken on to the Scaffold having beene newly bricked up, points out the exact Spot. The Girls wished to enter the Palace, but there were no meanes at hand, neither could I be sure in would be Prudent.

This day went to Northumberland House, there Aug. 12, informed that Lady Lisle was in a dangerous state; she had beene doing well till yester night, the Babie is a healthy Child.

Mett the Earle of Winchelsea at Spring Gardens, he joined us; he seemeth a man of some Sence, and hath a lively and polite Manner.

Heard the sorrowfull newes of Lady Lisle's Death. The Bodie is to bee carried downe to Penshurst for Interment.

Aug. 13, Mr. Algernon Sydney doth accompanie thither his afflicted Brother. It is thought my Lord Leicester will be likely to keepe the Children at Penshurst.

Aug. 18, Mr. John Evelyn called; the Lord Say and Wednesday. others.

Aug. 22, Went to heare Mr. Owen preach in the morning; Sunday. in the evening heard Dr. Jeremy Taylor.

Went forth early in the Day; returning from Westminster wee Aug. 23, tooke a Boate at Whitehall, a land; uns out

some way into the River, and the boats are brought Monday. up close to the side, so that to some it was an easie matter to step in, and to those accustomed to this, had no more feare or difficultie than in stepping into a Coach; for myselfe, I doe confesse it seemed of no easie accomplishment: the boat appeared narrow, though, wee were told, it was one of the largest size in common use. It had a convenient shade or awning, with windowes, and was pulled by six rowers. went at an amazing rate, and it did seeme marvellous how wee avoided running against other boats, or they against us. Landed at the Tower Staires, could scarce believe it safe for my Lord to be walking so neare this darke Prison-house, but could not prevail with him to hasten his steps, hee desiring to shew to his Children as much as he could see to point out of his former Prison. "Who next will bee murthered there?" he whispered; I shuddered to heare him speake of the Lords Capel and Holland, asking mee of the manner of their Death, and how it was taken by the People, and other questions, all most untimely, to my thinking.

Begin to wearie of this great Towne; so much going hither and thither. Our Kinsman, Mr. Willoughby, called Aug. 28, to-day, and tooke us to the Royall Exchange: it is Friday. a Quadrangle, and hath a Piazza round each side, within are benches for people to rest upon. Above this covered walke there are shops containing rich Marchandise from the Indies, both East and West, and elsewhere; Haberdashers' shops, and others of divers kindes.

The Earle of *Winchelsea* hath appeared to affect Sept. 20, our Societie more than our slight acquaintance did *Monday*. seeme to necessitate, the reason whereof is now made to appeare.

Retired early this Evening, a subject of much solicitude having beene brought before my Minde, and truly one very unex-

pected. The Earle of Winchelsea hath expressed his desire to allie himselfe with our Familie, having fixed his Affections on my deare Daughter Diana, and doth crave permission to waite upon her, and expresseth his humble hope, that wee will looke favorably on his Suite. Our knowledge of him is but small, but I have heard my Mother speake of his Familie, shee having had great esteeme for this Earle's Grandmother, with whom shee had good acquaintance, and did consider herselfe honoured thereby. When Lady Maidstone, shee received the Title of Countesse of Winchelsea from the hands of his late Majestie, and this in respect of her worth and great merits, shee having beene previously raised to the Peerage by King James. So that my Lord Winchelsea cometh of good Parentage, a matter not to be lightly considered. It would doubtlesse bee a satisfaction to bestow our daughter on one come of a good lineage, and who in other respects seemeth deserving of regard; neverthelesse my minde is impressed with a painefull sense of the uncertaintie how farre this connexion may bee for her true happinesse, and with the certaintie that trialls of manie sorts attend this change of condition. The sharpest paines and Sorrowes of life, are inseperable from its brightest Joys. It is like unto bidding my deare Childe God speed, on her setting forth on a long and hazardous Voyage to an unknowne Country beyond my helpe, and exposed to divers hidden Dangers, and haply even Death. Who knoweth what a day may bring forth? the early morning may shine out brightly; but soone doe the clouds arise and obscure its brightnesse; and oft the bow of promise, discerned through the falling Raine, is the only token of future Sunneshine; so is Life: but for the gracious promises made visible to the eye of Faith, a darke and troublous passage, a discipline whereby the will is to bee subjugated and Selfe sacrificed, and so the Heart purified: what sayeth the Prophet: Hee shall sit as a refiner of silver. So wee must bee tried, even by fire, till our corrupt Nature is fitted to receive the Divine Image. But though I am prone to consider

Life, perhaps, under too gloomie an Aspect, as beeing more alive to the suffering of the Conflict, than to the peace of Victorie, yet have I through infinite mercie beene sustained under temptation and triall; and should not I have the same trust for this deare Child. Also I have received great earthly comfort and delight in the endeared relations of Wife and Mother, and the same may bee her experience, and haply through lesse inward conflict; shee hath a cheereful and brave Spirrit, and a loving and good Heart, and is worthie the esteeme and love of any man. How great a comfort and joy she hath beene to mee, and this in especiall manner during the past two Yeares, when she hath greatly indeared herselfe to mee by her thoughtfulnesse and readinesse to Helpe and Cheere mee when all other outward Support failed; this may not be told, nor at this time should it bee too keenely remembered.

October 5, Calls from our Kinsfolke and Friends: The Earle Tuesday. introduced his Sister Lady Waller.

Mr. John Evelyn called, and wee returned with him to Sayes

Court. Tooke a boate to Deptford: Went over the
October 6, Garden to looke at the improvements therein: He
Wednesday. doth say it can never be to him so sweet a place as

Wotton, still he bestoweth time and paines, and hath
much pleasure in laying out walkes, planting, and so forth. We
were shewen manie Curiosities, Bookes, Pictures, and the like;
the dried Plants pleased Fanny.

Little time for Reading or quiet Meditation. Went to see the *Portugal Ambassador* goe in state to the *Parliament House*.

The Earle importunes for an early Day, my Husband inclines to the same for divers reasons. Although there apoctober 23, peareth a settlement of the Nation, and an outward

Saturday. quietnesse and submission of Parties, some there bee who are unwilling to suppose it will last, and hints are occasionally dropped among friends, of secret Letters and Missions; and this Mariage would put one of our Familie, as my Lord doth expresse it, to saile in another boate.

1653.

A Sap mischance hath befallen the tame Redbreast, which had not beene seene for neare a Weeke, & wee supApril 5, posed it had a Nest which kept it away; but it hath Wednesday. beene found lying neare the Windore of the Appleroome, not much used of late, starved to death.

Diana will lament to heare the sad fate of the little Bird shee did feed all the Winter, which was so tame hee would pecke out of her hand. The old Raven too hath dyed since shee went away.

Madame,

Your Ladyship's Letter was duly received by mee, and hath given mee comfort. Deare Mother, I will strive to walke after the excellent advice you give mee: this Countessee of great Citie is exceeding lonesome; I will endeavour Winchelsea to to thinke lesse of the Fields and Woods of Parham. My Heart pineth for home, and meethinks one Kisse the Ladie Willoughby. from my Mother would bee a Consolation, and leave mee to more contented thoughts; but I desire not to complaine, neither have I just cause. The Earle speakes of our going into Rutlandshire this Summer: Burleigh, I have heard saye, is a fine place. We went to Suppe at Mr. Pepus', and heard an Italian Musician plaie on a Harpe in an astonishing manner: Mr. Evelyn was there, hee did inquire concerning your health and of my Sister Fanny, who, I do assure you, hee doth admire greatly; hee sayth people of fashion doe now beginne the Yeare as doe Foreiners, in Januarye, the change is like to bee troublesome; some one made the remarke that the Spring time seemeth more properly to begin the yeare than the Winter, and so it seemeth to mee.

Deare Mother, I hope this will find you in Health; also my honoured Father, to whom is my dutifull affection: I desire my love to my Sisters, and hoping you will excuse this poore writing, as you know I did never excell in this arte, I remaine,

Your Ladyship's obedient

Strand, 6th of April, 1653. and loving Daughter,
D. Winchelsea.

Madame,

The Earle doth informe mee that a Messenger is going Northward, and hath offred mee, if I wished to write to your Ladyship, hee would send my Letter. Though but little disposed I take up the Penne: I cannot send you the better account of my Health you so much desire to heare, and at times, dearest Mother, I am so low, I wonder almost if I am the same Creature that was once merrie enough. Yester-day in the forenoone I drove out by the Earle's desire in the new Coach: he hath taken great paines in the ordering of it; it is made after the patterne that Mr. Evelyn brought from Paris; wee were nigh beeing upset in Drury Lane, by reason of the deepe tracks into which the wheels sanke, and a Wagon load of Hay mett us; after a deale of lifting and pushing, wee went on. sweet scent of the Hay coming in at the windore tooke my thoughts to Parham, and to those dayes when I was happier riding with Fanny and little Bess in our Hay-cart, than sitting stately up in this fine Coach. Drove in Hide Parke; they paie one shilling now at the Gate, which displeases manie. On Wednesday, in Mulberie Gardens, met Mr. Evelyn and Mrs. Evelyn, and some Ladies; here were a number of gaily dressed persons, and tables of refreshment.

Hoping you are well, deare Mother,

I rest your Ladyship's

most obedient and loving Daughter,

D. Winchelsea.

Strand, 16th of July, 1653. P. S. My Lord tells mee your Ladyship's old friend Sir Harry Vane hath taken the late conduct of the Protector so ill, that hee hath retired to Raby Castell.

Have heard no newes of my Daughter Winchelsea for some time, to-day did receive a Letter writt with Cheer-October 25, fulnesse and in good hearte at the prospect before Thursday. her; The Lord hear her in the day of trouble. It is a triall not to bee with her at a time when no person can bee the comfort which I know that I should bee to my deare Child; but wee must submit: she will have kind friends and good care I doubt not. Shee hath beene at the Christening at Sayes Court, and findeth herselfe in no way the worser, but indeed the better, for the lively companie shee did there meete. Good Mr. Owen did perform the Service in Mr. Evelyn's Librarie; this I thinke is Mr. Evelyn's second Sonne.

To-day read in 1 Corinthians, 13 Chap. 4. Verse. Under a trying sense of Discouragement in the failure of an October 27, endeavour to set some Affaires straight which did concerne others as well as myselfe, wherein one Thursday. shewed a jealousy and meane suspicion very grievous to mee: I sate downe in my chamber, moved to teares at this unkindnesse in one from whom I did expect farre otherwyse. In this despondency, and lett mee confesse it, not without some feelings of resentment, the wordes of the Text were brought before mee, Charitie suffereth long, vaunteth not itselfe, is not puffed up: Felt humbled; had I not shewen an impatience of temper, a readinesse to take offence, and to justifie myselfe? Is not puffed up; Had I not given incouragement to a selfe-satisfied spirrit, like the Pharisee, that I was not as other men are, and so was guiltie of a worse fault than hee whom I did condemne? Spirituall Pride beeing the worst sort of Pride: now after that my perturbation had ceased, and through a little wholesome selfe-examination did strive to overcome vaine thoughts of myselfe and evil thoughts of another, some parte of the Businesse did appeare in a new light, and shortly afterward I was able to convince my Friend, who did immediately repent him of the termes he had used. It is not enough alwayes to bee in the right, but wee must be carefull not to obscure the truth by too greate anxietie to make others thinke wee are.

1654.

This afternoone arrived my Daughter Winchelsea and her Infant, Servants, &c. A Coach drawne by six April 22, Horses was a sight in Parham, and all the Village Saturday. ranne out, and manie People collected at the gate, some for the sight, others to testifie their pleasure: Nurse had come up to the House, likewise Cicely and her Children, and the hall was crowded with faces when my deare Child entered once more her Father's House.

Never was a greater rejoycing in our household. As I reremained with Die for short space in the Parlour, and looked in
her sweet face enquiringly, teares started to her eyes, but momentarie, her present joy shone through them, and saying, I am
happie now, my Mother, shee quickly ledde me up to the Nurserie
to see her Child; as wee did enter the roome, such a din of voices
scared the poore little fellow, and hee was just setting up a distressefull crie when hee caught sight of his Mother's face, and
was pacified: Nurse rubbed her spectacles, and could not enough
admire him. Quietnesse in the house at last. At night feelings
were revived of past Sorrow; as I stood with my Daughter by
the Cradle where her little Sonne was sleeping, the same in which
my First-borne had once slept, in the full promise of Health and
Life; yet so soone to lie there in the sleepe of Death.

The best Bed-roome had beene made readie with no small preparation of the Toylet Table, the new white Satin Pinnecushion imbroidered by Fanny; the chased Silver Candlestickes given mee by my Uncle; the rose-coloured Ewers of Venetian Glasse Silver mounted; and the Cup and Stand of wrought Gold set with stones, brought by my Father from the Netherlands;

and India boxes for pouders and perfumes. Two Maids were in attendance, and Nurse stood at the Doore dressed in her best Gowne and Apron of fine Lawne, and her white Cap and Kercher, to receive the young Countesse, who did laugh merrily at all this state; and afterward, when wee did parte for the night, as she did looke around her, and at the high bed, the thicke Dammaske Curtaines, and spread with a rich Coverlet of quilted Satin, shee prayed shee might be permitted after this night to sleepe with her Sister in their old pleasant Chamber.

Have setled to our accustomed Wayes, excepting that there is ever a going to and fro to the Nurserie, and young Master calleth out Lustily. He is surely a fine April 28, Child: Our Neighbours are somewhat surprized Friday. that my Daughter taketh on herselfe not more sedateness or Ceremonie. True is it that when her presence is required shee is seldome to be found in the withdrawing Roome; yesterday, in the afternoone, when Companie did arrive, shee was downe at the Dairie making acquaintance with her pet Calfe Strawberrie, now growne up into a fine brindled Cow: In the Still-roome with her Sister, her sweet merrie voice is like my little Die of yeares past, but when at worke with mee, shee sometimes falleth into a sadder Mood, yet it passeth away. It pleaseth mee to see her enjoy her dear Sister's companie and the occupations of the Countrey, but shee doth seeme more indifferent to the absence of the Earle than I would shee did; I have adventured discreetly to approch the subject, but shee doth dextrously avoide saying ought that should imply Discontentment on Her part, or Unkindnesse or Disatisfaction on her Husband's; and I have heard from others, that the match was acceptable to his Kindred, who have severally shewen their esteeme for her. any cause there bee of a Personall kind, in the temper or habits that giveth her uneasinesse, which standeth in the way of a more entire Affection toward him who should be first in her Honour

and Love, she keepeth it to Herselfe: hard, yea, and unbearable must bee the Yoke, and bitter the Bondage, where Love is not, or but a divided Affection; and woe is mee, I have great feares for my Child's Happinesse, and in this Trouble I can do little or nothing to lighten her Burthen. The Heart knoweth its owne bitternesse, and a stranger intermeddleth not. It is so farre well that there doth exist no want of outward courtesie or respect in my Lord Winchelsea's deportment. Hee is much in the gaie World, and as some Men affect an indifferency toward their Wives as more dignified, if such bee the present Mode his is not the minde to contemne such a despisable Vanitie, and hee hath the more credit that hee offend not in this way. It striketh mee at this time, as it hath not heretofore that the Scriptures doe oft so speake as though Man's portion mainly were worthie of consideration, for good or ill, in this union; this may bee from the Custome of the Countreys in the East, to looke upon a Wife as no more than a Servant; And here wee may observe the change in this respect wrought by our Saviour, whose tender Compassion overlooked not the weake and dependant nature of Woman, but raised her up from her low estate; despised not her humilitie, but accepted her faith and opened her heart to understand his teachings. marvell that the Mothers brought their little Children that their Divine Master might blesse them also.

Heare little of any Publicke Newes. Die sayth manie were greatly scandalized that the *Protector* should goe to a Feast at the Lord Maior's on Ash-Wednesday, riding in state through the Cittie; Service was forbidden in all the Churches.

Have engaged Mr. Peter Hingston, Organist of St. Marys
Church in Ipswich, to come to Parham one day in
Sept. 5, the weeke; the Girles mightily pleased, and promise
Monday. to bee diligent Schollers. He is Nephew to Mr.
John Hingston, the Organist to the Protector, who
hath had the Organe of Magdalen Colledge brought from Oxford

and put up at Hampton Court, where he delighteth in hearing it as hee walketh in the greate Gallerie. Mr. Hingston sayth his Highnesse hath also a love for Singing, and hath Concerts performed before him, and so pleased was he with the Singing of one Mr. Quin, that he restored him to his Student's place in Christ-Church, from which he had beene turned out.

Sentence hath beene executed on Mr. Gerrard and one named Vowel, taken in the late conspiracie, likewise the PorJune 21, tugal Ambassador's brother, their time of probation
Tuesday. cut short by Man's cruell judgements, and their
Soules hurried unbidden into the presence of their
Creator: when will the end of such things bee? when will man
as well as the Angels rejoyce over the Sinner that repenteth?
Letter from my Daughter, the little Heneage in good health,
and likely to bee off on his feet before he is much older.

October 3, It was reported in *Ipswich* that the *Protector* was Monday. killed, some said by a Pistoll Shot.

The Newes of the Death of the Protector proves to have beene a false report, yet was hee not farre off such an Ac-October 4, cident; having a minde to drive his owne Coach Tuesday. drawne by the six horses lately given to him by the Duke of Oldenburgh, hee did provoke them with the Whip, which made them un-ruly, and his Highnesse was flung from off the Coach-box, & his Feet being caught in the Tackling he was dragged some way: the report of the Pistoll occasioned some present to thinke he was shot, but it was found to bee one which hee did weare concealed, & this hath beene much commented on, as no one did imagine that hee stood in so great feare of his Life as to carrie Fire-armes about his person.

Much Sicknesse and Want among our poore Neighbours: not

a day passeth but that some one or other sendeth up
Dec. 10, to the Hall for Physicke or Helpe of some sort.
Suturday. Our stock of Linsie Woolsie hath beene of good
service, also a Cloth called Fustian, made in the
north, called Bolton Cloth. Fanny is now rewarded for her diligence in her Herbe-Garden and the Stille-roome, and hath given
out divers medicines with her owne Hands, which have proved
serviceable, and comforting Cordials and Syrops for the Old and
Weakely, which shee doth oft take to those that are Bed-rid, and
returneth rich in the blessings of the Poore and those readie to
Perish.

In some solicitude for my Daughter Winchelsea, who looketh to the increase of her Familie in another month or thereabout; when writing to her by Mr. Gage did call to her Remembrance the 15 Verse of the 2nd. Chapter of St. Paul's 1st Epistle to Timothy. The Lord blesse her and keepe her, the Lord blesse her evermore.

1654-5

My Lord Newport came yesternight, and this evening arrived Feb. 17, Sir Henry Slingsby and one other, who departed Saturday. after Supper.

Letter from my Daughter Winchelsea, shee doth write cheerfully, and says shee hath recovered wonderfully Feb. 90, well; the Infant thrives, and her little Heneage is mightily pleased with his Sister; when shee cries, he runnes up to kisse her, and is disturbed to find it of no availe: may my deare Daughter's Nurserie be to her an encreasing joy, and repaie her for all that shee hath gone through.

How greatly to my comfort and happinesse would it bee if my Husband would keepe from meddling in the affaires Feb. 23, of either partie, and live in such retirement as doth now Sir Harry Vane, who abideth quietly at Raby; Friday. also another of his former Friends, Colonell Hutchinson, who hath stirred not in publicke matters for some time; I have heard saie hee did soone suspect the designs of Cromwell, and was held in small favour by him, this the more that he spake with plainenesse and sinceritie when words of complement would have beene more acceptable, hereby giving offence, as was evident and much noted at the time, in the neglect purposely shewn to him at the Funerall of Generall Ireton: Col. Hutchinson, it is sayd, doeth great good in his part of the Countrey as a Magistrate and doth give up much of his time in endeavour to improve the people in his neighbourhood: a Kinsman of Mrs. Hutchinson who had lately visited Awthorpe and passed by this way on his

ourney homeward, did give us a pleasing relation of Mr. Hutchnson's care for the education and amusement of his Children, providing for them Masters in Musicke and Painting. Hee hath in ardent love for Painting, & hath become possess'd of severall choice Pictures of the late King's, some of which hee did buy from those who had received them for wages or money owing to them, before that the Protector had put a stop to the sale.

My deare Husband came home with a disturbed countenance.

The Government has beene very busic with arrests

March 24, and examinations, a Friend in London writes there

Saturday. is a report much credited that the King is in this

Countrey: it is pretice well knowne that my Lord

Rochester is skulking about, and divers Gentlemen are under suspicion: feared to aske any question: Sir Henry Slingsby came at nightfall.

March 27,
Tuesday.

My Daughter writes that the eldest Child is sicke.

March 28, Wednesday. Another Letter; my little Grandsonne worse.

Deare Mother,

Heneage is very ill, and the Physitions think that Babie is sickening of the Disease. The Earle not having had the Smallpox, has yielded to my intreatie that hee would keepe out of the way of infection as much as possible, but he will not leave the house, and, dear Mother, sheweth tender care for mee and the Children:

asking your Prayers, I am
your dutifull Daughter,
D. Winchelsea.

Have writt to my poore bereaved Daughter; scarce, meethinks, can there be a chance for the Babie's Life. My March 30, deare Husband much moved by the loss of his sweet Friday. Grandsonne, and we wept together at the thought that we should see his little merrie face no more.

Madame,

It is with unspeakable Griefe that I have to informe your Ladyshipp of the Decease of my Sonne, who departed Letter from this Life at 9 o'Clocke this morning. The Infant is the Earle of better, but the Feaver is not so great as was the Winchelsea. little Boyes, and my deare Wife doth continue to hope it will be spared to comfort us for our heavy Losse: I beg your Ladyship to excuse more at this time from Madame your Ladyships

Affectionate and humble Servant, Winchelsea.

To-day have received another Letter from my Lord Winchelsea, the little Infant is released. My poore DaughApril 2, ter's sorrow unexpressable, both her precious Babes
Monday. taken! Heavenly Father, comfort and support her
under this afflicting Dispensation of thy Providence.
My poore Childe!

Have beene pleased to see the Sympathie felt by all our Household in this season of Trouble, the Women can April 4, scarce speake for crying when they aske how my Wednesday. Daughter bears the losse of her sweet Children:

Fanny and Elizabeth greatly distressed, they doe heartily love their Sister: this is the first Bereavement they have suffered.

An unfinished Letter from my poore afflicted Child sent mee

by her Husband, who doth adde to it a fewe lines,
April 8, hee found it on her table, shee having beene carried
Sunday. to bed by her Maids, too ill to continue writing: my
heart is pierced through by her Suffering. Have
mercie oh God upon thy afflicted Handmaiden, strengthen her
faith, binde up her broken Heart, and pour the oile of Consolation
into her wounded Affection. Shee mourneth as Rachel for her
Children and will not be comforted. Unto thy Fatherly care doe
I commit her, in the blessed assurance that shee will be brought
to know thee, the God of all Consolation.

Deare Mother,

All is now so changed I wonder that I Live. My Teares seeme frozen up, and a heavie weight is at my Heart.

Letter of Deare Mother, I am a little better; in very Mis-Ladie erie I crawled up to the Nurserie, the Cradle and Winchelsea. the little Bed, they were there: but my Children, my precious ones: I kneeled downe and tried to Praie, and so wept. Were my Prayers too wilfull, that God heard mee not when I prayed Night & Day for the Life of my Darlings? Is my God thy God Mother? thou prayest and Hee answereth thee, but Hee is far from me, Childlesse, Comfortlesse.

Writt to my beloved Daughter, but could onely feebly expresse
what I would faine give Utterance to of my tender
April 9, Sympathie, and Intreatie that shee would submit to
Monday. the Chastening of Him who doth not willingly afflict:
Exhorted her to seeke for the onely true Peace
promised by the Saviour, the Peace he left to his Disciples, of
Love and perfect Obedience, even to the Death of the Crosse,
and did conclude with a few words on Praier, which I humbly
hope may be some Helpe to her. I cannot suffer for her, but I
doe suffer with her, my deare afflicted Child.

While yet in much sadnesse my Husband perplexed by the news that Sir Henry Slingsby is arrested, and others, and hath delayed his journey into Leicestershire. He hath April 23, information from a Friend that in the examinations of Monday. one Jones, reported to Secretary Thurlowe, the Lord Willoughby's name is mentioned, that hee was to bee a Generall and head the rising in Yorkshire; severall Gentlemen taken in Shropshire. Could no longer conceale my Feares, and urged him with even the most earnest Perswasion to have no more part in these vaine Attempts. How short a time is it since the last Victims were brought to Death. Alas! naught that I can saie Availeth, and no measure of Prudence that I can devise, can cover his Rashnesse; not that indeed he acknowledgeth to the truth of my Suspicions, but says Women are alwayes thinking there must be something Dangerous if a Man doe but Stirre ever so little.

My Husband hath intelligence that Warrants are out against him and my Lord Newport, and his Brother Mr. Seymour, and other Gentlemen: He will not con-June 2. ceale himselfe, saying there can nothing bee proved Thursday. against him. Hee hath of purpose hidde from mee some late transactions, the so doing hee did entreat mee to consider no want of belief in my prudence, seeing there could by no possibilitie bee one in whom hee could more surely trust, or whose counsell hee would more desire, but the safetie of himselfe and his familie, and others, did make this the most prudent Hee did kindly enter into some Particulars. hath lately passed the Councell, that all with estates above 100 pounds yearely value, who at any time have taken up armes for the King, shall pay a Tenth of their Propertie to Government. Something like, sayd hee, the old affaire of Ship Money: also another mode of raising money is set on foote, the whole Countrey is divided, and officers, whom they style Major Generalls, appointed over each division, who fine and send to prison whom

they please, under pretence of being delinquents: this oppression not likely to be borne. In the Afternoone he rode toward *Colchester*, where some one was to meete him: *Wingfield* had gone on before with a led Horse.

Wingfield returned, and sayth his Lord was gone to London, and did desire I would make myselfe easie;

June 3, more easie to bee desired than to bee done. Did Friday. refraine questioning Wingfield more closely, possibly he hath beene commanded silence.

Not long have I had to wait for those tidings which I knew must arrive; So soone as hee reached London last SaturJune 6, day, my deare Life was arrested and carried straight to the Tower, at the same time with my Lord Newport and Mr. Seymour.

Left without any directions, have determined to take Fanny and Elizabeth and follow him to London: Interest must be made with all our Friends: now is it well for us that my Lord Lisle declined going on the Embassage to Sweden, and is in London at this time. The Lord Say too will give us helpe.

With Fanny's assistance chose some Lodgings in Leadenhall

Street, leaving her Sister at my Lord Winchelsea's;
June 14, would faine have left Fanny also, but shee could by
Tuesday. no persuasion bee prevailed upon, and a deare comfort shee is to mee. The young man Lydgate seemes
likely to suite, hee is active, and though quiet is not easily
daunted, and hath good stocke of common sense: When his
Brother was killed in the North, his Mother tooke to her Bed, and
soone after died, bidding her Sonne with her last breath come up
to the Hall and saie that Peggy Lydgate did pray mee to take
into my Service the Sonne whose Life I had saved; and a Faithfull Ladde he hath beene and seemeth like to bee.

Refused admittance to the Tower, strict orders are given that no friends of the Prisoners bee admitted: Sent LydJune 15, gate back to the Tower, carrying with him linnen,
Wednesday. wine, and other matters for the dear prisoner; when hee returned sayd my Lord was greatly chafed at this misadventure, yet hath hee no misgivings of his safetie as to his life, for how long a time he may bee shut up in prison, it liketh not him to thinke. Divers other Gentlemen are in the Tower, Sir Frederick Cornwallis, the Lord Maynard, Sir Geoffrey Palmer, and others; Could scarce sleepe at night, disturbed by present Feares and past Remembrances.

Tooke a Coach and drove to Charter House Square: My Lord Grey not at home; then to Northumberland House; got sight of Lord Lisle with some difficulty. Hee June 46, doth assure mee that hee beleeveth the Gentlemen Thursday. now in the Tower are put there more to keepe them from doing Mischief than with any intent to bring them to a Triall. His Highnesse, then, sayd I, scrupleth not at Starre Chamber practice, and innocent Men are shut up in Prison at his pleasure without proofe of being guiltie, or opportunitie given to shew their innocence. He made replie with some harshnesse of manner, My Lord Willoughby may bee innocent in your Ladyship's eyes, but his Treasonable designes are so well knowne that his best friends may bee glad of what your Ladyship is pleased to call Starre Chamber practise. He then added more mildly, that hee hoped wee would bee patient, and promised he would use his utmost indeavour to procure leave for mee to see my Husband. Mr. Algernon Sydney here entered the roome, and his Brother introduced him to mee, and I rose about to take my leave: when Mr. Sydney begged to detaine me for a short time; Hee then repeated what his Brother had before said, and proceeded to say that he had that esteeme for my Lord Willoughby that hee did desire he should not misjudge him in the matter of the late King's Triall and

Hee was present on the first day of the Triall, but did Death. see then a sterne Resolve in the Countenance of some which did alarm him as also Coll. Hutchinson, and forthwith he departed the House, seeing it was too strong a current for him to checke, and remained at Penshurst. All Englishmen hee conceived were called upon to resist the Tyrannous and Unconstitutional Governernment of the late King, but to the Necessitie of the last murderous Act, he would never subscribe; what Measure might have beene Adopted it were uselesse now to enquire; He did beleeve those who were at the Head of the State were men of Honest views and intentions in the Beginning, but there had beene a graduall change in some and a dangerous Ambition stirring in one Minde whereof it was not expedient to speake openly; the End would shortly come. No great Evill can be remedied without Evill ensuing in the processe; Honest men must hold fast to the Good to be obtained, even though they may bee drawne into the whirlepoole of man's worst Passion, and suffer the shame of man's worst deeds, an honest man must abide by the Truth; ay, and Die for the Truth. He did appeare to forget to whom he spake, his sterne voice softened as he begged mee not to be alarmed, my Husband's Life he knew to bee in no jeopardie. tooke my leave in some agitation: I had looked at these Things from a Distance, now I beheld One of the Actors in the Struggle, and my feeble Spirit quailed at the Sight: fervently thanked God that the awful Triall of giving up life for the Truth had not beene apportioned to mee, or to those neare and deare unto mee.

My Lord Lisle called; he had beene to White-June 17, hall, but could not get an audience with the Protec-Friday. tor, but hath engaged Mr. Thurlow in our behalf, who hath promised his influence.

Mr. Evelyn came; he doth propose to carrie backe with him June 18, my Daughter Fanny to Sayes Court, and also ex-

Saturday. presses an earnest desire that shee may accompanie him to the Tunbridge Wells: gave my Consent gladly, believing that the Waters of that Place would be of Service to her Health, not that shee stands so much in need of improvement in that respect as shee once did.

My Sister came and tooke mee to Suppe with her.

Yesterday beeing Lord's Day, and having heard mention that at the Church of St. Gregorie was still used the June 20, Church forme of Service, the Liturgie, &c. and Monday. beeing desirous to heare the same, went there.

Heard Dr. Wild preach. Church well attended. Returned home by the Strand; my Daughter but poorely; if through mercie shee keepe up through this Month I shall be more at ease concerning her.

Our friends, after using every means, could onely obtaine permission that I should see my *Husband* during the June 21, space of one houre, and this in the presence of two of *Tuesday*. the Soldiers on guard: my Lord *Lisle* did with much kindnesse, advise mee to appeare at ease, and talke of indifferent matters, and seeme to be under no concerne that my *Lord* was there for a few dayes or weekes.

Went to the *Tower*; hard work to maintaine a cheerefull Countenance, say rather to keep up a cheerefull Heart, not much reall gaine if there is the One and not the Other.

Found Fanny returned from her Visite: shee doth looke
Sweetly, and nothing loth to tell of all shee hath
August 25, Seene and Heard. Mrs. Evelyn hath showne her
Saturday. most kind and loving Condescention, and is a Gentlewoman of rare accomplishment and amicable
Disposition, and doeth all things that shee doth undertake excellently Well. Mr. Evelyn is busied with his Alterations and Im-

provements at Sayes Court. The Gardens, which he laid out two yeares since, are filled with thriving Plants, divers sortes of Roses and other rare and beautious Flowers, more particularly such as are of pleasant Perfume & Fragrancy, for which he hath peculiar Liking. Also he cultivates such Herbes as will supplie Honie for his Bees, which he doth keepe in a transparent Hive given to him by Dr. Wilkins, of Oxforde. Fanny omitted no Partikilar; It is so constructed, one upon another, that the Honie can be taken without the crueltie of destroying the Bees; He made her a drawing of the plan, and writt full and plaine directions for the management of Bees. Also did he, with condescention and courtesie provide for her entertainment within doors, shewing her the arte of graving on Copper plates, and gave her a print done by himselfe of his dear Wotton, likewise his picture engrav'd by a Sculptor at Paris, much like: methought shee did slightly blush when shee spoke of a Mr. Brereton, a young Gentleman held in greate esteeme by Mr. Evelyn: so much to bee told of Sayes Court, description of Tunbridge Wells left for another time:

Mett Mr. Evelyn in the Park to day, tooke occasion to inquire somewhat particularly of his friend Mr. Brereton, he Sept. 15, did willingly enter on the subject. He is the Sonne Saturday. of my Lord Brereton and hath lately come to England, having beene at Breda for his education some yeares, and is a very accomplished Gentleman; his Father's estates are much involved through the late troubles in assisting the King.

Met at dinner Mr. Pepys, Mr. Evelyn, and the Lord Baltimore, who seemeth a Gentleman of most rare Excellence sept. 18, and ability. Hee discoursed very Agreeably, and Tuesday. gave the Companie a long and full Historie of the founding of Maryland. Hee was now in London to

Petition the *Protector* to issue an order to the Governour of *Virginia* that there should be no Interference on his part with the government of *Maryland*, that Countrey having flourisht beyond all others under the Laws and Regulations he had Instituted. Hee had mett with a courteous reception at *Whitehall*.

Nov. 9, Friday. Went to the Tower as usuall, the day bitter Cold; in the Evening supped with my Daughter Winchelsea, Mr. Brereton there.

This day all Ministers of the Church of England forbidden
Preaching and Teaching. Thus while wee make
Nov. 27,
Collection of Money to assist the persecuted in forreine Countreys; the spirrit of persecution burnes
hotely in our owne.

Yesterday Sir Robert Stone tooke us to see Whitehall, hee gained Admittance through some small Acquaintance he had with Sir Oliver Flemming Master of Dec. 13. Thursday. the Ceremonies: as wee passed through a roome called the Greene Chamber, wee were told it was there the late King was permitted to retire with the Bishop, remaining there some time Private in order to the receiving the Sacrament about an houre or so before his execution: As wee did enter the Gallerie wee saw divers Gentlemen passing out by another Doore, and learned that a Conference had then ended: wee stayed to looke at the Pictures, some still remaining, also some fine Tapestries in another apartment which wee did see afterward, and so it was that a doore at the other side of the Gallerie was throwne open; Sir Oliver Flemming and others stood in Attendance, and presently his Highnesse appeared engaged in Discourse with a man strangely Apparelled and of remarkable countenance, and wearing a long beard; wee kept as much out of sight as wee could and were in part concealed by a doore way: The *Protector* advanced but a few steppes along the Gallerye, as it seemed, to conclude that which hee was saying, then making a salutation to him to whom he spake, hee retired whence he came. Meeting Sir *Oliver* ere wee left the Palace, hee informed us that the Stranger in the forreine Garbe whom wee had just seene, was the Jewish Rabbi *Menasseh Ben Israel*, sent over from *Holland* by the *Jewes* who desire permission to establish some of their nation in this Countrey; A Councell was held this morning to consider of their propositions, the *Protector* looketh favorably on their petition.

Had an opportunitie this day of gaining some further Information on the subject of the Jewes, it affected mee not Dec. 14, a little in thinking on our returns home from White-Friday. hall, that wee had looked upon one of that despised People the Rejectors of the Messiah and the imprecators of the curse upon Themselves and upon their Children: yet a people highly favored by the Most High.

It did happen that as I was speaking of the Circumstance of our seeing the Rabbi, one present expressed his Hope that the Jewes would bee admitted into England. Dr. Wilkins, (of Oxford,) answered him, did he know that they were for having St. Paul's for their Synagogue, and the Bodleian Librarie at Oxford to bee given into their Keeping. He had beene told they had offered the Protector 500,000 pounds if these two points were Yielded, to which hee was willing enough to Agree, but others would not. There was a Reason whispered about that the Jewes were for making out the Protector to bee the expected Messiah; and it was knowne to not a few that some Jewes had beene searching through the Librarie at Cambridge for Bookes relating to Prophesies, and afterwarde did goe downe to Huntingdon where Cromwas borne to get knowledge of his Familie and Ancestors; but this was noised abroad, and it was thought prudent to dismisse them the Countrey: these Jewes were from the Levant, but it is not unlikely that this hath beene pleasing to the *Protector*, and made him well disposed to favor the Deputation from *Holland*. I did listen with much attention to all that was sayd, and have here put it downe, as it seemeth to mee something Wonderfull, that the *Jewes* should hold this opinion of *Cromwell*, and likewise it is curious to see the hidden Motive to men's Actions.

No Churches open: We heard there was private Service in some Families; I went to a Chappel near by.

Word early this morning from my Lord Winchelsea that my Daughter was ailing. Went to the Tower, tooke leave of my Husband; my deare Life ill at ease, affected with Cold and some Feaver, no doubt caused by his damp and miserable lodging, and want of all comforts: The wretch Baxter taketh a pleasure in treating his Prisoners despitefully.

Found Die in prettie good heart, and disposed to sleepe.

This Afternoone my deare Daughter safely brought

Dec. 29, to bed; returned heartfelt Thankes to Almightic God

Saturday. for this great Mercie: the Infant weakely, but with

Care and good Nursing likely enough to Live.

A smile of peacefull Happinesse on my beloved *Child's* Face as shee lay with the *Babie* on her Arme, such as I have not seene there for long. May shee be restored to Health, and the little one be spared to be a present Joy and a crowne of Rejoycing to her latter dayes. Her *Sisters* scarce take their eyes off, or doe anything but Rocke the Cradle and watch *Nurse*. Sent to the *Tower* to gladden the Heart of the poore Prisoner by the good tidings.

1655-6.

WENT to the Tower, thence to call at Mr. Evelyn's lodgings by Covent Garden, where I did encounter the unhappie Widow of the Lord Capel, her Daughter newly Feb. 11, maried, Ladie Beauchamp, was also present; a Gen-Monday. tlewoman of gracefull Cariage, and seemingly of sweet ingenuous Temper. Mention beeing made of Dr. Peter Heylun, Mr. Evelun related some anecdotes of divers Frights and Disasters which befell him in the late troublous Times; and the great losse he had in his Bookes, which were all taken from him, and manie of them sold by the Soldiers for a flagon of Ale. Hee, on one occasion, when he left his hiding-place in the disguise of a poore wayfaring man, beeing mett by some Soldiers, one of them laying hold of his Hand, felt a Ring under his Glove, and so did conclude him a runnaway Cavalier; but by a good Chance for him they were disturbed in the Robberie of this good man, and missed finding some peeces of Gold he had hidde in his High Shooes. Of late hee hath retired to a Farme (beeing silenced preaching,) in Oxfordshire. Mrs. Evelyn read some Verses of his, writt when hee was a Suitor to the Ladie he did afterwarde marie, and presented to her with a rich gilded Bible, and I admiring them, Mrs. Evelyn did lend them to mee, that if I so pleased I might copie them, and then returne them to her. This I have done.

These by Dr. Peter Heylin, given with a Bible.

Could this outside beholden bee To cost and cunning equally; Or were it such as might suffice The huwrie of curious Eyes: Yet would I have my Deerest looke Not on the Cover, but the Booke.

If thou art Merie, here are Aires;
If Melancholie, here are Prayers:
If Studious, here are those things writ
Which may deserve thy ablest Wit;
If Hungry, here is food Divine:
If Thirsty, Nectar, Heavenly Wine.

Read then, but first thyselfe prepare
To read with Zeale, and marke with Care;
And when thou read'st what here is writt
Let thy best practice second it;
So twice each precept read shall bee,
First in the Booke and next in Thee.

Much reading may thy spirits wrong:
Refresh them, therefore, with a song:
And that thy musicke praise may merite,
Sing David's Psalms with David's spirit;
That as thy Voice doth pierce men's Ears,
So shall thy Prayers and Vows the Spheres.

Thus read, thus sing, and then to thee
The very Earth a Heaven shall bee:
If thus thou readest, thou shall find
A private Heaven within thy Minde:
And singing thus before thou die,
Thou sing'st thy part to those on High.

At an early houre this morning a small packet was left by a serving Man wearing a Liverie not knowne to Lyd-St. Valentine's gate who tooke it from him. It was addressed to Day. Mistress Frances Willoughby, Fanny received it with Feb. 14, an abashed Countenance as her eye caught the writing of the Superscription, which Character did not seeme altogether strange to her. Within the outmost paper was a Letter tied with silke. She quickly handed it to mee

to open, but I would not so dishonour St. Valentine, and left her to penetrate the Mysterie. The custome is in my minde a harm-Innocent in beeing generall, and in its poeticall and fancifull guise partaking somewhat of the Ancient Chivalrous Character: No doubt the Knight in this little piece of Gallantrie, is a certaine Gentleman whose attention will not be displeasing to the faire young Maiden; who can say that shee will not sometime looke backe upon this very Day with a mournefull pleasure, but I will checke my penne, nor disturb even in imagination, what is perhaps the first whisper of Love to her young heart; it may not bee so, but I know not a more blessed reliefe to my concerne for this deare Child, than that no mariage Contract should be made for her, unsanctified by a sweet and holie Affection. Custome hath led us wrong in this matter, in the disposal of one dearely loved Daughter, not so shall it againe: I have heard say that one overture of mariage was made by my Lord Leicester who did aske my hand for his Sonne, Lord Lisle, which was respectfullie declined by my honoured Father: I was of tender Yeares, and my Mother approved not engagements entered into for parties in their Childhood.

Yesternight the house of the Swedish Ambassador was curiously lighted up, Painted transparent papers were Feb. 22, put into the frames of the Windowes, the Glasse Friday. panes beeing taken away and Candles were placed behind the Paintings. In the Balcones on each side of the house were Trumpets, 7 or 8 sounded together: The occasion of all this to celebrete the Birth of the Swedish Prince.

As I was prepared to set forth to the *Tower*, word was brought me that my Daughter *Winchelsea* was greatly March 4, alarmed about her babie, which had beene suddenly seized with Convulsions in the night, though partly recovered shee did very earnestly intreat mee

to come to her; after my returne from the Tower, I came hither and found the Child better

To day the Child doth appeare well, save some March 5, slight Indisposition occaisoned seemingly by the disagreement of its food, my Daughter cheery, but no wonder shee is soone alarmed.

The poore Babie seized with another fitte and March 7, scarce could live through it, the Mother holdeth Thursday. it in her armes and will suffer none other to take it.

Againe hath the *Lord* visited us with affliction, my little *Grand-child* breathed its last on *Sunday* night; my *Daugh-*March 11, ter's state beeing but Weakely and shee worne out Monday. with Nursing and Anxietie of Heart, now lyeth dangerously ill.

March 14, The Feavor increasing and her Senses wander, Thursday. another Physition called in.

Still is there Hope as one of the Doctors sayd to mee, there is no telling what the Young will struggle through, March 15, but her Health and Spirits have beene terribly Friday. shaken; my Sister hath taken away Fanny and Elizabeth, to bee out of the way of Infection, my Husband hath many Feares for me, I am wonderfully preserved from Apprehension but to satisfie him take all the precaution in my power and doe weare bags of Camphire sewed into my Dresse, and smell oft at a small grated Box one of the Physitions did give me, filled with some strong Aromatique which some do consider a sure preservative.

March 16, The Doctors thinke some Symptomes more Fasaturday. vourable: may the Lord blesse their Endeavours to restore this deare Child.

Mr. Evelyn, who hath great Ingenuity, sent mee a night Lampe, made of a large lumpe of Wax, which lighted and set in a silver Bason, giveth out a very small flame and lasteth manie Nights.

Againe worse; my Lord Winchelsea is for having more Advice, but hath yeelded to our opinion, that having March 19, already 5 Physitions, and these of most Eminence, nothing would be gained, but the rather Inconvenience by more.

To-day all Hope is given up, knew not how to find Wordes to tell the sad Newes to my poore *Husband*; now March 20, indeed is the bitternesse of our separation fully Wednesday. experienced, his Daughter dying, and he shut up in prison.

March 22, Daughter Diana fell asleepe in the 21st yeare of her Friday. Age, a short Life in which shee had past through a deepe Baptisme; God's will be done.

Looked for the last time on the deare Remaines; truly I was bowed down heavily, as one that Mourneth for his Moth-March 26, er, yet was I enabled to attaine unto a good degree of Twesday. Composure ere I turned away from the sweete placid Countenance. Tooke from between the leaves of my Bible a few withered Flowers, and gently laid them on her breast: kissed the peaceful Face of my beloved Child, and left the Chamber. As I softly closed the doore and felt that never more—

Take up the Penne, but what can I say? Lord, I believe, help thou mine unbeliefe. Father, not my Will, but Thine be done.

As the Hart panteth after the water-brooks, so panteth my Soule after Thee O God. Beene favoured to approach to March 28, some foretaste of this Heavenly State, as I was led Thursday. this morning in the solitude of my Closet into deep Meditation on the Holinesse and Perfection of the Divine Being. My soule seemed readie to crie out, Do with me as thou wilt, O God, to lead mee unto thyselfe: yet so soone as the Prayer was uttered, my poor fearefull nature trembled: The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weake. Gracious words from Him who was tried as wee are, yet within Sinne.

My Daughter and pretty Grandchildren all taken; I can truly say, that for my precious Child's sake I can rejoyce March 30, that shee is removed from this Life of Sorrow; besaturday. reaved of her sweet Children, and of the last just as she had tasted once more of a Mother's joy, her over-grieved Heart could no more sustaine this fresh Griefe, and shee has followed them no more to be Separated.

Mournefull is it to the more Advanced in years, to see the Young taken, the *Infant* of a few dayes and the youthfull *Mother*, whilest the aged Pilgrim is left to descend with Feeble step into *The Valley of the Shadow of Death*. The *Lord's* will be done. May I more and more strive to bee prepared to give an account of my Stewardship whensoever it may be his will to summon me hence.

It hath beene a time of deepe and tender Exercise of Spirit as I kept watch by the Sicke bed; graciously visited by sweet Tokens of the Divine Presence, and enabled to resigne this precious object of my Love and tender Solicitude, comforted to know that shee had found Christ to be indeed the Way, the Truth, and the Life. There were but few seasons of Consciousnesse and they short, as a stupor succeeded to the delirium; once toward the last shee opened her eyes and fixed them upon mee with a pitifull looke, and her Lippes moved, but there was no Articulate sound,

Poore thing! the change to her is doubtless a Happie one, but to mee a heavie and grievous Losse, shee was ever a dearely loved *Child*, and of late my Heart had beene drawne to her in neare Sympathie in her many Trialls. Her *Sisters* doe take this Sorrow much to Heart, and weepe for her and the little Babe.

The Imprisonnement of my deare Husband becometh greatly Wearisome to him. He doth now often wish that hee had not returned to England, but had stayed to April 17, manage his affaire in Antigua, saying to-day when Thursday. the time drew neare for mee to take my Leave, that hee would more willingly bee separated from us by the wide Sea, than the thicke walls of the Tower, prevented the free use of his Limbs, and denied the fresh aire and exposed to the Insolence of the Governour. Beholding him thus chafed, proposed to goe myselfe to the Protector, and petition for his Release, but this angered him Mightily. Doe suppose it is more Difficult to Man's nature to be patient than it is to us: Accustomed to resist and overcome Difficultie and Danger, it is a surprise to them when it doth happen Otherwise; and whatsoever they may Suffer, if like occasion offer againe seldome are they deterred from the same conduct. At this time, believe my Lord would, if hee were given his libertie, plunge into the first scheme that was contrived as hopefull of Successe, as though they had never failed in Attempts which have hitherto ended onely in Death or Captivitie: He did urge upon mee to leave this wearie Citie; The sweet aire of Parham would better thy Health deare Wife: this he sayd as he did tenderly remarke on my pale & worne Lookes, and my Haire turning Graie. And yet it will goe hard to part with such a loving caretaker, the onely deare Comfort I have. Would not consent to leave London, on the Contrarie, would desire to stay with him altogether in the Tower, but this hee will never heare mee speake of. Reached my Lodging well nigh spent.

Through the Kindnesse and Perseverance of our Friends, my

Husband hath the Libertie of the Tower allowed

April 21, him: They have entered into Securitie for him, and

Monday it is to be hoped his Health will be amended now
that hee hath some space to take Exercise, and can

Breathe the open Aire.

Spent these few Dayes past in the house, beeing under the necessitie of taking some rest. Looked over some May 2, papers of my poore Daughter which my Lord Win-Friday. chelsea hath forwarded to mee, they did consist chiefly of letters, and of these not manie: one paper carefully folded contained some Verses of Fanny's, which I have copied before giving them backe to her keeping.

On Hearing of the Decease of my deare Sister's Babie, and given to her by mee.

Through the white covering of its Bed
The Snow-drop lifteth up its Head,
Though fraile it looke, it enters Life
Bravely to beare the Winterie strife;
While the more sweet and tender Flower,
Transplanted from its native Bower,
And balmy Aire, and sunnie Skies,
Droops its faire Forme, and fades and dyes.
So this sweete Babie bloomed awhile,
And smiled to meete its Mother's smile,
Then for its home in Heaven did pine,
And Death unloosed Life's silver line;
On joyfull wings the Spirit fled,
Her name recorded with the Dead.

Frances Willoughby.

At Parkam, April 10, 1654.

On the night when my deare Daughter fell ill of that fatall Sicknesse, as wee tooke off her cloathes, I found a small packet or

case of white Satin worne concealed by her Neck kerchefe, I put it carefully aside at the time, and opening it some fewe dayes after her decease, did find within the laste fold a silken locke of pale brown haire, on the Satin was worked in Gold thread the letter H, and the date of the yeare, 1654: Her darling Heneage, the first borne and the first laid in the grave, soone to bee followed by his little Sister; not long, and another Infant rested its head on its Mother's bosome, this was taken, and now the Mother's triall was over, and shee too was laid beside them.

May 12, Sonnet by my Daughter Fanny. Monday.

This small but costlie Casket, rich inlayed
With Gems and Ivorie, with Carvings fine
Of Sandel-wood, its Ebonne sides to line,
Whence a sweet Odour doth the whole pervade;
So sweet is it, that all things therein laid
When drawne at times from forth their scented skrine
Do ever beare with them this breathing Signe
That they have dwelt within its Perfumed shade.
So when the pious and all lowly Heart
A Tresure House is kept wherein doth dwell
The love of God with most deare Constancie,
To every word and deed it doth impart
A vertue and a Gracious Fragrancie
Which doth to all its hidden worship tell.

These Verses are to my thinking pretily written, this perhaps not surprising as we are readie to make much account of what our *Children* do, but yet more is it pleasing to me to see her Fancy thus disporte itselfe, drawing good from the little Accidents of Life: when I did expresse to her this satisfaction, shee replied that herein shee had no Merit, shee had been favoured one day, as indeed not seldome is our priviledge to enjoy the edifying Discourse of a pious and deare Friend, who did at that time as at many others very feelingly enlarge on the indwelling of the *Holy*

Spirit and its worke of Regeneration and Sanctification wrought in the Heart, the while hee spake, her eye rested on the little Indian perfume box, given to her by our young friend Mr. Brereton, which stood neare her on the table; and as shee pondered in silence on the wordes shee had heard, her thoughts did thus dresse themselves. Shee hath a great liking for the Sonnet and can repeat by heart many of the most perfect writt in our language, also this taste hath beene encreased by her studie of the Italian; with some Difficulty I did gain her Permission to show the Poem to him whom I may call the Sower of the good Seed, who doth hold her in his affectionate regard, believing that he would receive some satisfaction in the perusal. Of this Shepheard of the Lord's fold it may bee sayd of him in the exercise of his ministry, that in the wordes of the Psalmist, He feedeth them according to the integritie of his heart.

Sir Henry Vane is sent prisoner to Carrisbrooke Castle; whence this severitie of the Protector to one who hath used Sept. 14. to stand high in his esteeme and hath done him service is not well knowne: some mention is there of a Booke he hath written.

Went with Mr. Evelyn and his Wife downe to Tunbridge, and remained there two dayes: there is much building Oct. 2, of Houses for the lodging of Strangers, and for Thursday. Shops. I have heard say that when the Queen resorted thither for the improvement of her Health after the birth of the Prince, she was Lodged in Tents sett upp for her on the down; as the Wells became more frequented, the people set up Standings under the row of Trees in the road to the Well, where they sold their goods to the companye who passed bye. We lodged at a pretic Cottage close by the Well: one morning as wee walked under some fine trees, whose leaves were beginning to fade, Mr. Evelyn, who hath wonderful knowledge of

moste Things but especially of Trees, did point out to mee the new budde at the foot of the Leafe stalke, which by its groweth takes up the sappe, and thus the old Leafe doth lose its nourishment and fades and drops off; so that instead of pitying the Trees when they are losing their Leaves, wee should see it only as the preparation for Spring, and a fresher Verdure. Neverthelesse Autumn hath a pleasing sadnesse in its lesson of Change and Death.

At Table one present gave us this anecdote of Sir Henry Wotton: Hee being in a Popish Chappel, a Priest that knew him sent a paper to him with this query, Where was your Religion before Luther? under which he writt these words, Where yours is not, in the written word of God.

Mrs. Evelyn tooke us with her to Pall-Mall. Choccolate was handed to the companie in cups of fine porcelain, Oct. 6, and rare sweetmeats and Italian bisketts: The Lady Monday. Ranelagh was there on a visite, she mett me Courteously, and was pleased to say that her Brother Mr. Robert Boyle would regret not seeing mee.

Oct. 7, The Petition for Leave to go to Surinam of no Tuesday. availe.

Have remained in the *Tower* since this day Oct. 27, senight to attend on my dearest *Life*, who hath *Monday*, beene grievously ill, he is now better and hath walked out twice or thrice.

As we were at dinner to day my Lord sayd he beleaved wee were in the same Roome wherein Sir John Eliot Oct. 28, was Imprisoned for so long and died, I asked who Tuesday. was hee? He answered that hee was one of the first to suffer when the great Struggle began be-

tweene the late King and his Parliament, one of the five Members that were sent to the Tower, to bee out of his (the King's) way; He was of a right noble spirit, and rather than accept the conditions offered which hee deemed dishonourable, remained in Prison, to die a lingering Death from Disease brought on by his long Captivitie. I was a Youth, said my Husband, at that time, he was much talked about, and I am beholden to him for the first stirrings in my heart of a hatred of tyrannie, ill enough he would thinke I have followed his example. Mr. Hampden knew him well and did honour and esteeme him beyond any other Man, and after his Death was a Father to his Sonnes: In Countenance he was thought by some to bee like the King; his haire and beard he wore in like fashion.

So ill to day feare I can conceale it no longer, as Captain Butler, who dined with us, questioned mee, and so
Nov. 28, fixed my Husband's attention more on my lookes,
Friday. who had at divers times observed the Palenesse of
my Countenance, and that I could with difficultie
keepe any Warmth in mee.

Became so ill I was like to give up. Some gold pieces given to Serjeant Dendy had their effect, and the use of an Dec. 4, inner Roome was permitted us; and, with his wifes Wednesday. helpe, a Bed, so called, was made up therein; a darke miserable place, but I was thankefull for the privacie, and this Woman, who was kindly disposed and sorry for my Condition, did such little Services shee could without danger of observation: My Husband hath profitted by his owne Illnesse in some particulars, to my advantage; especially was hee very alive to the Distresse occasioned by Thirst, and failed not to bring a Cup of Water every time he came to my Bedside.

To-day Capt. Butler did come to see my Husband, and did use

manie Arguments to perswade mee to come out

Dec. 6, from the Tower; but I am the more bent upon stay
Friday. ing with my Husband now that I know better than

I did once what this Imprisonment is; and if to me,
who have beene here but a few Weekes, it is so miserable, what
must it bee to him who hath beene shut up these 18 Months?

Capt. Butler did then take a lead penne and a peece of writing
paper, and wrote. I retired to rest, and on my returne, my Lord
shewed mee a Letter, and did request me to make a Copie
thereof.

To the Lord Protector.

May it please your Highnesse,

The last Thursday I was invited to Dinner with my Lord Willoughby, whose Ladie is desperately Sicke; shee

This copy will not be persuaded to remove from her Husband, slightly differs which makes mee most humbly request your Highmonthat preserved in libertie to remove to Sir Robert Stone's House in Thurlow's Tuttle Street. Thus much I know, that hee is much State Papers. in Debt, & would willingly goe settle either in

Ed. Antigo or Surinam. As for his Ladie, shee was a great friend to the cause of Libertie and True Religion, and it is possible things may bee misinterpreted to your Highnesse concerning her Husband. In this Clemencie of your Highnesse will appear the conquest of your Passion, which after all my sadnesse shall oblige mee to remaine

Your Highnesse's most humble Servant, though most unworthie,

Gregorie Butler.

Dec. 6, 1656.

We heard nothing from Mr. Butler till this Day, when hee Dec. 16, came he had received a short replie from Mr. Sec-

Tuesday. retary Thurlowe to this purpose, that His Highnesse had knowne the Lord Willoughby many years, and that it was through no Misrepresentation that the said Lord found himselfe in his present Situation: the Inconveniencie thereof it rested not with him to amend. We had encouraged no great Expectation, so were not disappointed, neverthelesse, a small dose of Patience was Serviceable.

Heare with concerne that Doctor Jeremy Taylor is sent to the Tower; this on so small an offence as a Picture Dec. 29, beeing set in his Prayer Booke. Letter from Fanny Tuesday. to say my presence is greatly wanted, her Sister no better, so have fixed, beleaving it my duty, to leave this place, which I can do the more easily, as my deare Life is well recovered.

1657.

Ir hath beene expected by some that the Protector would have himselfe crowned King, but it having beene proposed in the House that a Petition should be drawne up, to May 16, Saturday. the effect that they did advise him to take upon himselfe the Title of King, as more consonant to the good of the State and a settled Government, manie were against it, and of these his oldest Friends; there not beeing the Unanimitie and support from these hee had looked for, he hath declined the honour that some would put upon him; some, no Friends to him, have had their hopes raised by the attempt; once the tide set in for Royaltie, they thinke the heart of the People would soone return to its true Allegiance, and the Restoration of the rightfull King bee the sooner brought about; and if Adversitie hath had its proper Use, the Sonne might be expected not unreasonably to bee a better King than his Father, whom men have pitied so much for his Death that his ill Government is well nigh forgotten, and some who were the first to take up Armes in the cause of the People, thinke themselves not much better off.

A great stirre made in London last Friday at the Ceremonie of the Inauguration, which was performed with the July 3, State and Pompe of the Crowning of a King. A Friday. rich Cloath of State was set up in Westminster Hall, and underneath it a Chair of State up two Steppes covered with Carpets. The Protector first passed some bills in Parliament, and then hee went into Westminster Hall, attended by Gentlemen and Heraulds and Officers: The Earle of Warwicke carrying the Sword before him; The Speaker presented to

him a Robe of Purple Velvet lined with Ermine, which was put upon him, then he gave him a Bible, and the Sword was girded on, a Sceptre of Gold given into his hand, and a Speech was made to him, and the Oath given him; Then were great shouts and the Trumpets sounded, and he sate himselfe downe in the Chair of State, holding the Sceptre in his hand. A Herauld proclaimed his Title; The Ceremonie being ended hee went to his Coach, his Traine borne by Mr. Rich and other young Nobilitie, so hee hath done his best to come as near to a Kingship as might bee.

There is a publicke Advertisement of a Coach drawne by six
Horses to sett out from Aldersgate London, every
Nov. 24. Monday to West-Chester, also the same to returne
every Monday from Chester; likewise a Coach and
six every Monday to York, a great convenience to Travellers.

We heare to day that the Ladie Mary, as shee is styled, is maried to my Lord Falconberg, and her Sister was maried last weeke to Mr. Rich, Grandsonne to the Earle of Warwick: much worldly Wisdome in his Highnesse in procuring these Alliances with men of some ranke for his Familie.

Now is there to bee a new House of Lords; writts are issued to divers Persons to sit as Members in the other Dec. 12. House: wee heare it not called the House of Peers. It is remarked on this steppe back to the old Institutions, that if the Protector stand in need of the Lords, it is like that it will not be long before wee must have a King, and it is thought hee aimes at this dignitie.

Find nelpe and comfort in the habit of ejaculatorie Praier, since it is difficult in my present hurried way of life to Dec. 16, keepe to any usuall seasons of Retirement during Thursday. the day: yet doe I strive not to lose horself my De-

pendance upon Divine Helpe: and so even in companie or in a Coach, or however occupied, am more content if my soule hath beene engaged in a short prayer or thanksgiving; or if this much is not attained unto, I endeavour to collect my Thoughts, by saying over a verse or Text that may be applyable to the Businesse wherein I may bee engaged: feele humbled that the cares and vanities of the world take up so much of my time, praie for deliverance from temptation to evill, and to be preserved from the more hidden Sinne, the selfe righteous spirit of the Pharisee, into which the open wickednesse of others doth oft prove a snare to poore weake human Nature; of myselfe I can doe nothing, and may the faith of St. Paul enable me to saie with him, I can doe all things through Christ who strengtheneth me.

Later than usuall when I arrived at the Tower: the striving to keepe a cheerefull countenance, and to lighten Dec. 20, the Hardships of this long imprisonment, is beginmonday. ning to affect my health: to day my heart was full and I gave way, on first meeting my deare Husband's embrace, and hidde my face on his shoulder, unable to controll my teares. My poore Wife, thou art worne out, he sayd tenderlie, but cheere up, love, wee will have a merrie Christmasse yet. It was very sweet to bee comforted by him, even in a Prison. When my time was up and I had to leave, he consented to take into Consideration what I had urged more than once, that I should Petition the Protector in Person.

Yesterday Mr. Evelyn and his Wife came to London, to celebrate Christmasse-day, and did prevaile with mee to Dec. 26, goe with them to Exeter Chapell. Mr. Ganning Saturday. preached on 7. Micah, 2 verse. The Sermon ended he did proceed to administer the Holie Sacrament, it was then discovered that the Chappell was surrounded with soldiers; they held their Musketts against us, to the no small feare

of some present, yet did they not prevent our going up to the Altar. After the Service was finished, those present were made Prisoners, and some carried away. We were of those who did remaine at the House. Mr. Evelyn did afterward informe us, that after dinner, to which he was invited to partake, Officers from Whitehall came to examine the Prisoners: they questioned Mr. Evelyn why, contrarie to the ordinance made that the superstitious Celebration of the Nativitie should no longer bee observed, hee durst so offend and bee at Common Praiers, which they called Masse in English; so after much irreverent speaking of this day, and contumeliously treating him, they let him goe, content with making this vaine show of their Authoritie.

1657-8.

My Lord Liste hath fixed to take mee to Whitehall to morrow at noone; hec did as much as in him lay to give mee January 7. Incouragement: felt that the greatest would have beene the more Heartie consent of my Husband to this Course: if so bee it faile, the having followed my owne Judgement in putting the matter to this Issue, will adde to my trouble, but this I humbly hope I am prepared to beare; it seemeth cleare to my minde that we ought not to omitt doing that which on due Consideration and impartially weighing of the subject appeareth to us right, because the Event may hereafter prove us to have misjudged: if wee may not doe Evill that Good may come of it, so wee may not leave undone the Good, because it may end in Evill; else wee should sit downe with our hands before us, and Opportunities of action slide past us, not to bee recalled.

Set forth in a good Degree of outward Composure, and not without an inward Strengthening which did greatly January 8, support mee; neverthelesse, when wee stopped at Thursday. Whitehall, I had much need of my Lord Lisle's arme. When wee entered the roome, the Protector sate at a Table whereon were Papers and Letters. One or two Gentlemen were in attendance, whom hee did dismisse, and then rose. My Lord Lisle spake a few wordes and ledde me towards him: He bowed as I advanced, with the petition held in my hand, and presented it to him; he tooke it, and motioned to mee to be seated. I was faine to obey him through weaknesse, else would it have better pleased mee not to accept even this small Courtesie at his hands. He glanced at the paper and then spake:

The Lord Willoughby doth intreat his Enlargement in a more humble tone it seems, as does better suit his Condition, and doth no longer talke high of Injustice and the like: it is well; He is one who, having set his hand to the Plough, hath turned backe, and concerning such is it not sayd they are accursed? what sayeth the Spirrit to the Laodiceans? For that thou art neither cold nor hot, I will spew thee out of my Mouth. He went on in this manner for some time, and then sayd, I doe perceave my Lord Willoughby giveth us his word that, so hee may bee allowed to go forth for a space, to attend to the needful settlement of his Affaires, he will returne to his Imprisonment. But how expecteth hee to bee believed; Who shall put their trust in such as he? Hereat I spake with some warmth, May I reminde your Highnesse that you speake to the Lord Willoughby's Wife, and ill would it become her to heare such wordes unmoved. I crave your Highnesse's pardon, but meethinks no act of my Lorde doth warrant any Man, much lesse your Highnesse, to doubt his honour. You shall judge yourselfe, Madam, he replied; thereupon hee turned to a Cabinet that was neare to him, and tooke out some Papers; from these hee did select two Letters, one of these hee unfolded and asked mee did I know the writing? I could not denie that I did; there was no signature, and the latter part was in Cyphers. That is not the onely one, he continued, and opened another, and gave it mee, dated but two months backe: His Highnesse did then commence a Discourse, if so it could be called, seeming rather a somewhat confused utterance of his Thoughts; quoting sundrie texts of Scripture, which he did intersperse with talke of Government, High-treason, and so forth: of some men beeing forced against their will, to rule the state, though sorely oppressed by the burthen: this seemingly addressed to other ears than mine; after a while hee paused, and I againe spoke something in this manner, that I did conceeve a Prisoner and one illegally made so, had a full right to use any Means in his power to escape, and to engage his Friends in his behalf. As he replyed not, I further sayd, If your Highnesse

cast your eye backe a few yeares, it would be seene that the Lord Willoughby did show as true concernment for the Libertie of the, Nation, as others who were then striving onely to obtaine this Just tice for the People; That hee beleeveing that howsoever rightcous a Cause might bee, that it would not sanctific un-righteous Meanes, and foreseeing great Evill and Confusion, did stop short in the Worke, was no dishonour to him as a Christian or a Gentleman. As to High Treason, it passeth my poore abilitie to comprehend what doth make High Treason, seeing it changeth sides with the strongest, and is the Crime of the Oppressed resisting the Oppres-I marvell that I spake so boldly. So I arose and sayd, Since Your Highnesse setteth at nought my Lord's word, your Highnesse's answer will bee best transmitted through your Secretarie, a Wife's lippes repeate not words of such indignitie to her Husband, I begge your Highnesse's leave to withdraw. To my surprise he did detain mee, and questioned mee on some indifferent and trifling matters, as it appeared to mee, then of a sudden changed his tone, saying, Who can find a vertuous Woman? her price is far above Rubies, the heart of her Husband doth safely trust in her. Madam, we doe accept my Lord Willoughby's termes, holding his Wife's truth as his hostage, his petition shall be laid before the Councill. So ended the interview, and I hasted to the Tower. It is rumoured that the Protector is greatly desirous that the old Peeres should come to his new House of Lords; hence his wish to conciliate in some Quarters. His lookes are not those of one at ease in his Position, his face was worne and cast-downe, and I observed an anxious manner of listening to any Sound, and once at a sudden movement of my Lord Lisle, he started and looked behind him, seeming as though hee would have put his Hand on the Pistolls which were beside him, but checked himselfe; do compassionate him, as one who hath felt himselfe called to a mightie Worke, the Issues whereof have beene too mightie for his Guidance, and too full of Temptation and Conflict for his Peace. Many do say of him, that never was there a man

of so great Courage and Abilitie to lead others. With power have come Pride and Selfe-exaltation, and these have brought Crueltie, and Injustice: but who am I that I should judge Him, or speake of events above my Knowledge and Place: Let mee be thankfull for the prospect of the speedie Release of my beloved Husband from his long Imprisonment.

Tooke a coach and went to Westminster, and waited at my Kinsman's till a Friend came in from the House, & brought me the comforting Newes that an Order had been pass'd that the Lord Willoughy of Parham Saturday. shall be discharg'd of his imprisonment, upon his Honour, & upon the Engagement in 10 Thousand Pounds of his Friends, that hee shall peaceably demeane himselfe for the future, and shall not join with or have any Correspondence with any Enemies of the Lord Protector &c. Wednesday the 10th of January appointed for the Prisoner to bee brought to the Bar of the House; William Willoughby tooke word to the Tower, the while I went with Fanny to looke for another and more commodious Lodging, that we now have, not being suitable to my Lord. Found one in Queen Street, handsomely furnished and provided, the People of the house civillie inclined.

My deare Life in excellent spirits, and divers of Jan. 12, our Friends came to suppe with us; did, by mutual consent, speake little of either King or Protector, this being so joyfull an occasion.

The House of Commons met this day, as also the new House of Lords; none of the old, save one or two, would Jan. 20, sit with this medley of Persons summoned by the Wednesday. Protector. Even the Earl of Warwick kept out of the way. It is sayd the Protector is greatly cast

downe in private, and is at his Wits' end for Money. Truely, this hath an aire of Royaltie.

Find wee cannot leave *London* at present. Our excellent friend Mr. *Evelyn* hath not been abroad of late, by reason of the illnesse of his Son *Richard*, who hath the Ague; Fanny is in much concerne for him, shee hath oft described him as a Child of rare beautie and endowment.

Jan 28, Arrived a message from Sayes Coart. The poore Thursday. Child died yester-day.

Great sensation caused by the sudden, and most unexpected, dissolving of Parliament, they having sate but a fortnight. The Protector hath mett with vexatious Feb. 5. Opposition in the House of Commons, who take no account of the upper House which hee hath lately raised up; and it is supposed that this, and some private cause of displeasure, and secret information of the Royalists movements, did so worke on him, hee beeing also ill in Health, that in some sudden heat and distemperature, hee hurried to the House, waiting not for his Carriage, but, calling his Guards, tooke a Coach standing neare Whitehall, and so went downe, and sent for the Commons, who adjourning their businesse did follow the Usher into his presence. He accused them of some being leagued with Charles Stuart, and others of disturbing the People with a talke of devising the Common wealth anew, and so falling off from their former advice and petition to him; seeing this to bee the end of their sitting, he did dissolve that Parliament. These particulars I have thought it worth while here to sett downe, as I did hear them given yester-night to my Lord by one present. During the day, many coming and going. Came to dine with us, my Lord Baltimore; a lively discourse was carried on, the conversation turned chiefely to the State of the Colonies, a subject of interest to my Husband; and my Lord Baltimore entered into a particular

relation of the early Settlement of Maryland by his Father, Sir George Calvert, who did consider that entire Libertie of Conscience in matters of Religion, was the true foundation of prosperity and happinesse of a people, & did make laws to this effect: that no one in his Colony should be hindered or molested in the exercise of his Religion. This liberality of sentiment the more commendable in him, that he was a Papist. And so it was that his Colony did flourish exceedingly for some years. late it has fallen into the hands of others, under this present Government, who have excluded all Roman Catholicks from the benefit of the wise and benevolent laws of their Founder, and brought Discord and Strife into the Settlement. So it seemeth the Saviour's words must come to pass, and Men make his Religion of Love a cause of Hatred and Uncharitablenesse. it ever be on Earth that the Tree of Life shall spread forth its branches, and its leaves be for the healing of the Nations?

. My Lord Brereton hath writt to my Husband at the request of his Sonne; the Engagement of the young people hath beene so informally entered into, that we felt . Feb. 15. it to bee our dutie to request some explanation. Mr. Monday. Brereton did unadvisedly yield himselfe to the captivation of our incomparable Daughter, so doth his Father style her, unmindfull of the consequence, and hath by sweet intelligence of Lookes, and more sweet musicke of low dropping Wordes, and interchange of Thought in all deare friendship and pure affection, so tuned her heart to his, that either apart knoweth but a sad monotony, now hee is like one distracted, having but a poore Purse, and neither House nor Land whereon to make claime to our favour; his Father's propertie is involved, as that of so manie other of the King's friends, in the Misfortunes of the times, and my Lord Brereton would confer with my Husband on this matter, and doth propose to call at our lodging to morrow at 10 of the Clocke.

Since the Publication of a Pamphlet, entitled, Killing no Murder,
the Protector hath become so suspicious of treachFeb. 17, erie as is pitiable to heare of. It is say'd he hath
Wednesday. of late made the rounds of the posts at Whitehall in
Person, and doth continually change his sleeping
Roome. He dismissed not long time ago his most faithful Guards
and Officers, and for some while past hath worne Pistolls concealed in his dresse; one that knew his Mother did assure mee
her Death was hastened by her perpetuall feare for his Life, shee
would start at the firing of a musket, and was ill at ease if shee
saw not her Sonne every day, to be certified of his Safetie.

No marvel that He is Conscience-stricken, who hardened his heart to the cries of the Irish people, and was the slayer of thousands, defencelesse men, women and children, men in the Sanctuarie, whither they had fled for safetie; who did cause to be torne from wretched families their young Daughters to sell them by hundreds in the Plantations: & sold for Slaves his fellow Countreymen, whom the chances of Warre left Prisoners in his hand. Neverthelesse Men saye, in his fanatick notions of saving Grace, hee casteth a Cloke over all his Sinnes; the day hath beene that he would have say'd Is thy Servant a Dog that he should doe this thing?

Feb. 27, Mr. Evelyn called: at his departure left with us a Saturday. paper containing a short Memoriall of his little Sonne.

March 3, Died, last moneth, Mr. Rich the Protector's Sonne-Wednesday. in-law.

The Cold continues very sharp, the winde northerly, no hope of Change. One passing neare the little Turne-style

March 4, in Holborn, saw two Boyes of the Priest's Schoole

Thursday. feeding or endeavouring to feed a starved Crow,

which was frozen by the feet to its prey; it flapped its wings feebly now and then, and presently died.

Heare my Lord Winchelsea is about to be maried againe; have reason to thinke it not unlikely and see no Offence

May 15, to us; my poore Daughter left no Children, and the Saturday. Earle did lament her Death as much as was in his nature; and as hee had found Contentment in the maried state, so there may not bee imputed to him Disrespect to her Memorie if hee againe seeke, although it be somewhat hastily, the enlivening Societie and Comfort of a Wife.

My deare Life left London this day, hee having pressing Businesse both at Parham and in Lincolnshire; & it seemed best that I should remaine here.

Some Passages copied from Mr. Evelyn's Memoriall of his Sonne, he having given me permission.

Jan. 27. After six fits of a Quartaine Ague with which it pleased God to visite him, died my deare Sonne Richard, to our inexpressible Griefe and Affliction, 5 yeares and 3 days onely, but at that tender Age a Prodigie for Wit and Understanding; for beautie of bodie a very Angel; for Endowment of Minde, of incredible and rare hopes. To give onely a little taste of some of them and thereby Glorie to God, who out of the mouthes of Babes and Infantes does sometimes perfect his praises; at 2 yeares & a halfe old he could perfectly reade any of the English Latine, French, or Gothic letters, pronouncing the three first Languages exactly. He had before the 5th years, or in that years, not onely skill to reade most written hands, but to decline all the Nounes, conjugate Verbes &c.; began himselfe to write legibly and had a strong passion for Greeke. Strange was his apt and ingenious Application of Fables and Moralls, for he had read Æsop: he had a wonderfull disposition to Mathematicks, having by heart

divers propositions of Euclid that were read to him in play, and he would make Lines and demonstrate them. As to his Pietie, astonishing were his Applications of Scripture upon occasion, and his sense of God: hee had learn'd all his Catechisme early, and understood that part of the Bible & New Testament to a wonder, how Christ came to redeeme Mankind, and how, comprehending these necessaries himselfe, his Godfathers were discharged of their Promise. These and like illuminations far exceeding his Age and Experience, considering the prettinesse of his Addresse and Behaviour, cannot but leave impression in mee at the memorie of him. Often hee would desire those who came to see him, to praie by him, and a yeare before he fell sicke, to kneele and praie alone with him in some corner.

How thankfully would he receive Admonition, how soone be reconciled! how indifferent yet continually cheerefull! He was all life, all prettinesse, far from morose, sullen or childish, in any-The last time hee had beene at Church, I thing hee said or did. asked him according to custome what he remembered of the Ser-Two good things, Father, said hee, bonum gratiæ and bonum gloria. The day before hee died he call'd to me and told mee that for all I loved him so dearly, I should give my House, Land, and all my fine Things to his Brother Jacke, he should have none of them: and next morning, when he found himselfe ill, and that I persuaded him to keepe his hands in bed, he demanded whether hee might praie to God with his hands unjoyned; and a little after, whilst in great agonie, whether hee should not offend God by using his holie Name so often, calling for Ease, earlie Knowledge, so much Pietie and Perfection! But thus God, having dressed up a Saint fit for himself, would not longer permitt him with us, unworthie of the future fruites of this incomparable hopefull Blossome. Such a Child I never saw: for such a Child I blesse God in whose bosome hee is! May I and mine become as this little Child. Thou gavest him to us, Thou hast taken him from us, blessed be the name of the Lord. That I

had anything acceptable to Thee was from Thy grace alone, since from mee he had nothing but sinne, but that thou hast pardoned! blessed be God for ever. Amen.

Mr. Evelyn doth intend to insert some short History of his Sonne in a Booke he is about to print, entituled, Golden Booke of St. Chrysostome, concerning the Education of Children.

May 19, Fanny is Pale, and cast downe; wish I could Wednesday. give her Comfort, but cannot as yet.

Conversation with my Lord Brereton: like him for the kind manner in which hee entereth into his Sonnes difficulties, and his readinesse to make any sacrifice on May 20, his part, esteeming his Sonne most fortunate and Thursday. himselfe honoured by an Alliance with our Familie. Hee and my Lord, after frequent deliberation, do now entertaine the hope that some sort of suitable Provision may bee made, that may tend to the Accomplishment of the Mariage sooner than at first did appeare could bee with prudence. Mr. Brereton received from my Husband a few wordes of Reproofe, not unmerited yet leniently administered, on the Part he had acted, seeing that no Man doth transplant a faire Rose tree from the Garden where it grew, lovingly nourished, and carefully tended, untill he hath first made readie a fitting Shelter.

To day as Mr. Brereton came up to mee to hand me to the Coach, he did expresse in lively terms his sense of May 24, the Favour conferred upon him, and then, respect-fully taking my Hand and pressing it to his Lippes, he did beseech mee to accept his dutifull Affection and to believe that nought could so adde to his already great Happinesse, as to bee a Sonne to mee in the place of him whose un-

timely Losse he knew I did yet mourne; it was kindly sayd, and his young Face spoke more than Wordes.

Parted from my deare Daughter; may the blessing of God be upon her! in his blessing may her house bee blessed.

Aug. 21, And may hee who hath sought from us this presaturday. cious Gift, prove worthie of her! We can ill spare her, as hee will ill deserve her if he bee not faithfull to his Trust; not that I doubt his Concerne for her Happiness, but it needeth much to outweigh the feares that do naturally arise. Time will doubtlesse reconcile mee to my losse.

Have with pleasure observed that Mr. Brereton hath lesse of
Selfe seeking than most men; he has a SingleAug. 23, nesse of Hearte that seeketh first the happinesse
Monday. of Others: also outwardly he hath much to commend him in the Graces of his Person and noble
Carriage; he is a Gentleman of a sweet Disposition, yet altogether manly; his Manners gentle and courteous, yet not deficient in Dignitie; well accomplished and learned, and of excellent Vertue. He is silent, and when hee speaketh it is in few
wordes; yet this not from constraint, or feare of others; free
from all servile desire to please, so hath he no feare of offending
any; nor yet from povertie of thought, but is rather one who
may say,

My Minde to me a Kingdome is, Such perfect Joy therein I find.

Thus I doe endeavour to set forth the Excellencies of this young Man, that in so doing my deare *Child's* gaine may bee advantaged in my eyes, and our losse bee the more cheerefully borne; it seemeth as though faith were weakest for those whom we most love. Gave my sweet *Daughter* a paper containing a feeble attempt to give utterance, to the love and solicitude of manie yeares.

At this time I am not without trouble and that of a sort where with I am well acquainted; my deare *Husband* takes ill the Conditions wherein he is allowed his Libertie: all Parties are scheming and prophecying, and he under a bond to keep quiet, to him at no time an easie matter, is under continual liabilitie of suspition from the Conduct of others who do desire to draw him into their Plots and Devices.

Low in Bodie and Spirrit yet not dismayed. A kind of Apprehensivenesse not usual with mee cometh over

August 24, mee, as I looke at the only Child left mee, as if some

unseene Danger threatened her. Shee, though shee
too hath losse in her Sister's Marriage, seeth no
clowde, and is all gaietie and full of merriment with her young
Kinsfolk.

Since the death of his Daughter, at which time hee lay ill of the Gout, the Protector's Health has failed more and August 25, The Lady Claypole did vainely intreate for Wednesday, the life of Dr. Hewet: she had sate under his Ministrie, and did hold him in great esteeme; the Protector, who had a more than ordinarie affection for his Daughter, was sorely besett, and shee so ill: yet would he not yeeld to her Entreatie, and did onely remit the sentence that he be hanged, &c. and allowed him to be beheaded. This small mercie was likewise extended to Sir Henry Slingsby: the other Prisoners, it may be here mentioned, who were concerned in that Plot, Mr. Russell, Sir William Compton, and others, did escape; my Husband was freed from all suspition of being connected with it, the conditions of his Freedome beeing well knowne; and he had in truth devoted himselfe to his private affaires, which did stand in much need of settlement. The Protector did remaine at Hampton Court, during the last Illnesse of his Daughter, whose sufferings were very great: It was sayd he came oft to her bed side,

performing, as far as his owne paine and sicknesse would permit, the last sad offices, until she was released; smoothing her Pillow, giving her Medicines and Cordials with his own hand; ministering to her Wants, with all gentleness and affection. She deceased the 6th of August. Hee is now very ill; his disease is declared to be a Tertian Ague, and hee is confined to his bed. Some that are well informed, say, that hee hath declared to his Wife and Familie, that he is well assured that hee shall not die at this time.

His Highnesse sicknesse encreaseth; hee was yesterday removed to Whitehall for change of Aire, Thursday. but is no better; an expresse Messenger is sent to his Sonne Henry in Ireland.

The fits of the Ague do so encrease that the report at Whitehall to day, is, that his Highnesse is scarce ever free Aug. 29, from them, the Physitians yet hope hee may struggle through; praiers are dayly put up for him, as one of his Friends was heard to say, Never was there a greater stocke of praiers going for any man than is now going for him.

When my Lord Say left Whitehall this forenoone, the Protector
was at that time delirious. It is supposed that there
Sept. 1, are frequent private Meetings of the King's friends:
Wednesday. they found their chiefe hopes on the Divisions like
to bee in the other partie; some say the succession
is appointed, others that a paper, thought to bee the Protector's
Will, the which hee sent for when at Hampton Court when his
Illnesse did become so formidable, was not to bee found, and so
his Sonnes succession will be disputed. The countrey will be
throwne, it is to be feared, into confusion and strife. May the
Lord have mercie upon this poore people and save us from the

horrors of another warre. My deare *Life* hath ridde up with all speed to *London*.

Mr. Evelyn has just called, my Lord Lisle, Mr. Pepys, and divers others: no one knows what to expect. Mr. Sept. 2, Evelyn had mett a friend in the street, who had Thursday. heard from one who was come from the Palace, and had spoken to a Gentleman just forth the sicke roome, that the Protector was more himselfe: His Highnesse spake to those neare his bed, and called on one of his Chaplaines to reade a text from the Bible that he named, to him, and in a manner very affecting made some Remarke thereon, and afterward did praie devoutly and humbly.

So awfull hath beene this Day, and the last Night, that I feele scarce able to guide the Penne. It is all over, the Sept. 3, Protector is no more; on this Day that he hath ever Friday. considered his fortunate Day. His Highnesse had sunk into a kind of Stupor, after the interval of consciousnesse yesternoone, but revived a little in the night-time, and did utter a few Wordes, saying, God is good, hee will not leave mee.

He was restlesse most part of the night, speaking to himselfe in broken sentences; after, hee appeared unconscious, though still breathing, and so did continue till his Spiritt was released in the afternoone, at 4 of the clock. During the night was there such a Storme as I never remember: People were frighted out of their beds, Houses shooke as they would fall, and the Sound of the wind was terrible to heare: but the dying Man heard it not. Every one that cometh in has to tell of new Disaster: Roofes carried off, Chimnies blowne downe, and great Trees in the Parks torn up by the Roots; manie of the Landen Trees at the Lord Treasurer's in the Strand are broken off.

1662.

Letter from the Lord Willoughby to his Wife.

Deare Heart,

HAVING occasion to send Lydgate into the Countrey on some Businesse of a nature not to be entrusted to Paper, I at the same time make him Bearer of these Lines to my deare Wife, whose tender Heart will suffer in that I have to write. This afternoone was sent out of the World the honestest and noblest Man in it: Sir Harry Vane was beheaded on Tower Hill, notwithstanding that his Majestie had pledged his word to remitt the Sentence, should it be given against him, which it was knowne the Solicitor Generall had resolved: there is a Curse methinks on Kingship; and the Royall Word is ever to be a Mockerie. There was assembled a vast multitude, numbers at Windowes and on the tops of the Houses: as Sir Harry pass'd within the Tower railing, the acclamations of the People were loud, manie crying out, The Lord goe with you, The Lord helpe you. He did make acknowledgement by taking off his Hat at different times: as the Sled was drawne slowly through the crowd, I heard one who stood neere the Sled, say to him, it was the most glorious Seat he had ever sate in; he answered him, It is indeed; one Man who had knowne him in New England, pressed forward to bid God blesse him, the teares on his furrowed Face. As he stood on the Scaffold the multitude were strucke with admiration at his noble presence as hee began to speake to them: but he was presently interrupted by Sir John Robinson, who was there for this intent, and who ordered the Trumpeters to come neare, and sound the Trumpets before his Face, to prevent his being heard, and this was done severall times, and his notes were rudely snatched from his hands as I am credibly informed, but did not see it; the r

were much moved by what he say'd, and it was feared they might be wrought upon in a degree like to be dangerous, if he was permitted to go on with his Discourse. As he knelt downe, one that was neare heard one or two short sentences, such as, I blesse the Lord who hath counted me worthie to suffer for his name. the Lord I have not deserted the righteous Cause for which I suffer. Such, deare Wife, was the end of this good and upright Man. As the people went their way after the fatal Stroke was given, there was much murmuring: they spake one to another of his manifold Vertues, his integritie in Office; while some scrupled not scoffingly to jest on the worth of a Kings Promise, and others, whose garb betokened them of somewhat better Rank than the crowd, did with great warmth enlarge on that Speech of his in the House some while ago, when he did support the Petition of the Royalists, Prisoners sold for Slaves in the Publicke Market at Barbadoes by order of the Protector. His Majestie is blamed by many. I mett Mr. Pepys, who had witnessed the execution, and hee sayd to mee, the King would lose more by this Man's Death than he would get againe for a good while. Tho' of late differing from Sir Harry Vane, there had beene no personall enmitie betweene us, and greatly desiring, in remembrance of our former Friendship, to see him once more, in companie with others of his Friends, I visited him on the morning of his Death. Why, say'd hee, should wee be affrighted with Death? I blesse the Lord I am so farre from being affrighted with Death, that I find it rather shrinke from mee than I from it. Kissing his Children he gave them his Blessing, saying, the Lord would be to them a better Father than he was: told them not to be troubled for him, he was going home to his Father. I have writt these particulars for for your private reading. Farewell, sweete Wife, whom I dearely love, yet would I rather be the dead Sir Harry Vane, than One who must be namelesse.

Willoughby.

Strand,

This 14th day of June 1662.

1663.

Find as I grow older encreasing reluctancy to take up my Penne: it may be that I am lesse moved than formerly by publick Events and circumstances, and more disposed to wait for the end, wherein if we patiently wait, will be made manifest the purposes of the Divine Government; also I am led to believe that is safer for mee to looke to present duties without looking backeward or forward, which doth ofttimes distract the Minde or overweigh the spirit with more care or trouble than doth of right belong to the time being. by chance out of my Writing Drawer this little booke in which are inscribed many Passages of my past Life and Experiences, I did open it and read some; and seeing that for nigh four Yeares nothing hath beene added thereto, for the sake of my deare Daughters, who hereafter may not unlikely peruse this Memoriall of their Mother, I will endeavour shortly to fill up the space to this time, and this under some degree of solemn feeling that when these wordes are read by them I shall be no more in this Life, but have passed to Judgement. And here it seemeth to mee, not out of Season to exhort you, my beloved Children, to remember, that such as ye are made by the discipline of Time, such ye will be when Death opens the Doore and ye passe into Eternity. During these few Yeares great changes have been wrought in Publick The sudden Death of the late Protector was followed by anarchie and confusion; his Sonne was speedily and quietly set aside: the Republican Partie were for a while uppermost, and they re-called the old Members, who had been excluded from the House of Commons, and strove to build up a similitude of the old notion of a Commonwealth, but there was Division and Weak-

nesse: some abandoned the scheme, and imagined to bring back the Monarchie under restrictions that should so limit the prerogative of the Crown, as to keepe a just Ballance, and since it was sayed, so many were for a King, why should it not bee the rightfull Heir to the Throne? Others sayed, they objected not to a King, but would not have a Catholicke, which would bee to perill the reformed Religion and the Libertie for which they had fought and striven: my deare Husband did mostly agree with those who would restore the exiled Monarch, and did privately conferre with Sir Balstrode Whitelocke, General Fleetwood, and a few others. But whether they moved too slowly, or differed in opinion how to act, I know not: Whitelocke was threatened with imprisonment, and betooke himselfe to the Countrey, to be out of the way, leaveing the Great Seale with his Wife, to be delivered to the Speaker. So it was for a time, that the Nation might be sayd to have no Government. My Lord, when he did perceive that nothing was to be done in that direction, joyned the Royalists and did supply them with Money to buy Arms. Then it was agreed that a Rising should be on a day fixed in July; it was in the yeare 1659. My Husband, in conjunction with Sir Horatio Townsend, was to take possession of Lyn; Sir George Booth issued a Proclamation in the North, calling upon the People to aid in forming a settled Government, yet not nameing the King; but it appeared that the Plott had beene discovered, a letter of the Lady Mary Howard was intercepted, and she was arrested; and presently my Husband, Sir George Booth, Sir William Compton, also I thinke the Earle of Stamford, Collonel Rossiter, were all taken. and sent to the Tower. I heard one say afterward, that the Lord Willoughby did make very Merrie as he once more entered his former abode. It is farre beyond my poore Abilitie to set downe the state of the Countrie and different Parts taken by those severally concerned; I believe manie were sore discomforted and under great discouragement and had no hearte to stirre in the confused state of Affaires, the *Parliament* and the *Armie* were at continuall strife, and each divided within itselfe.

So at last the Armie in the north with Generall Monck, he now Duke of Albermarle, at their head came to London. Some sayd he was for raising himselfe to be Protector, Aug. 24, others that he was for the King. General Lambert Monday. was sent to the Tower. And here I may stop to mention that by meanes of a long Rope, he, like the Apostle, let himselfe downe the Wall at some height, and was received into a boate underneath the windore, whereat he got out; but hee, poore Man, not content to lie concealed, was shortly re-taken and brought back to Prison. Generall Monck appeared at the first to seek the favor of Parliament, and did yield himselfe to the bidding of the Leaders; then some act did dis-please the Citie, and he turned that way: in time the Truth came out, that he was secretly at worke for the King. They who did beare rule in the House of Commons, did now cause Sir Harry Vane to bee put under Arrest, and kept in durance at Belleau, his house in Lincolnshire. The same were well disposed to some others, so were set at Libertie my deare Husband after a short Captivitie, Sir George Booth, and their Friends. The end came at last of this mis-rule and disturbed course, a Messenger arrived from Breda, who appeared at the doore of the House and did make request to speake to the Lord General, to whom he presented a letter, which no doubt was expected by Monck. Afterward he was called in, and did then deliver up Letters addressed to the two Houses, and also a Paper which did contain the promise of a free and generall Pardon, & Libertie of Conscience in Religion. Then it was moved that a Letter should be writt inviting the King to returne, likewise a present of Money for himselfe and his Brother, greatly needed. Some, more prudent than others, would have stayed these hasty Proceedings, in order to stipulate certaine conditions, but the Lord Generall did over-rule the matter, saying, it would be time enough afterward: which haste was to be repented of, as doth now unhappily appeare, men hurried to the Overthrow of their own Worke.

In a little while the King entered London amid great rejoycings, and acclamations of the People.

It needeth not to particularize more, neither may it be altogether expedient: Persecutions, Imprisonment, and Death are on all sides, on the score of Religion, no lesse than of Revenge for the death of the late King. The Execution of Sir Harry Vane strucke to the heart of his Friends, and was condemned by his Enemies. A yeare ago, or thereabout, his Majestie married the Infanta of Portugal, who hath her Confessor and Private Chappel, where the Masse is celebrated.

To leave publick affaires—Our excellent friend Mr. Evelyn is much noticed at Court; he is well pleased that his August 26, Majestie hath given his Countenance to the Society Wednesday. which he and Mr. Robert Boyle, and other learned and ingenious men, so long ago devised and assembled together. Also he hath receaved prayse and commendation of his Booke entituled, Sylva, or a discourse on Trees, from the King himself as well as others.

Have lately given in marriage our beloved Daughter Elizabeth to Mr. Jones, the eldest Sonne of my Lord Ranelagh. Doe live in much Retirement; having a naturall inclination for Solitude, it pleaseth me well: but my deare Husband hath but little aptitude for a quiett life, and doth speake of again visiting Barbadoes and Antigua, and this with more seriousnesse of purpose since he hath heard from his friends that his Majestie would likely make him Governor of the Islands.

Lady Ranelagh is the deare and much esteemed Friend of Mr. Evelyn and his Wife, and Sister to Mr. Robert Boyle, who hath for her a more than common affection, and hath had a Picture of her painted in Oyle. I thought not so soone to be called upon to give

up the last Lamb of my little flock, whom I would faine have kept by my side yet a little while, and this not for my own sake alone. She may I feare mee have to live in *Ireland*, and hath beene somewhat too delicately nurtured to beare the Hardships that shee may have to encounter, yet hath shee a Sprightlinesse and Vivacitie of disposition not prone to magnifie Trouble, and still lesse to seeke it; and so farre is fitted to take Life bravely. Oft I have thought her most like unto a little merrie Bird, and now shee too is gone from mee. How greatly have I been favoured in my Children, "pretie playfellows" in my youth, dutiful Daughters, and deare Companions, the joy and comfort of my advancing years. The house would be emptie and silent were it not for the sound of little footsteppes of more than one Grandchild and the happie voices of their Parents.

Wearied and somewhat sad at heart, I lay'd down my penne yesterday, and shortly afterward was sent for to give August 27, some helpe to one of our poore Neighbours. Lesson came not amisse, and the word of the Disciple to the blind Man, came to my remembrance, Be of good Comfort, arise, hee calleth thee. There was still Worke for mee to doe: beleave we doe not sufficiently take Comfort in this, that it is He who calleth us; howsoever small may appeare the Dutie, or lowly the Service. Late in the afternoone as I sate in the windore at the east end of the long Gallerie, there fell a heavy shower of Rain; on a sudden the Sun shone out brightly, and above the wood opposite, a Rainebow reaching acrosse to the upland field of corn sheaves; it did remind mee of my beloved Mother, of her readinesse to draw forth the sacred Teaching contained in the great Booke of Nature, and I remembered the Day when wee stood together at that same windore, and I was very sorrowfull, and there did appeare to us then as now, the manie coloured Rainebow midst the falling drops, she looked wistfully at my sad countenance as shee say'd, Deare Child, this beautifull

Emblem as it is made visible to us onely in the falling Raine, so is it not in the visitations of Sorrow that the Heart is gladdened by the sweetest tokens of God's Love? Sorrow from His Hand hath ever Sweetnesse mingled therewith, it melteth the Heart, which doth more readily yeeld itself to the Divine Will, to be as clay in the hands of the Potter. Thus, or in like wordes, shee spake. How great have been my priviledges, much hath beene given, much will be required.

It hath beene permitted mee to feele as yeares increase, Faith strengthened, spirituall Perceptions quickened, and spirituall Discernment enlarged; praised be *God*, in whom is all fulnesse of knowledge, Grace, and Truth.

Busied this forenoone in ordering some Changes in the Household: looked on the Linnen and made out a List of Aug. 29, some that could bee spared for my daughter Brere-Saturday. ton; in the toppe of the Linnen Chest found one or two of mv first Babie-cloathes strewed with Lavender, carefully pinned up and put away by poore old Nurse; tooke up the lace cap, the two who had worne it first, my little Sonne my precious William, and my beloved daughter Diana, both taken. Can I now say It is well? all things visible will pass away, but the unseene will remaine, so if the heart loveth these, its Treasures are safe in Heaven. When evening came I walked forth; the Sunne had gone down behind Framlingham, leaving a bright golden edge upon the narrow ridge of darke cloud; the Aire was soft and the Gillo-flowers on the low wall gave out a pleasant perfume as I passed; stopped and pluckt some of the pale yellow Flowers as I thought of the day whereon my three little Maidens brought the young plants from the Castle, and planted them here, the while I stood bye looking at their happie faces; now one is not, and the others are farre from mee. As I walked up and down the Terrace saw the Rookes as they slowly winged their way over head to their nests and young broods;

how small a thing maketh the full cup to overflow, the tears rose to my eyes, my home was deserted. As it became darker the Starres, which did at first show but dimly, were now bright and sparkling; There was scarce a sound, the Birds were all silent, save the Corn Crake, which uttered its harsh note afarre off; a Bat flitted past, neare to my face, the shapes of things became indistinct, and no shadow marked the houre on the Sunne-Dial: a little gust of wind rose, and stirred the tops of the Trees. The stillnesse of all around was very solemn; a sweete feeling that could not be uttered of lowly Thanksgiving and Love spread over my Heart. The Lord was very gratious unto mee; it was a season of inward Peace, as of outward Silence and Beauty, and my Heart was stirred as the trees of the Wood are moved by the Wind.

Came into the House, and seeing the Sand-glasse that I had turned at Sunne-sett that it was runne out, the Prayer arose that so my Life might runne its course, and gently cease.

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